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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The Daily and Weekly Commercial.—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

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FIRST EDITION.

IN MEMORIAM.

Unveiling the Lincoln Statue at Springfield, Ills.

The Dedication Ceremonies---Eloquent Address by Gov. Oglesby.

President Grant's Eulogy of Lincoln.

THE ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., October 15.—The Society of the Army of the Tennessee assembled this morning and selected Des Moines, Iowa, for the next meeting, which is to be held September 29th and 30th, 1875. General Thomas C. Fletcher, of Maine, was elected orator. The Society then adjourned to participate in the ceremonies of unveiling the Lincoln statue at Oak Ridge Cemetery.

THE PROCESSION TO THE CEMETERY.

The procession began to form at eleven o'clock, Governor Beveridge acting as Grand Marshal. President Grant with Secretary Belknap occupied a carriage at the head of the procession, preceded by the military band from Newport Barracks, and escorted by the Governors' Guard, a military organization of this city, as a guard of honor. Next came Rev. Dr. Hale, an old friend of President Lincoln, and Bishop Wayman, colored, and in other carriages rode Vice President Wilson, Fowell Buxton, M. P., and W. G. Forster, M. P., of England; Generals McDowell and Custar, and Hon. J. K. Dubois with Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Beveridge. General Sherman marched on foot at the head of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, and following was a long array of military and civic societies.

Next to the carriages containing members of the Lincoln Monument Association came the carriage in which were Robert T. Lincoln, the only surviving son of the deceased President, Mrs. L. L. Smith, sister of Mrs. Lincoln, and other relatives. Mrs. Lincoln was unable to be present as she is quite ill at her residence in Chicago. Among the notable persons present were ex-Secretary Borie and ex-Governor Noyes, of Ohio; General John Pope, General McDowell, General Grierson, General Walcott, General Eakin, with many others.

THE CEREMONIES AT THE GRAVE.

The procession arrived at the cemetery at one o'clock. Not less than twenty-five thousand persons were present. After the playing of the Dead March by the band, Bishop Wayman made a fervent and eloquent prayer, and a choir of singers chanted "With malice toward none, with charity for all." Hon. Jesse K. Dubois then read a historical sketch of the Lincoln Monument Association and the result of its labors, concluding as follows: "By the liberal contributions of a grateful nation, we have been enabled to provide a suitable place for the remains of one of the wisest and purest men known to our national history. There may they rest in peace."

THE ORATION OF GOVERNOR OGLESBY.

The oration of Governor Oglesby was next delivered. It was an eloquent tribute to the memory of the dead President, giving a faithful sketch of his public life and services to the country, noting the most striking events of his administration of the affairs of the nation, concluding as follows:

"If history shall become ungrateful, and moral obligations cease to respond to the call of justice and patriotism in that race to which he was born, his fame will still be safe. Another race of four millions with their countless descents of free-born children, holding his memory in precious reverence, will sing anthems of praise and gratitude to his name forever.

"The commencement of his second term as President of the United States, and the close of the rebellion, came closely together. I do not know that the time or place is fitting for an examination of the course likely to have been taken by him upon questions of what is now known as reconstruction. It is safe to say from the great hold he had upon the hearts of the people and their immovable confidence in him, a confidence perhaps enjoyed by no President from Washington down to his own time, any plan maturely considered and put forward by President Lincoln would have met with favor, and it is probable would have been adopted by the people. He was a merciful and forgiving man; he promptly ratified the generous terms of surrender dictated to the armies of the rebellion by his humane and victorious Generals; his proclamation of pardon and amnesty of December, 1863, granted with restoration of all property rights, the right to vote to all, with certain specified exceptions as to classes who had been in rebellion and would subscribe to an oath to support the Constitution of the United States and the Union thereunder, and faithfully abide by and support all acts of Congress and proclamations of the President having reference to slaves. This, it must be remembered, was during the war; but now that peace had come by surrender and not by compromise, as in 1861, actual rebellion had released him from the policy of leaving slavery to the States, and in time allowed him to move forward to emancipation, so in 1865 compulsory submission would have released him from the terms proposed in 1863, and permitted him to move forward to higher and broader grounds. In addition to the great facts that the circumstances of the white and colored population had at the close of the war entirely changed, and the glimpses on several occasions given of the purpose on his part to favor a most enlightened and liberal policy as to all, so as to reunite the country upon a just and enduring basis, stood the great fact that in 1861, he had said that he had rather be assassinated than surrender the sentiment in the Declaration of Independence, that all men are created equal. It is not likely at the close of the contest in which that principle had been saved, and for the first time applied to the whole country, he would have favored any plan which would deny to either those who had laid down their arms against the Government, or those who had used them in its preservation, the fullest right implied and covered by the broad declaration that all men are equal.

"Who shall forget that memorable scene in the city of Richmond, which ought to be cherished and perpetuated forever as a part of the history of the closing days of the unhappy strife, where the great and good man, his heart swelling with modest pride, leading his little son by the hand through the deserted streets of the once proud capital of treason, and beholding once more the flag of his country, in the place of a strange and usurping one, restored to its rightful dominion over an undivided Union, grateful to Almighty God that in his own good time peace had returned to a sorrowing and divided people, cheered and animated by the hope of a long future of prosperity and happiness to the country, gave assurance to the scattered and remaining few of those who were but yesterday in arms against that flag, as they eagerly gathered about him, offered forgiveness and an early restoration to all their rights in the old Government, and to the humble and long oppressed, rescued from a servitude dishonorable alike to humanity and to that flag of freedom, citizenship in the great republic forever? Who shall measure the usefulness of the life of such a man, and who shall hope to do his memory justice in the course of time to come? What matter whether a republic grounded on the immovable foundations of justice and freedom is approved after long experience of human happiness, as the best form of human government still standing, or whether a republic torn into factions and rent by the mad ambition of men is in ruins? This monument, an enduring testimonial to the humble life, the glorious deeds and the shining example of the great citizen and martyr, will stand for the illumination of all men of every clime, nationality and condition, who, in search of the highest aims and loftiest purposes of life, shall come to this fountain for inspiration and hope. Here the humble may take new courage, the proud learn humility, the ambitious that the true way to greatness lies through industry, integrity and patriotism, and all men that only the truly good can be truly great. In no other country under the sun could the obscure boy have found his way through the long succession of mysterious and grave events to such eminence and power. And where and in what land can one be found who wielded power with such grace, humanity and wisdom? The living assign him his proper place in the affections of all men. Posterity, profoundly moved by the simplicity of his private life, elevated and enlightened by the purity and splendor of his administration and public service, cannot fail to fix his place among those who shall rank highest in their veneration. He has gone to the firmament of Washington, and a new light shines down upon his beloved countrymen from the American constellation."

UNVEILING THE STATUE.

The choir then sang, "Rest, Spirit," and at the conclusion two Sisters of Charity, seated on either side of the statue, rose and amid breathless silence raised the red, white and blue drapery from the marble form.

President Edwards, of the Normal University, then read a poem written for the occasion by Joseph Judson Lord. The bands again played an appropriate air, when loud calls being made for President Grant, he stepped forward amid enthusiastic applause and spoke as follows:

PRESIDENT GRANT'S REMARKS.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen—On an occasion like the present, it is a duty on my part to bear testimony to the great and good qualities of the patriotic man whose earthly remains now rest beneath this dedicated monument. It was not my fortune to make the personal acquaintance of Mr. Lincoln till the beginning of the last year of the great struggle for national existence. During those years of doubting and despondency among the many patriotic men of the country, Abraham Lincoln never for a moment doubted the final result of peace, union and freedom to every race in this broad land. His faith in an all-wise Providence directing our arms to this final result, was the faith of the Christian that his Redeemer liveth. Amidst obliquy, personal abuse and hate undisguised, and which was given vent to without restraint through the press, upon the stump and in private circles, he remained the same staunch, unyielding servant of the people, never exhibiting revengeful feeling toward his traducers; but he rather pitied them and hoped for their own sake and the good name of their posterity that they might desist. For a single moment it did not occur to him that the man—not Lincoln—was being assailed, but that a treasonable spirit, one uniting to destroy the freest government the sun ever shone on, was giving vent to itself on him, as the Chief Executive of the nation, only because he was such Executive. As a lawyer in your midst he would have avoided all this slander, for his life was a pure and simple one, and he no doubt would have been a much happier man. But who can tell what might have been the fate of the nation but for the pure, unselfish and wise administration of a Lincoln. From March, 1864, to the day when the hand of the assassin opened a grave for Mr. Lincoln, then President of the United States, my personal relations with him were as close and intimate as the nature of our respective duties would permit. To know him personally was to love and respect him, for his great qualities of head and heart, and for his patience and patriotism. With all his disappointments from failures on the part of those to whom he had entrusted command, and treachery on the part of those who had gained his confidence but to betray it, I never heard him utter a complaint nor cast any censure for bad conduct or bad faith. It was his nature to find excuses for his adversaries. In his death the nation lost its greatest head; in his death the South lost its most just friend."

THE CONCLUDING EXERCISES.

Ex-Vice President Colfax, who was discovered on the platform by the crowd, was loudly called for and finally forced to speak, and in some very eloquent and feeling remarks, paid his tribute of love and respect to the honored dead. Remarks were also made by General Sherman, Vice President Wilson and General U. F. Linder, after which the doxology was sung, the benediction pronounced and the vast assemblage finally dispersed.

THE ELECTIONS.

OHIO.

COLUMBUS, October 15.—The election returns are sufficiently full to make sure the election of the following Congressmen: First district, Milton Saylor, Democrat; Second district, Henry B. Banning, Democrat; Third district, J. A. Savage, Democrat; Fourth district, J. A. McMahon, Democrat; Fifth district, A. V. Rice, Democrat; Sixth district, Frank Hurd, Democrat; Seventh district, L. T. Neal, Democrat; Eighth district, William Lawrence, Republican; Ninth district, E. F. Poppleton; Democrat; Tenth district, Charles Foster, Republican; Eleventh district, J. L. Vance, Democrat; Twelfth district, A. T. Walling, Democrat, and to fill vacancy, A. E. Finck, Democrat; Thirteenth district, Milton J. Southard, Democrat; Fourteenth district, —— Cowan, Democrat; Fifteenth district, N. H. Van Vorhes, Republican; Sixteenth district, Lorenzo Danford, Republican; Seventeenth district, L. D. Woodworth, Republican; Eighteenth district, James Monroe, Republican; Nineteenth district, James A. Garfield, Republican; Twentieth district, Henry B. Payne, Democrat. The delegation will therefore stand: Democrats 13, Republicans 7.

COLUMBUS, O., October 15.—At the Democratic headquarters up to 11 P. M., official and unofficial returns have been received from seventy-eight counties which show a net Democratic gain over last year of 17,012. This leaves ten counties yet to hear from. Granting that these counties have given the same majorities as last year, the Democratic majority in the State will be about 18,000. It is thought, however, that official returns will swell the majority to 20,000. In the thirteen Congressional districts which have gone Democratic, the majority is about 34,000. In the seven districts which have gone Republican the majority is 8,000. This leaves a Democratic majority in the twenty districts of 26,000.

WEST VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, W. VA., October 15.—Returns as received up to this hour indicate the probable election of Wilson, the Democratic candidate for Congressman in the First district of this State, over Goff, Republican, by about one hundred majority.

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., October 15.—Official returns show that the Democratic State ticket runs even with the Constitution. The Democrats estimate from the returns already in that 105,000 votes were cast, the largest ever polled in the State, and that the Constitution and the Democratic State ticket received 90,000 votes to 15,000 against, thus giving the Constitution 75,000 majority. In Lee county the entire colored Republican element voted for the Constitution; in Phillips, there were about 700 colored votes for the Constitution, and in Pulaski about 300. It is estimated that from 8,000 to 10,000 Republicans voted for the Constitution. The vote is full all over the State.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 15.—The official returns received to-day change the result given last night in the First, Eighth and Ninth Congressional districts. In the First district, B. S. Fuller, Democrat, is elected over Heilman by about 400 majority; Eighth district, Morton C. Hunter, Republican, and present member of Congress, is reelected by 168 majority; Ninth district, T. J. Casson, Republican, and present member, has 361 majority, with one precinct in Lafayette to hear from, which will increase his majority. In the Seventh, the Indianapolis district, Frank Landers, Democrat, has a majority of 565. The delegation will stand eight Democrats to five Republicans, a Democratic gain of five members. The official vote in twenty-seven counties gives the Democrats a net gain on the State ticket, as compared with the vote for Governor in 1872, of 4,753. The majority in the State will reach 15,000. From the best estimates that can be made to-night, the Legislature will stand as follows: Senators holding over, 16 Republicans, 8 Democrats; elected, 8 Republicans, 12 Democrats, 3 Independents, 3 doubtful. In the House, 51 Democrats, 40 Republicans and 9 Independents. In this city and county the entire Democratic ticket is elected by majorities ranging from 100 to 1,302.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Murder in Nebraska.

OMAHA, NEB., October 15.—Private information received to-day from Fairburg, Jefferson county, Nebraska, states that on Sunday last the body of R. D. Whittaker was found on the Blue river below the mouth of the Sandy. The Sheriff of Jefferson county investigated the matter and found the murderer in person, named Prewett, who has been arrested. The murder was committed for a watch and one hundred dollars in greenbacks.

Suicide at Mt. Vernon.

COLUMBUS, O., October 15.—Word has been received from Mt. Vernon that Thomas Agnew, a drayman, who disappeared from this city several days ago, committed suicide by hanging at that place last night. Agnew had been very dissipated for some time.

Incendiary Attempt at Quebec.

QUEBEC, October 15.—An attempt was made yesterday to fire the Government emigrant shed at this place. A large lump of waste saturated in coal oil was discovered blazing on the floor, in close proximity to the wooden wall of the ticket office, which had already caught fire. There were a number of emigrants sleeping directly above where the lighted waste was thrown.

FIRE RECORD.

The fire at Washington Court House, on Wednesday night, destroyed the Odd Fellows' Temple, consisting of their hall, Glancey's shoe store, Vandeman's grocery, the Postoffice, and some small frames adjoining were also burned. Loss $20,000; one-third insured.

Inducements for Cash.

Twenty-five cents per barrel on *Flour* and one per cent. discount on *Sugars, Roast Coffees, Syrups, Tobaccos, Cheese*, and all kinds of *Groceries*, if paid within ten days from date of bills, at the *Checkered Front*. T. C. Jenkins.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

England.

A ROYAL BIRTH.

LONDON, October 15.—The Duchess of Edinburgh has been delivered of a son.

ENGLAND AND ROME.

A London special states that the English Government will withdraw its diplomatic representative from Rome.

THE BANK RATE RAISED.

The Bank of England has fixed the rate of discount at four per cent.

CONFERENCE PROPOSED.

LONDON, October 16.—The *Standard's* Paris correspondent telegraphs that he hears that Austria and Italy propose a conference of the powers to consider the Spanish note to France, in the same manner that the Luxemburg question was treated.

France.

MILITARY CONSULTATION.

LONDON, October 15.—A Paris special states that Generals Chansey and Bourbaki have been summoned to consult with President MacMahon, it is supposed, to prepare for possible contingencies which may arise from the note of the Spanish Government relative to the conduct of France in favor of the Carlists.

MEETING OF THE ASSEMBLY COMMISSION.

PARIS, October 15.—A meeting of the permanent commission of the Assembly was held to-day. M. De Mahy, Radical, demanded that the Prefect of Nice be dismissed from office, because he favored the movement for the separation of Nice from France, and its restoration to Italy. The Deputies of the Right submitted an interpellation in regard to the withdrawal of the man-of-war Orinoque from the Italian coast.

The Duke de Cazes, Minister of Foreign Affairs, stated that the last Spanish note had caused an excitement in the press and elsewhere which was to be regretted. But the incident was far from possessing the grave character given to it. A full investigation would only render the honesty and sincerity of France towards Spain more manifest. M. Boullier de Branche, of the Extreme Right, uttered a protest against the recall of the Orinoque as a proceeding opposed to the dignity as well as interests of France. The Duke de Cazes replied that the Pope had neither complained nor in any way blamed the French Government. The foreign policy of France now was similar to that under Thiers' administration. He deprecated the discussion of foreign relations as inopportune. M. Chauband La Tour, Minister of the Interior, in reply to a question, stated that the Government held itself neutral in the elections in Nice. M. Picart gave notice that the Republicans, on the meeting of the Assembly, would introduce an interpellation with a view to taking the judgment of the House on the systematic violation by the Government of the liberties of electors and of the press.

ANOTHER POLITICAL DUEL.

M. Georges Penn, a Radical deputy of the Assembly, fought a duel to-day with M. Gregori, editor of a Bonapartist journal. Both were slightly wounded.

THIERS MAKING TROUBLE.

Le Soir says the Italian Government is uneasy over the violent attacks made by ex-President Thiers upon the MacMahon Government, and has notified him that his stay in Italy is calculated to disturb the harmony of its relations with France.

Germany.

PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY PROPOSED.

BERLIN, October 15.—The Government is considering a proposition for the creation of a Provincial Assembly in Alsace and Lorraine.

THE VON ARNIM CASE AND THE HIGHER COURT.

LONDON, October 15.—The Berlin correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* writes that it is generally believed that the higher court to which the case will be appealed, will take a more favorable view of Von Arnim's offense than the lower court.

Turkey.

THE JEWS AND COMMERCIAL TREATIES.

VIENNA, October 16.—The Italian Consul at Bucharest has refused to open negotiations for a commercial treaty while the Jews in Roumania are deprived of their civil rights. The American Consul, Mr. Peixotto, has taken the same stand.

South America.

THE INSURRECTION IN BUENOS AYRES.

RIO JANEIRO, October 15.—Dispatches from Montevideo state that Avellaneda has been installed President of the Argentine Republic, and that the Government seizes all telegrams received at Buenos Ayres.

Advices from Buenos Ayres of the 12th inst. reached here to-day. The insurrectionists under Lopez Jordan are making progress in the province of Eentre Pios. Dr. Avellaneda has issued a manifesto in which he claims the support of all law-abiding citizens in his efforts to crush the rebellion. Public opinion runs strongly against Avellaneda, and there is disaffection in the army, troops in some places shouting "Viva Mitre." General Rocca telegraphs to the Government from the North that he has defeated the insurgents, but was unable to follow them, because his men were not provided with horses. The Government of the Argentine Confederation has sent a request to the Government of Brazil for the detention of the rebel gunboat Parana, now at Rio Grande.

Dispatches from Buenos Ayres of yesterday's date are received. A new Cabinet has been formed. General Mitre is near Buenos Ayres with 10,000 men. Great anxiety prevails. A revolt of the Government troops in favor of Mitre is apprehended.

Marine News.

LONDON, October 15.—The British ship Kingsbridge, from this port for Sydney, came into collision in the British Channel with the ship Candahar, and was sunk. Eleven of the crew of the Kingsbridge were drowned.

LIVERPOOL, October 15.—The steamship Prussian, from Quebec, has arrived out.

European Markets.

LONDON, October 15, 5 P. M.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £30,000. The bullion in the Bank of England increased £573,000. Proportion of Bank reserve to liabilities 35¼ per cent. Rate for money at the Stock Exchange on Government securities 2 per cent. Consols for money 92⅝@92¾; for account 92¾@92⅞. United States bonds—5-20's, 1865, 108¼; do, 1867, 109¾; 10-40's, 103¾; new 5's, 103½, ex coupon. New York Central, 99; Erie, 25¼; do preferred, 44. Tallow 43s 3d@43s 6d.

PARIS, October 15.—The specie in the Bank of France decreased 3,898,000 francs. Rentes 61 francs 97½ centimes.

LIVERPOOL, October 15.—Cotton steady; middling upland 8d; Orleans 8⅜d. Sales of 15,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export and 7,900 American. Breadstuffs quiet. Lard 63s 6d.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-day.—For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, falling barometer, southerly winds, warmer and cloudy weather and rain. For the Lower Lakes, falling barometer, southeasterly winds, warmer and cloudy weather. For the Middle States and New England, diminishing pressure, southerly and southwesterly winds, warmer and partly cloudy weather, with possibly rain in the evening in West Virginia.

Memphis inaugurated its Exposition yesterday by a grand procession.

Reports from Memphis are that the late frosts have injured the growing cotton very seriously.

Base Ball—At New York, Mutuals 4, Hartfords 3. At Philadelphia, Bostons 8, Philadelphias 4.

The country will be pleased to learn that the Henderson, Kentucky, races were largely attended yesterday.

The steamships Minnesota, from Liverpool; Minister Roon, from Bremen, and Cambria, from Hamburg, have arrived at New York.

Sir Edward Thornton, the British Minister, and Lords Caithness and Bosthwick, arrived at New York yesterday, on the steamer Bothnia.

The steamship Australian, with a large and valuable cargo of cotton and tallow, consigned direct to Liverpool, left Galveston, Texas, Yesterday.

A Liverpool dispatch states that Emily Seldane, with forty members of the English Opera Bouffe Company, have sailed for the United States.

James Chamberlain, an employe at the yards of the Pan Handle Railroad in Columbus, accidentally shot himself with a revolver Wednesday night, while changing it from one pocket to another, and died last night.

Marchette's opera of Ruy Blas was performed by the Strakosch troupe Wednesday night, for the first time in America. The principal artists were frequently called before the curtain. The opera was most favorably received.

Judge Treat, of the United States District Court at St. Louis, yesterday refused to grant Mrs. F. B. Conway an injunction to restrain Horace Lingard from playing "Led Astray," on the ground that it being a translation, it cannot be copyrighted.

The *Freeman's Journal* insists the statements relative to the cession of Porto Rico to Germany were founded on truthful information, obtained from a Spanish official, and it questions the validity of the alleged letter of Admiral Polo denying the first statement.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Washington Views of the Western Elections.

The Removal of Army Headquarters only Temporary.

THE LAW ON OFFICIAL PRESENTATIONS.

Panic in the Patent Office

GENERAL NEWS FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 15, 1874.

Opinion on the Western Elections.

The result of the Western elections is not looked upon in the best informed Republican circles as discouraging as would seem to be thought. Ohio and Indiana Republicans both say that the local issues in their States were the main causes of the Republican defeats, and that on national issues the two States would be side by side in the Republican ranks. It is known here now that the Democratic leaders are now determined to strain every nerve in the hope of carrying New York and Pennsylvania.

The Army Headquarters Removal.

There has been some talk of a probability that the removal of the army headquarters to St. Louis will only be a temporary affair, although General Sherman has sold his house in Washington and made all his arrangements for a permanent residence in the West. The entire feeling in official circles here is against the transfer. Nearly all the members of Congress who have been in the city have expressed their disapprobation of the removal. It is certain that a motion will be made when Congress convenes to bring back the headquarters to this city. General Sherman, however, is very popular, and his friends thinks he had good reason for his desire to change his quarters. It is impossible therefore to predict the result.

Secretary Appointed to the Steam Boiler Board.

The Secretary of the Treasury at the request of Prof. Winlock, the Chairman, has appointed G. W. Taylor, of the Steamboat Inspection Service, in addition to his present duties, to perform those required of a secretary to the Commission, to make the necessary experiments to guard against the causes of steam boiler explosions.

A Presentation and a Panic.

General Leggett, who retires shortly from the office of Commissioner of Patents, was presented a few days since, by some of the employees of his office, with a handsome tea-set. Quite a panic was created to-day by the discovery that under a law of Congress the presentation of gifts from Government employees to their superiors in office is forbidden, and the penalty of dismissal from office prescribed for a violation of the law. As nearly a hundred employees participated in the presentation, the excitement among them is quite lively. The acting Secretary of the Interior, General Cowen, it is said, is determined to enforce the law.

CHICAGO.

THE RAILROAD CONVENTION.

CHICAGO, October 15.—The Western Railroad Commissioners, with the railroad magnates and officers of various lines, whose arrival here was announced in last night's dispatch, were in consultation again to-day and this evening. The result of the conference was the adoption of the proposition reported yesterday. The Commissioners notified the general ticket agents that the rule charging extra for all baggage over one hundred pounds to each passenger must be strictly enforced, the extra charge to be fifteen per cent. of first class passenger fare for the distance traveled. It was agreed that the rule abolishing the payment of commissions to outside ticket agents should go into effect November 1st. The Commissioners also agreed that hereafter no road would accept tickets sold by steamship companies over their lines for less than the full rate of fare. The general freight agents adopted a classification of freights to go into effect November 25th.

It has transpired that none of the Western or Northwestern roads, that is, roads running west or northwest of Chicago, would enter into the agreement made by the meeting of railway managers held in New York on the first instant, and this determination they still adhere to. All roads running east from here, except the Grand Trunk, have entered into the arrangement and strong efforts are being made to induce the officers of that road to reconsider their decision in the matter, but so far without effect.

THE WOMAN'S CONGRESS.

In the afternoon session of the Woman's Congress, a letter was read from Miss Caroline M. Johnson, of Geneva, Switzerland, expressing sympathy with the objects of the Congress; also a letter from Mr. Barnes, of London, England, making some suggestions as to the kinds of employment suitable for women. A committee was then appointed to report on the financial opportunities, interests and abilities of women. The secretary then read a paper by Mrs. Adelaide Hastings, of Sing Sing, New York, on the education of woman, in which the writer takes the ground that the education of the sexes should be placed on an equal footing. A paper was then read by Dr. Elizabeth Dudley, on "the Physical Education of Girls," and the subject of the paper was discussed by Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Dr. Mary Safford Blake and others, all the speakers urging the necessity of reform, both in the physical training of girls, and in their dress, as well as in that of women.

At the evening session the Rev. Antoinette Brown Blackwell read a paper on "The Intellectual Cultivation of Women Combined with Household Duties." It was discussed by Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, Kate N. Daggett, Rev. Mrs. Soule, Mrs. Mary Corbin and others.

ROBERT COLLYER AND HIS CHURCH.

At a meeting of the members of the congregation of Unity Church to-night, for the purpose of taking action to induce their pastor, Rev. T. Robert Collyer, to decline the call from the Church of the Messiah, in New York, strong feeling was manifested and some speakers freely expressed the sentiment that the conduct of the Church of the Messiah in the matter had not been marked with Christian kindness or a spirit of brotherly love. Resolutions were passed expressing the warmest affection for the pastor and a confident belief that he will not be induced to leave his people.

THE London *Art Journal* is responsible for the following story: A somewhat curious circumstance occurred lately, which is strangely illustrative of modern manners. A nobleman passing through a West-End street saw a fine but very dilapidated picture in a broker's shop. He purchased it, and inquired the painter's name, but was unable to discover more than the initials. Confident that the picture—a seaside view with a rocky shore—was modern, he was anxious to discover the painter. In vain he tried all the picture dealers. They knew the style and the initials, but were unacquainted with the man. They were confident that the painter was alive, but they knew nothing of his home or his haunts. The nobleman piqued at being so baulked, determined to find the painter, and at last, in despair, applied to Pollaky, the foreign detective. Pollaky knew nothing about art or artists, but he undertook to find the man. And find him he did, after some trouble, in the midst of the direst poverty in a little court in Soho. The discovery of the artist was the turning point in his fortunes. The nobleman employed him, and at this moment there is a picture of his in the Academy marked "sold."

The funeral of the late Bishop McFarland took place yesterday at Hartford, Conn., at St. Patrick's Church. Among those present were thirteen Bishops and a great number of priests from that and neighboring dioceses. The church was thronged, and hundreds could not gain admittance. A requiem mass was performed, Bishop Laughlin, of Booklyn, acting as celebrant. Bishop Hendricken, of Providence, delivered the funeral discourse.

The match race for $5,000 between the Stallions Jay Gould and Bashaw, Jr., took place yesterday afternoon at Baltimore. Bashaw, Jr., broke down very soon after starting and pulled up at the end of the first heat very lame, whereupon the judges allowed him to be withdrawn. Jay Gould trotted a mile in 2:19½.

The great four oared race between the Analostan Boat Club, of Washington, D. C., and the Nassau Boat Club, of New York city, three miles straightaway, came off on the Harlem river yesterday, and was won by the Washington club in 18 minutes, 52 seconds.

RELIGIOUS NEWS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CHRISTIAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION—CONVENTION AT NEW CASTLE.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

NEW CASTLE, PA., October 15, 1874.

The Pennsylvania Christian Missionary Society, which concluded its work to-day in this city, spent four hours in transacting important business and two in listening to addresses. The question—"How to Develope a Missionary Spirit in our Churches," was discussed by Messrs. Higgins, Hayden, Dane, Hutton, Thayer, Davies and King, and elicited much valuable thought. In the afternoon an address was delivered by Rev. G. C. Smith, of Youngstown, O., upon "The Sunday School Work, as connected with the Pastor;" also an address by Rev. Geo. Darsie, of Ravenna, O., on "The Ideal Sunday School." These addresses were of the highest character and elicited the warmest approval, and a vote of thanks from the Convention. The themes introduced by the speakers were then canvassed in a discussion which followed, in which Messrs. Wilcox, Higgins, Lane, Hayden and others participated. Upon the recommendation of the Committee on Nominations, the following gentlemen were elected as officers for the ensuing year: For President, Joseph King, of Allegheny city; Vice-President, James Darsie, of Braddock's Field; Recording Secretary, D. M. Kinter, of Lockhaven; Corresponding Secretary, M. L. Streator, of this city. Upon the whole, this convention has distinguished itself for its earnestness and business ability. It adjourned to meet next year in Allegheny city.

At the request of the Ladies' League of this city, the members of the Convention and a large concourse of citizens of the place, met this evening in White Hall in a mass temperance convention, which was addressed by Reverends D. D. Kinter, O. Higgins, George Darsie, W. L. Hayden, C. C. Smith and Wm. Lane. The speakers were pointed and eloquent in their speeches and the audience enthusiastic.

Dr. Dio Lewis lectured two hours last night in this city to an audience of about two hundred on "Woman in the Social Revolution." The lecture was given under the auspices of the Orion Literary Society of this city. The lecture was full of valuable advice about the health of woman, her dress and occupation, and abounded with truth in reference to her power in the social field, but as a hundred dollar lecture it was rather tame.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

NEW YORK, October 15.—In the general Convention of the Episcopal Church to-day, the session of the delegates lasted until half-past one, when the usual recess was taken. It was learned that a warm and heated discussion had taken place at the morning session over the petition from Chicago.

The secret session in the afternoon did not end until half-past four, and at its close delegates were as reticent as ever. It was learned, however, that the Convention had not concluded its deliberations and will sit with closed doors to-morrow. Many of the delegates expressed the opinion that the secret deliberations would last for at least three days, as a number of important questions had yet to be discussed. The missionary delegates were highly indignant at being expelled from the house. A protest against this action was lodged with the Convention from the missionary delegates from Oregon.

It was learned from a most reliable source that the whole day's session was occupied in hearing the charges of ritualism preferred against Bishop Seymour. The document, however, from Chicago was not read to the body, but will in all probability be submitted to-morrow, when it is expected that all the testimony against the Bishop elect will be given in. The evidence for the defense will then be submitted and witnesses be produced who, it is believed, will deny that any ritualistic proceedings were introduced into the government of the General Theological Seminary in this city during the term that institution has been under his charge. His friends are confident that he can refute all charges which are being brought against him.

ADDITIONAL STATE NEWS.

A night school for adult colored people has been organized in Meadville.

The late Stoneboro fair cleared the society of debt, and leaves a dividend of thirty per cent.

The Allentown *Chronicle* gives a rumor that the furnaces at Hellertown and Bingen will soon suspend operations.

The Westerman Iron Company's furnace No. 2, at Sharon, which has been idle since last winter, was blown in last week.

The English Lutheran congregation at Chambersburg has extended a unanimous call to Rev. J. Q. McAtee, of Pottsville.

Rev. Noah M. Price, of Philadelphia, has received a call to become pastor of the First English Lutheran Church at Columbia.

At a picnic recently held in Concord township, Erie county, a large bald eagle attempted to carry off a little girl, but the shouts of those who witnessed it scared the bird away.

The oldest inhabitant in Centre county is a lady who is not ashamed to confess that her years number 102. She is single, don't want to get married, drinks coffee, and is happy.

The Methodist Episcopal Church in East Troy township, Crawford county, will be dedicated with appropriate ceremonies on Sunday, October 25, 1874. Services will commence with a love feast at 9 A. M., sermon by the Rev. W. P. Bignell, presiding elder, at 10:30 A. M.

Billmyer, Dill & Co.'s new steam saw mill at Lewisburg took fire about eleven o'clock on Tuesday night and was totally consumed, including a horse that was tied under the mill for the night. The animal was partly burned and smothered. It is not known how the fire originated.

Mrs. John Venible, of Rostraver township, Westmoreland county, committed suicide on Monday evening by taking some kind of poison. The cause which prompted this act of self destruction is not known. Mrs. V. was considerably advanced in life, and had raised a large and respectable family.

Dr. Bently, of Wyoming county, happening into his hay loft the other day, saw a pair of good-sized feet protruding vertically above the horizon, and upon investigation found that they belonged to his mother-in-law, who, while in quest of hen's eggs, had slid down head first, and got wedged into a space between the wall and a brace. With rare magnanimity he called two men to his assistance and pulled her out alive.

The Washington *Reporter* says: John Proudfit, who is in attendance at our court this week, as a juror from Hanover township, served in Washington in the same capacity sixty-one years ago. He has outlived his generation, and the judges who then presided over the court, the members of the bar, and his fellow-jurors of 1813 have all gone to that bourne whence no traveler returns. He is quite an aged man, but hale and hearty, and bids fair to remain among us many years longer.

P. W. Shaeffer, engineer and geologist, has recently published a report on the mineral wealth of the region to be penetrated by the Selinsgrove and North Branch Railroad. This road, which is a project still in the shell, is intended to run from Selinsgrove, in Snyder county, to Hancock, Maryland, a point on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. It would connect with the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad at Port Trevorton, and with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Mifflintown, and would doubtless open up a very fine mineral and agricultural country.

THE correspondent of the New York *World* who went on the last trial trip of the City of Peking, writes:

The question between American and British iron ship-builders has hitherto been, "Can wider beam and greater depth; and consequently superior carrying capacity, be combined with the attainment of the highest speed?" The British builders said, No, and, faithful to their belief, they built the City of Richmond 454 feet long by 44 wide by 34 deep; the Republic, 450 by 41 by 32.6; the China, 430 by 44 by 32.7; the Greece and Queen, 430 by 44 by 32; the Utopia, 436 by 31 by 34, and the Washington, 450 by 44 by 32.6. Some of these are among the swiftest foreign steamships. The American ship-builder answered Yes to the question above quoted, and built the City of Peking 423 feet long by 48 wide by 38 deep. The fact that all the abovenamed foreign vessels were either passed or distanced by the Peking, demonstrates the superiority of the American idea for both speed and carrying capacity.

The idea that vessels of large draught could not pass up and down the Schuylkill without fear of grounding has been exploded. The river is perfectly safe for vessels drawing twenty-two feet.

A bolting Republican Convention in Delaware county has nominated F. J. Hinkson and Ellis P. Marshall for Assembly, against the regular candidates, who do not prove generally satisfactory.

$10 to $1,000

invested in stocks and gold pays 200 per cent. a month. Send for particulars. Tumbridge & Co., Bankers, 2 Wall street, New York. d*

The Great White River

is now coming in bags and barrels. All orders will be promptly filled.

T. C. JENKINS.
Checkered Front.

Monster Fire Proof Safe.

From a gentleman lately in Cincinnati, we learn that one of the largest fire proof safes ever constructed by Hall's Safe and Lock Company, is now completed for the use of a public office.

The size of this immense safe is eight feet in width and eight feet in height, and has the capacity of an ordinary vault.

Such immense safes as this can only be built by a company having the largest facilities and great skill, a fact fully proved by the large number of bank and business safes of this make in use in this city and surrounding country.

The Lesson of the Hour.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The news from the recent Ohio and Indiana elections will, of course, be a source of much rejoicing among the Democrats of the North and the White Leaguers of the South. It will be construed, as it has been already, into a great Democratic victory, and heralded abroad as evidence that the people of these States have shown by their suffrages that the mission of the Republican party is at an end. But such is not the case. Human nature is so frail, that men of all political creeds, all nations, all conditions, and all colors, as a general rule, will look to the pocket and self aggrandizement as of first importance, and will even argue that they are entitled to a living, and that if they cannot get it in an honest calling, still they will get it.

During the summer months, I spent some time in the West, and on my return tarried awhile in Chicago. While there the morning papers teemed with the reports of the daring operations of confidence men—"Three Card Monte," "Bunco," "Black and Red," &c., and, upon inquiry, I found the city constantly infested with these men, watching for victims in their nefarious calling. I at once became interested, and seeking an interview with a friend of mine—a large real estate owner—asked him the cause of this misrule in the city. "Oh!" said he, "the good temperance people, in their over zeal, became so impolitic as to cause a division of the Republicans at our last municipal elections, and this is the direct result of their work. You know there are very few temperance men among the Democrats, and consequently every temperance vote was so much loss to the Republicans, and gain to the Democrats. The city is now completely controlled and governed by one influence, and there are so many gambling dens, thieves, and confidence men in the city, that one is actually not safe in the streets even in day time. The city has such a bad reputation abroad that country merchants, many of them, will not come here to purchase their goods."

Now, this is just the secret of the whole thing in these elections. Indiana, by her "Republican Temperance Resolution," and Ohio, by her unwise Republican temperance affiliation, threw the German and intemperate Republican votes solid with the democrats, (now, Mr. Editor, I do not want this last word to commence with a capital letter,) and consequently have given so much aid and comfort to the party that is supported by the Southern maurauders, that they will now be bolder and more defiant than ever.

The same thing will be repeated in this State next month, if a sufficient number of votes are drawn from the party by the Prohibition movement to give the Democrats the balance of power. Then the temperance people will bemoan the sad state of affairs, and repent of their folly at their leisure.

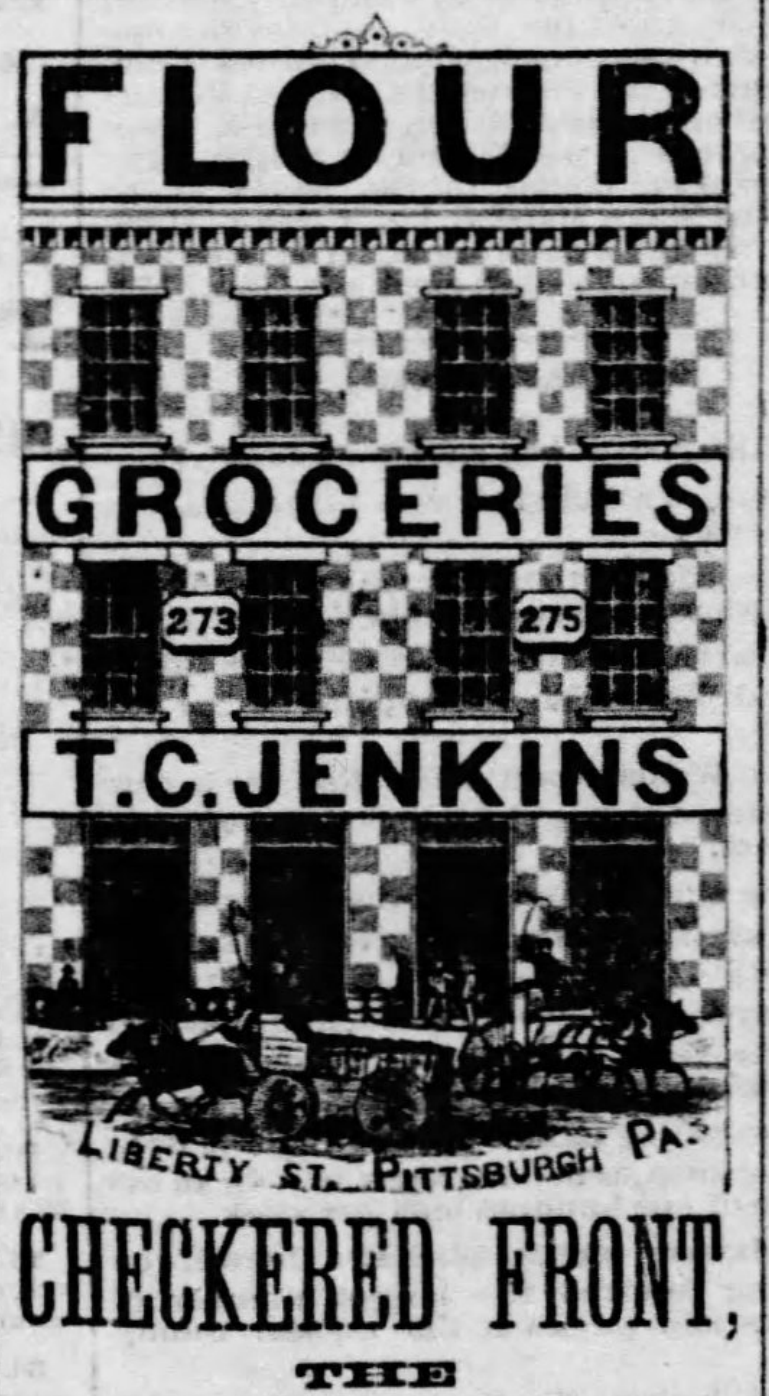
It is to be hoped, however, that every true Republican will have wisdom enough to see that the peace and prosperity of the Republic, the well-being and safety of its humblest citizens, and indeed the perpetuity of our republican institutions depend in a great measure upon the success of the party that has wrought such mighty deeds in the interests of freedom during the last twelve years. CAROLUS.

A late issue of the Lancaster county *Intelligencer* says: We have it from reliable authority that thousands upon thousands of fish are lying dead or floating dead in the Conestoga creek below the Printer's Paper Mill; that the stench from the decaying carcasses is almost intolerable, and that hundreds of buzzards and other carrion-eating birds are feasting on the dead fish.

THERE need be no waste of food that is prepared with Dooley's Yeast Powder. It always makes everything light, wholesome and palatable. Try it. D&*

Non-Explosive Oil.

This oil has been in use for four years, and so far there has been no accidents resulting from its use. Furnish drayage free and at the prices usually charged for ordinary brands of oil. T. C. Jenkins, Checkered Front, Pittsburgh.



CHECKERED FRONT,

THE

HOUSE THAT HANDLES

THE GREAT

White River

FLOUR!

BREAD from this Flour took the PREMIUM at the late Cambria County Fair, at Johnstown, Pa.

ORDERS NOW FILLED PROMPTLY FOR

White River Flour

COMPLETE LINE OF

GROCERIES.

ROAST COFFEE.

273 and 275 LIBERTY STREET.

WAREHOUSES AND STORAGE:

96 and 98 Water and 77 First Avenue.

NO RETAIL HOUSE CONNECTED.

Cheney Brothers'

AMERICAN SILK

For Fall and Winter Wear.

Attention is called to the choice stock of these Black and Colored Gros Grain Silks, which may now be obtained from leading dealers throughout the country.

These goods are made in the most approved manner, **and are guaranteed to surpass in weight, finish and durability, any that can be obtained at corresponding prices.**

For sale to the trade only by

Cheney Brothers,

NEW YORK.

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GOLD MEDAL SAFES.

Hall's Patent

Have invariably taken the Highest Premium wherever exhibited in Competition with others.

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BANKERS' SAFES

Of that make have been sold and not one of them ever robbed.

AN ASSORTED STOCK CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE BY

HALL'S

SAFE & LOCK CO

No. 93 Smithfield St.,

PITTSBURGH.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—HORSES—FOR WINTERING, in close sheds, with running water. Good hay. Address JOHN W. ROBINSON, Saltsburg, Pa.

WANTED—EVERY SPORTSMAN—To call or send for a price list of Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, &c. Address J. H. JOHNSTON, Great Western Gun Works, 285 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED — PURCHASERS — FOR Cheap Lands. I am prepared to furnish cheap Mineral, Coal and Timber Lands in tracts from 1,000 to 10,000 Acres each in the States of Arkansas, Texas, East and West Virginia and Kentucky. These lands are well located on navigable streams, accessible by railroads, and will be sold low for cash or exchanged for city or country property at its market value, by applying to E. C. KEYS, 96 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Pennsylvania, Missouri and Michigan Pine Lands made a specialty.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—700 POUNDS MINION TYPE, nearly new. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—BELTING AND HOSE—Leather and Gum Belting, Copper Rivets, Gum Packing and Hose, as low as any other house, and warranted. HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLUE Boilers, 20x36; twelve Portable Boilers, from 12 to 20 horse power; Engines from 4 to 80 horse power; one Hoisting Engine and Boiler. ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER, 40 Park Way, Allegheny.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND MACHINERY—One Gear Paneling, Carving and Moulding Machine; three Planers and Matchers; one Hall's Shingle Mill; two 8 by 20 and one 7 by 14 inch Engines, all in good order. M. B. COCHRAN & CO. 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—PATENT REPORTS—A set of 61 Volumes, containing a complete list of Patents from the organization of the Government in 1790 to July 1, 1874. Price, $120. If preferred, $20 may be sent with the order, and the balance collected when the books are received by express, C. O. D. Address G. E. N., this office.

FOR SALE—PLANING MILL, SASH and Door Factory; located in one of the most favorable positions in the city. The Mill is a medium sized one, fitted up with the most improved machinery, and enjoys a liberal patronage. Will be sold on liberal terms. For particulars address Planing Mill, care Evening Telegraph, Pittsburgh, Pa. TThs

FOR SALE — FORTY SUPERIOR Second-hand Boilers, in good order, ranging from 30 inches to 44 inches in diameter, and 10 feet to 40 feet long; double-flued and cylinder. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the West Point Boiler Works, No. 13 Water street. WATSON & MUNROE.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOM—LARGE WELL lighted second floor Room, 44x60 feet, with good entrance, located on Smithfield street. The party holding it has a three year lease. For particulars address Box A. E., Commercial office.

FOR RENT—A NEAT FRAME HOUSE of 7 Rooms, in good repair, situated at east end of Penn avenue, within five minutes' walk of Pennsylvania Railroad. Will be rented low till April 1st, or longer if desired. Inquire of T. J. HOWARD, 100 Diamond.

FOR RENT—A HANDSOME BRICK Dwelling House, on Cliff street. Parlors, Dining Room and Kitchen on first floor; Gas, dry Cellar, 3 Bedrooms and finished Attic, Water and modern improvements. The Lot extends from street to street. Will be rented reasonable. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to WM. EVANS, Commercial office.

FOR RENT OR SALE—NEW TWO-STORY Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall, Water in Kitchen; Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c., located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial Counting Room.

NOTICES.

☞ LIQUOR DEALERS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.—A Special Meeting of the L. D. P. A. will be held TO-DAY, at 2 P. M., at MALTBY HALL.

CHAS. F. NAHMMACHER,
Secretary.

☞ NOTICE—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: My wife, MARY FLOREY, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, I hereby warn all persons not to trust or harbor her on my account, as I will not be responsible for debts of her contracting.

JOHN FLOREY.

Pittsburgh, October 14, 1874.

☞ OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL MINING COMPANY, 47 FIFTH AVENUE.—The Board of Directors of the National Mining Company have this day levied an assessment of One Dollar per Share on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, 47 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 16TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, proximo.

JAMES W. BROWN, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, October 7, 1874.

☞ OFFICE OF THE MASS MINING COMPANY, 47 FIFTH AVENUE.—The Board of Directors of the Mass Mining Company have this day levied an assessment of One Dollar per Share on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, 47 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 23D DAY OF NOVEMBER, proximo.

JAMES W. BROWN, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, October, 8, 1874.

☞ OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their Meters Tested to leave their orders at the office of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

☞ NOTICE—

TO TENANTS OF HOUSES IN PITTSBURGH AND VICINITY.

If you desire temporary Storage for your Household Goods, apply for same to the PITTSBURGH STORAGE COMPANY, Nos. 23 and 25 Wood street, who pay special attention to the transfer and storage of such goods at reasonable rates.

POLITICAL.

☞ REPUBLICAN

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

A Meeting of the Vigilance Committee of the Republican County Executive Committee, will be held at Headquarters, LINCOLN CLUB ROOMS, on

Friday, Oct. 16, 1874, at 10 O'Clock A. M.

A full attendance is requested.

WILLIAM H. DENNISTON.
Chairman.

JAMES S. WOODWELL, Secretary.

Following are the names of members of the Committee:

Geo. W. Perkins,
Gen. Jos. Browne,
Henry Metzgar,
James Loomis,
J. H. Hoffer,
John Hancock,
Capt. Sam. Brown,
Col. E. C. Negley,
Barney Mahoney,
Thomas W. Davis,
J. V. Cracraft,
J. Beilstein,
Capt. M. G. Corey,
T. P. Whitten,
Wm. B. Hunter,
Robert Graham,
Thomas Scandrett,
Alex. Patterson,
W. R. Canham,
Philip Newhart,
W. A. Dunshee,
And. McGinty,
John H. Watson,
William Stemple,
John McKelvy,
W. T. Fife,
Chris. Steele,
B. B. McDowell,
Samuel Wallace,
Ed. Milliken,
Jacob Mahoney,
Richard Jones,
James Taylor,
R. G. Herron,
C. W. Lewis,
Henry Spreen,
Maj. Sam. Harper,
Robert Scott,
Paul J. Carson,
John Nusser,
Henry Warner,
J. D. Peebles,
Abram Latham,
Ross Byers,
W. H. H. Graham,
Geo. Richards.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.

Organs and Melodeons

The Oldest, Largest, and Most Perfect Manufactory in the United States.

54,000

Now in Use.

No other Musical Instrument ever attained the same Popularity.

Send for Price List.
Address BUFFALO, N. Y.

JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT

NO. 231 LIBERTY STREET

We are daily in receipt of NEW and FRESH GOODS and direct the special attention of buyers to the advantages we can offer. We have an

IMMENSE STOCK

OF

CANNED GOODS,

That, with one or two exceptions, we are selling at much lower prices than last season.

We are just in receipt of a large invoice of

Morton's London Pickles,

Comprising all the different varieties, among them

100 Cases Small White Onions.

WE ALSO HAVE IN LARGE SUPPLY

AMERICAN PICKLES, KETCHUPS, SAUCES,

Jellies, Sardines.

We now offer to the trade a car load of

CALIFORNIA SALMON,

IN ONE AND TWO POUND TINS,

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

Jesse H. Lippincott,

NO. 231 LIBERTY STREET.

The Cameron Special

STEAM PUMP.

Cheapest and Best in the Market. Pumps Adapted to Every Duty.

Circulars and Price Lists furnished on application.

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,

Corner Third Avenue and Liberty Street.

FS

WHOLESALE HEADQUARTERS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

HAVE JUST OPENED AN

Immense Stock of Dry Goods and Notions,

Suitable for FALL AND WINTER TRADE, comprising Full Lines of all the Leading Brands of Brown and Bleached Cottons, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Ticks, Cheviot Shirtings, Canton Flannels, Wool Flannels, Jeans, Cottonades, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Waterproofs, Velveteens, Table Linens, Shawls, Skirts, Ladies' and Gent's Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, and Small Goods.

Special attention is called to our Dress Goods Department, in which will be found all the Latest Novelties of Foreign and Domestic Manufacture.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Fullerton, Greenville, New Lisbon and Allegheny Woolen Mills

BOTTOM PRICES GUARANTEED.

239 and 241 LIBERTY STREET.

Duquesne Brass Works and Foundry

S. CADMAN & SON,

Brass Founders and Manufacturers, and Steam Pipe Fitters.

AGENTS FOR COPE & MAXWELL'S PUMPING MACHINERY AND BOILER FEEDERS.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

CORNER DUQUESNE WAY AND SIXTH ST

AUTUMN, 1874.

Alpacas,
Flannels,
Blankets,
New Prints.

GENERAL STOCK. NEW AND CHEAP.

WHOLESALE.

McElroy & Dickson,

54 Wood Street.

ESTABLISHED 1848.

SIMON JOHNSTON,

CORNER OF

SMITHFIELD ST. AND FOURTH AVENUE

Before removing from the site selected for the new Government Buildings, I offer my stock of Foreign Goods, personally selected, such as Lubin's Extracts, Soaps, Sachetts, Powder, &c.; Brecknell's Skin Soap in squares, tablets and ovals; Low's Honey, Glycerine and Brown Windsor Soap; Genuine Farina Cologne; Cigars de Joy, for Asthma; Tidman's Sea Salt; Squire's preparations, all kinds; Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Fine Table Oil, &c., at prices even lower than asked elsewhere for their imitations.

CAUGHIE BROS.

MICHIGAN LUMBER

AND

SHINGLES.

TO THE TRADE ONLY.

OFFICE: 96½ FOURTH AVENUE.

USE SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP

ROBT. ARTHURS .... President.
L. HALSEY WILLIAMS .... Cashier

ST. CLAIR BANKING COMPANY.

CAPITAL, - - - $100,000.

COLLECTIONS

AND ALL BUSINESS CONNECTED WITH GENERAL BANKING WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

GOLD AND GOVERNMENT BOND BOUGHT AND SOLD.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND LETTERS OF CREDIT FURNISHED.

No. 16 Sixth Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

T. P. BEDILION & CO.,

DEALERS IN

SOLID SILVER WARE,

American and Foreign Watches,

DIAMONDS, CHAINS, SETS OF JEWELRY, &c.,

NO. 75 SMITHFIELD STREET.

SPECIALTY—REPAIRING OF FINE WATCHES.

J. H. McMILLAN,

No. 347 LIBERTY STREET,

General Commission Merchant,

And Dealer in all kinds of Grain, Broom Corn, Handles, Hops, &c.

Orders for shipment and consignments solicited and promptly attended to.

The Commercial.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1874.

AS A vehicle for the spread of political misinformation, our Democratic neighbor is a decided success.

THE Independent candidate on the North Side finds himself in the awkward position of one who steps before the curtain and bows to an audience that has not called for him.

ONE of the special lessons of the Ohio election is, that Republicans should take heed and not fritter away their strength on third parties, side isms or independent candidates.

A SUCKING dove is a boisterous bird by the side of the *Post*, now-a-days, considered as a Protectionist journal. The free traders have evidently nothing to fear from that quarter.

ANDY JOHNSON is certainly a gifted orator. That is to say, he is gifted with great continuity of breath. At a Democratic meeting in Tennessee, the other day, he spoke for three hours and a half.

THE reticence of the *Post* regarding the merits of the candidates on the Democratic State ticket is remarkable. Thus far it has had scarcely a word of commendation for them—possibly for the reason that there is so little to be said in their favor. Is that it, neighbor?

GENERAL BUTLER probed to the heart of the matter when, in a speech to his constituents the other day, he said: "The war is not ended." It is a sham peace which allows the murder of men in the Southern States on account of their principles.

"It is not peace—'tis treason, stiff with doom;
'Tis gagged despair and inarticulate wrong."

THE Republican candidate for Congress in the Twenty-third Congressional district was nominated as fairly as any man was ever nominated, and those malcontents who are making up faces at him, and declaring they "won't play," ought to be remanded to pinafores and turned into the nursery with children.

THE success of the Ohio Bourbons seems to afford the papers of that party as much comfort as, upon his way to the scaffold during a shower, his umbrella yielded to the fellow who was about to be hanged. It saved him from a wetting, but didn't avert his execution. The November States will speak, presently, and to the point.

A DEMAND for the payment of the monetary value of the slaves emancipated by the war and the proclamation of President LINCOLN is, already, beginning to be urged in the South. Should the next administration be Democratic, a formal claim for such payment will undoubtely be preferred, with every probability of being granted.

THE Prohibitionists of Ohio had a State ticket in thirty-one counties, and candidates for Congress in thirteen out of twenty districts. The result again proves the disastrous folly of making the temperance question an issue in politics. Every temperance vote diverted from the Republican ticket is a vote for the restoration of the Democracy to power.

THE reason why the Ohio Democracy made their gains at Tuesday's election, was because General Apathy had command of the Republican forces. In our own State, too, the Democrats are making great efforts to bring up all their forces, and if our friends do not imitate their example, they will presently realize the consequences of their carelessness and apathy in a very unpleasant manner. There is imperative need of hard and persistent work.

THE "Monumental Association" of Kentucky has just erected a Confederate monument in the cemetery grounds of Lexington, in that State. Upon a base of rocks rises the Southern Cross, on which the Confederate banner, its staff broken, hangs in festoons, and under the cross is a broken sword. It is to be "dedicated" to-day, and —significantly enough—JEFF. DAVIS is to deliver the address—at least he has been invited to do so. Possibly the candle of rebellion may have been put out, but the snuff stinks most abominably.

THE Democracy of the Seventh district of Indiana claim to have elected their nominee, FLANDERS, to Congress, over General COBURN, the Republican candidate. This man FLANDERS was a leading member of that infamous organization the "Knights of the Golden Circle," was arrested, tried and condemned for treason—and owes his life simply to the mercy of ABRAHAM LINCOLN. In him the White League assassins of the South will find one of the most serviceable tools they could possibly wish for in Congress.

A MORE virulent copperhead was not to be found in the whole country during the war than HURD, who has just been elected to Congress by the Democrats from the Toledo, Ohio, district. He was as thoroughly in sympathy with treason and rebellion as VALLANDIGHAM himself. He believed most thoroughly in the Southern idea of "State rights," and denied the authority of the Government to make war upon the rebel States. The fact of his election plainly shows that the very blood of that party is still tainted with the old virus from which the country has suffered so much.

COL. ANDREW STEWART, JR., the Republican candidate for Congress in the Twenty-first district, is making a hot and gallant fight in the face of long odds, the district, heretofore, having been strongly Democratic. We trust the Republicans of Fayette, Westmoreland and Greene will back him to the last man. Colonel STEWART inherits much of the intellectual ability, and all of the splendid devotion to the protection of our home industries, which so distinguished his eminent father. A Republican victory in the Twenty-first district would indeed be an achievement to be proud of; but with hard work, it is not impossible. Push on the fight.

WE are sorry to see, in the poet LOWELL'S tribute to JEFFRIES WYMAN, that the distrust of American manners and modern Democracy, noticeable in a number of his later poems, appears to grow upon him more and more. Thus, he says:

"That such a man *could spring from our decays*,
Fans the soul's nobler faith until it burns."

There seems to be a sort of intellectual neuralgia in the dainty literary men of the Hub, which renders them unable to confront the climate of our Democratic period, whilst upon men of a more robust make the same wind blows without causing a trace of impatience or annoyance. People so over-sensitive should betake themselves to the woods, like THOREAU, and let Nature come to their reinforcement.

THE semi-annual dividends of fifty-eight banks in Boston, to be paid out during the present month, amount to $2,258,500, against $2,412,900 last April, and $2,186,000 a year ago. Of their number three pay 7 per cent., four 6 per cent., sixteen 5 per cent., three 4½ per cent., twenty-two 4 per cent., two 3½ per cent., seven 3 per cent., and one divides January and July. The average rate is 4.37 per cent., and including taxes, 6.36 per cent. Other dividends payable in Boston at this time amount to $3,182,394, making the total amount thus paid out, $5,440,894. It will be seen from these figures that the banks of that city have done a good deal of business during the past six months, notwithstanding the dull times so much croaked about.

A NATIONAL Convention of the Polish citizens of this country, the first assemblage of its kind ever convened, is now in session in Chicago, delegates from all parts of the Union being in attendance. There are upwards of two hundred thousand natives of Poland in the United States, most of whom have been expatriated for political reasons. There is a Polish newspaper published in Chicago, and one in Detroit, and it is understood that both are well patronized and command a good circulation. Scattered throughout the country there are some twenty or thirty Polish societies for mutual aid and support, and for several years past it has been felt that many advantages might accrue from a union of all these societies into one grand organization. This is one of the objects which the present conference has in view, whilst others are the establishment of an orphan asylum and of a college for instruction in the Polish language.

THE national LINCOLN monument was dedicated, at Oak Ridge Cemetery, near Springfield, Illinois, yesterday, in the presence of President GRANT and a vast concourse of the most illustrious men of the nation, soldiers, statesmen and orators. The monument was erected by the people of the United States, who voluntarily contributed sums varying from one to thousands of dollars. The total cost, when fully completed, will be in the neighborhood of two hundred thousand dollars. Just beneath the terrace on which the shaft is reared, is the catacomb, which contains five crypts, two of them tenanted—one by the martyred President and the other by his son "*Tad*." On the end of the sarcophagus, surrounded by a wreath, is the simple name, "LINCOLN." Only that, and nothing more. But what more was needed? Mount Vernon has the tomb of the Father, and Oak Ridge that of the Savior of his country.

NOBLY POOR.

Senorita SOLEDAD JUAREZ, aged twenty years, daughter of the late President and reformer of Mexico, after undergoing the necessary examination with reference to qualifications, recently received the appointment of teacher in one of the public schools founded by her father. The school in which she teaches is situated near the capital where her father during so many years exercised supreme power. It seems that in spite of his splendid opportunities to enrich himself, President JUAREZ died a poor man, leaving his children dependent upon their own exertions for a livelihood. He gave each of them, however, a sound and careful education, and he left them an honored name, and as to the daughter just mentioned, if report be true she thinks it no hardship to earn her bread by making herself useful. Certainly in teaching a school Miss JUAREZ has the satisfaction of feeling that she is aiding to supply what was regarded by her celebrated father as one of the most urgent needs of the Mexican people. If she is in any considerable degree animated by the spirit either of the patriot or the philanthropist, she does not, we may be sure, consider her lot as a hard one, and there is no reason why others should pity her. The happiest human being we have ever known, that is, the one who *seemed* to be happiest, was a woman who, born and reared amidst affluence and social refinement, was spending her days in training the little girls of a dusky and neglected race in the elements of Christian decency and morals. Her pupils had no other claims upon her than those of a common humanity, whereas Miss JUAREZ, as she teaches a common school, knows that she is working for her country as well as for mankind.

And yet, however the young lady herself may feel about it, foreigners can hardly help thinking it not very creditable to the Mexican people that the family of their illustrious benefactor should have been reduced to poverty by his death. And the daughter referred to, Miss SOLEDAD JUAREZ, has, it seems, a title of her own to the particular gratitude of her countrymen. After the dissolution of the empire set up by the Archduke MAXIMILIAN, various reactionary conspiracies were formed by his adherents, whose object was to destroy JUAREZ and render a republic impossible. In 1867, shortly after the Archduke's execution, SOLEDAD, the President's daughter, then a little girl of thirteen, being in the country near the capital with her mother, one evening when chasing butterflies, gradually wandered into a grove where involuntarily she overhead a conversation between Major MORCLAS and his mistress, from which the child learned that the Major was engaged in an extensive military plot for the ruin of her father. Having stolen away unobserved, she went to her mother and insisted that they should return to the city that night. Arrived at home she aroused her father from sleep and told him what she had heard. The next day the principal civil and military functionaries of the State, together with the chief conspirators, having been summoned to the presence of JUAREZ, SOLEDAD was brought in and directed to tell her story. When she had quietly repeated what she had overheard the evening before, one of the persons implicated became so confounded that he at once confessed the whole conspiracy. The result of the investigation which ensued was that several persons were condemned to death, but all were finally pardoned by JUAREZ at the intercession of the youthful informer.

For a young woman having such claims upon the grateful good will of a nation, it does really appear that something more should be provided than the opportunity to work. Some better provision would even seem to be sound economy. The presumption is that a daughter of JUAREZ, "carefully and soundly educated," not only in schools, but in the highest social circles of the Mexican capital, would be able to do much more for the intellectual improvement and civilization of the Mexican people in some other sphere of activity than in that of a mere teacher of a popular school. It is waste of energy, "using myrrh oil on lentiles," as the Greek proverb says, or cutting blocks with a razor, as the vernacular saying runs. Happily in a republic worthy of the name no honest labor is disgraceful, and as to teaching even in the humblest position, one may trust, that the day is past when a respectable historian could refer to the fact that DIONYSIUS the younger, was forced for bread to teach a school at Corinth as punishment sufficiently base and degrading for the tyrants crimes. Those were the days when even brave Dr. JOHNSON made his pedagogy a reproach to MILTON and seemed really ashamed of nothing in his own career except of having for a year or two taught school. Nowadays among sensible people teaching school is degrading only when it is ill done. But it is laborious drudgery, and we hold that the Mexican people are seriously to blame for not providing the Senorita JUAREZ with some employment in better keeping with her earlier career. If she chooses to teach a school in the spirit of the missionary or the philanthropist, why, of course, there is nothing to be said in reproach of any body.

It is probably time to set aside the belief by abolishing the fact that republics do not know how to appreciate or reward their public servants. Americans have no right to sneer or scoff at Mexicans because JUAREZ living with his family in rigorous economy was unable to lay by a competence. One ex-President of the United States whose services had been as splendid as those of JUAREZ, was reduced to almost sordid poverty by his devotion to the public service, at last owing common comforts and peace of mind to private benefactions. Of another ex-President the only daughter, like the daughter of the great Mexican patriot and reformer, was, a few years ago, teaching in a public school.

The Protestant and the Catholic Church.

The New York *Herald*, discussing the present condition of Protestantism, takes occasion to contrast the Protestant with the Catholic Church. In the former (we quote) "division follows division, and heresy treads hard on the heels of heresy. In the Catholic Church we see earnest, compact discipline—a people and a clergy who act as if they had a faith and believed in it. In the Protestant churches we see disintegration. And yet Protestantism attracts to its folds the genius of America. Its sons have long controlled this country, and even now it would be impossible for a Catholic to be elected to the Presidency. Outside of New York city there is no part of the country where the Catholic religion would not be a serious loss to the candidature of any man. So that practically the Government, the society, the whole power of the United States are Protestant. There is every encouragement and every hope for Protestantism to assert itself. If it really has a faith let us see it made manifest by works."

A QUARTER-INCH rod of the best steel will sustain 9,000 pounds before breaking; soft steel, 7,000 pounds; iron wire, 9,000; iron, 4,000; inferior bar iron, 2,000; cast iron, 1,000 to 3,000; copper wire, 3,000; silver, 2,000; gold, 2,500; tin, 3,000; cast zinc, 160; cast lead, 50; milled lead, 200. Of wood, box and locust the same size will hold 1,200 pounds; toughest ash, 1,000; elm, 800; beach, cedar, white oak, pitch pine, 600; chestnut and maple, 650; poplar, 400. Wood which will bear a heavy weight for a minute or two will break with two-thirds of the force acting a long time. A rod of iron is about ten times as strong as hemp cord. A rope an inch in diameter will bear about two and a half tons; but in practice it is not safe to subject it to a strain of more than about a ton. Half an inch in diameter the strength will be one quarter as much; a quarter of an inch, one-sixteenth as much; and so on.

THE white of an egg has proved the most efficacious remedy for burns. Seven or eight successive applications of this substance soothe the pain and effectually exclude the burn from the air. This simple remedy seems preferable to collodion or even cotton. Extraordinary stories are told of the healing properties of a new oil which is made from the yolk of hens' eggs. The eggs are first boiled hard, the yolks are then removed, crushed and placed over a fire, where they are carefully stirred until the whole substance is just on the point of catching fire, when the oil separates and may be poured off. It is in general use among the colonists of Southern Russia as a means of curing cuts, bruises and scratches.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Well, the *Post's* poor birds did sadly need an airing.

Mr. J. Revolver lives in Natchez, Mississippi, and won't go off.

Chicago is going to lose the chief glory of its pulpit, Robert Collyer.

Remember, Republicans, that procrastination is the thief of votes.

Politically speaking, the *Post* feels hungry enough to bite off a tenpenny nail.

Considerable quantities of Tennessee pig iron are now being shipped to the East.

Progress is simply what the police say to the people on the pavement: "Move on!"

The cost of vanity. The British tax on armoral bearings rendered $400,000 last year.

Apropos of the Ohio election, the Democratic press mistakes moonshine for day-break.

The Chicago Presbytery are still quarreling about a Swing which does not belong to them.

Connecticut will have an old-fashioned supply of apples and cider at her Thanksgiving festivities.

What shall be done with the paupers, is a question that gains new significance as winter draws near.

Connecticut river farmers are very joyful over the big prices their tobacco crop of this year is bringing.

The German military authorities are giving attention to the protection of railways in case of invasion.

The profit of the barley crop to the acre in California is found to be fully one-half more than the wheat crop.

Brooklyn real estate is depreciating in value, notwithstanding the rapid increase in population. No wonder.

The shipments of domestic produce from New York during the week ending yesterday amounted to $5,240,286.

The Government survey of Lake Champlain, that has been going on for three or four years, has just been completed.

A full-blooded Dakota Indian is in attendance, as delegate, at the Episcopal Congress now in session in New York.

Commend us to the Democratic papers for showing what a big smudge can sometimes be made out of a very small fire.

The duties on imports received at the Philadelphia Custom House for the week ending on Wednesday, amounted to $107,046 17.

The internal revenue receipts for the present fiscal year promise to exceed those of last year by about two million dollars.

"Prelapsarian," is the latest coinage of the word-mongers. It means, unconscious of nakedness, like Adam and Eve before the fall.

Sir John Crossley, a great English capitalist, who is at present in Chicago, has loaned the Joliet Iron and Steel Company $400,000.

There were sixty-two cases of diptheria in New York city, last week, and nearly all of them were fatal. This is almost an epidemic.

The coastwise trade of the United States, during the last fiscal year, was about two and one-half times greater than the foreign trade.

Andy Johnson calls heaven and earth to witness that he "never was a Republican." This relieves the party of a very heavy responsibility.

New York has 350 cheese factories, which made, up to October last year, 416,083 boxes, and this year 434,900 boxes, a gain of four per cent.

Hyacinthe, Disraeli and Victor Hugo are throwing a black pall over Europe by predicting international war, civil war and religious war.

There is a new set of political wiseacres springing up, who vehemently advocate, as the highest piece of political wisdom, the "right to botl!"

Perhaps, after all, the White Leaguers of Louisiana are really in favor of the elevation of the negroes. They seem to want them all hung.

Here's your peanuts! Virginia will yield this year 350,000 bushels, Tennessee 250,000, and North Carolina 120,000 bushels—a total of 720,000 bushels.

Susan B. says that "women sell themselves too cheap." Possibly her single-blessedness results from putting too high a price upon herself.

Ho! ye that are thirsty. The exports of malt liquors from England to the United States are at the rate of over four thousand barrels per month.

England now numbers 1,893 Catholic priests, 1,453 churches, eighty-six monasteries for men, 286 convents for women, and 1,260 Catholic schools.

Grapes are so plentiful in some New England towns that there is no market for them at any price. Many of them will have to be fed to the hogs.

The University of Chicago proposes to create a fund of $50,000 to be permanently invested for the benefit of worthy indigent students in that institution.

A Republican vote in this State may save the life of a loyal Southerner, or prevent a Southern war claim from possibility of being allowed by Congress.

The whaling business of the past season is said to have been unprofitable. The great deep even seems to have caught the "depression" which exists on land.

An adjustment of the differences between the Postoffice Department and the railroads relative to the payment for postal services, is now said to be probable.

Among the curiosities of trade is a late shipment of several thousand cases of bacon from Liverpool to New York which seems like sending coals to Newcastle.

An English company has just been organized to import cattle from the United States on an extensive scale. Steamships especially adapted to the trade are to be constructed.

We are quite unable to see how the friends of temperance are going to effect anything by running candidates who cannot get one-tenth enough votes to be elected.

The New York free training school for women is doing a good work, in showing girls that there is something better than standing behind a shop counter or doing factory work.

Two years ago the Democratic party solemnly indorsed in its national platform the doctrine of "the equality of all men before the law;" to-day it supports the White League, composed of masked assassins.

How shockingly profane! The Cincinnati *Gazette*, referring to the report that General Sherman is to place his two youngest daughters at a religious educational establishment at Reading, Ohio, says there is Notre Dame Academy there.

PERSONAL.

Buffalo Bill has returned from his scouting trip with General Miles to his home in Rochester.

A man named Lattin has been arrested at Bridgeport for murder. Now, how the lawyers, in turn, will try to murder Latin!

Mrs. Swisshelm is "down" upon Henry Ward Beecher for his selfishness and cowardice in excusing himself at the expense of Mrs. Tilton by saying: "She thrust her affections on me unsought." 'Twas ever thus since our first father sinned. "And the man said, The woman whom thou gavest to be with me, she gave me of the tree and I did eat."

General Myers and Colonel Lyford, who carried presents from the United States Government to the Mikado of Japan, have returned to Yokohama from their trip to Nagasaki through the inland sea, and have left for San Francisco. They received great attention from the Japanese Government, and were highly pleased with the people and the country.

A wealthy inventor, Charles Clifton, has just died in Jersey City, leaving a fortune of $250,000. He has furnished another instance of "the ruling passion strong in death," for, though he has a number of surviving brothers and sisters in England, he has bequeathed all his wealth to an institution for the teaching of technical and practical mechanics in Manchester, the cotton metropolis of Great Britain.

Vice President Wilson has so far recovered his health as to be able to resume the prosecution of his great work—the history of slavery—devoting, in some instances as many as eight hours a day to this employment. As is well known, two volumes have been given to the public, and the third and last volume is now in hand, and nearly half written. Mr. Wilson expects to complete it within the next year.

In Kenosha, Wisconsin, lately, a lady took her final Knapp, and this is the way a white marble monuement records it:

Farewell.
Foster.
Susan Perrigo,
Wife of
Lewis Knapp.
Emigrated to the land of paradise—'54.
My dear Pet, meet me at the gate of paradise;
I will be there by nature's fast express; until then we meet a loving adieu.
P. S.—W. B. is coming soon.

Up to date, however, Lewis is keeping shop and hasn't taken passage on that train which is to carry him up to the jasper gates.

BEAUTIES OF LIFE AT SEA.

Horrible Case of Cruelty—A Man's Inhumanity.

[From the Baltimore American.]

A few days since, T. Simon Mittler, late mate of the bark Maggie V. Hugg, of this port, appeared before United States Commissioner Brooks, of this city, and charged Marion Hugg, master of the above vessel, and others, with maliciously and wilfully subjecting him to the most cruel and brutal treatment during the passage of the bark from Hampton Roads to Rio de Janeiro. The complainant alleges that on or about the 5th of October, 1873, the bark left this port. On the 9th of October he was suddenly taken ill and sat down on the forward deck. Soon afterwards, Captain Hugg came forward, and after accusing him of being asleep, kicked and beat him in a shocking manner. The sick man attempted to escape, but before he could do so, Hugg drew his revolver and fired four shots at him. The shots did not take effect, and after being submitted to a volley of oaths he was allowed to go below. On the 10th of October, Hugg compelled the mate to leave his berth and go on watch, notwithstanding the fact that he was unable to stand up. There was little or no medicine on board, and consequently Mittler grew better very slowly. The food was disgusting, and was given in quantities only sufficient to sustain life. Mittler or some one of the crew was ill-treated every day. On the 4th of November the Captain was intoxicated and abused every one on the vessel, and was particularly abusive to the mate. He finally knocked the mate down with his revolver, and beat him in a shocking manner. When the mate attempted to stagger to his feet, the Captain ordered four of the men to beat him, and they threw him from the poop to the main deck, and held him there whilst the Captain and several others beat and kicked him in a horrible manner. One of the seamen finally said, "Knock off, you are killing him," but at that moment the steward came up from below and struck the almost dying man on the back with a belaying pin. This blow injured Mittler's spine so badly that he will never recover. The Captain then ordered the men to tie him (the mate) up in the main rigging, but they refused to obey, stating that it would kill him. This refusal so enraged Hugg that he commenced beating and kicking the now insensible man in the stomach in such a brutal manner that the men compelled him to desist. The unfortunate victim of all this cruelty fainted several times. Finally he was put in irons and chained to the grating of the cabin door, when the Captain would sit for hours and taunt him with his sufferings. The injuries the mate received at that time consisted of four cuts in the head, varying from one and a half to three inches in length, a pair of black eyes. His cheeks and tongue were so bruised that it was over a month before he could masticate his food. His abdomen was also covered with bruises and lumps. One of the left ribs was broken, and his legs were literally covered with bruises. Three of his fingers were mashed, and pieces of flesh were cut off his arms and hands where he had been struck with brass knuckles. His spine was also so seriously injured that he could not stand erect for several weeks, and this injury has crippled him for life. The injured man managed to keep a diary during the time he was confined to bed, but it was discovered by the Captain and destroyed, as were a number of private papers of value. His entire private property was examined by the sailors, who confiscated much of it. He swears that he was kept in chains, and never received any medical attention. The mate was afterwards removed to the forecastle and chained there, but he managed to secure a few scaps of paper from some of the sailors, and in that way kept a record of his ill treatment. Some days later the Captain proposed to some members of the crew to throw the mate overboad, as he said the "damn pirate will give us all trouble yet." The men, however, did not agree, and the threat was not carried out. On the arrival of the vessel at Rio a number of the Captain's friend visited the vessel and he insisted that they should go below and "see a live pirate," meaning the mate, who was still in chains, and added, "I would have hung him to the main yard, but I thought it would do no good." On the following morning Mittler sent word to the Captain by the second mate that he would like to see the Consul. Later in the day his chains were taken off and he was sent ashore with his trunk and valise. He stated his case to the American Consul November 11th, and on the 12th an examination was held. Captain Hugg and crew were present, but were all very much intoxicated. After a partial examination the Consul told the mate to take his wages and he would be taken care of until he had recovered. The mate refused to do this, and the Consul told him to go to the hospital and remain there until he had fully recovered from his illness, when the case would be thoroughly investigated. Captain Hugg informed the Consul that Mittler was insane and not to be believed. While Mittler was in the hospital the bark departed. The American Consul did but little to assist Mittler, and he was at last compelled to ask the English Consul to send him to Great Britain. His request was complied with, but on the passage the vessel was wrecked and he did not arrive in England until the summer of 1874, and only reached this city about ten days ago. On hearing the above statement, United States Commissioner Brooks issued a warrant for the arrest of Captain Hugg, and the vessel being in port was libeled for $20,000. The warrant was placed in the hands of the United States Marshal, but Captain Hugg has not yet been arrested. The above is in substance the statement made by Mittler.

STATE NEWS.

Williamsport had snow on Tuesday.

Game of all kinds is very plentiful about Somerset.

The trial of the bank robbers occurs at Wellsboro, November 30th.

Clearfield's fine new school building was dedicated on the evening of the 9th inst.

The Williamsport *Daily Register* is now registered among the things that were, but are not.

The Sharon *Times* says the Valley furnaces at that place are getting ready to blow in.

Mayor Stokley, of Philadelphia, has so far recovered as to be able to attend to his official duties.

The rolling mill of Messrs. Light & Bro., at Lebanon, is making sheet iron on an average of one hundred tons per week.

Delaware county felicitates herself on having received the largest number of prizes and purses at the Chester county fair.

The laying of rails on the Sharpsville and Oakland Railroad extension has commenced, and the work is progressing rapidly.

The proprietor of a Blair county temperance paper known as the *Living Age*, has purchased the defunct *Cove Echo* establishment.

Waynesburgers want $35,000 more of subscriptions, in order to secure the organization and incorporation of their narrow-gauge railway company.

The employees of the Palo Alto Rolling Mill, Schuylkill county, held a meeting and refused to accept the five per cent. reduction of their wages, and will not go to work.

The annual meeting of the Crawford County Dairymen's Association will be held at Meadville, January 6th and 7th. Hon. A. Willard, of the *Rural New Yorker*, and N. B. Arnold, of the New York *Tribune*, will make addresses.

A large quantity of very valuable iron ore has been found on a farm belong to the estate of the late Stephen Deshler, of Easton, which is situated near what is called the Half Way House on the public road leading from Bethlehem to Easton.

S. McFarland, late telegraph operator at New Bethlehem, and who is charged with being the cause of the late accident on the Bennett's Branch road, was placed under bail, on the 2d inst., in the sum of $10,000 to answer at the next term of the Clarion court.

About nine years ago a child was stolen from its parents, John I. Lucas and wife, near Milesburg, Centre county. Every search was made for the little one, who was scarcely three years of age, but without success. Recently the father received information that led to the recovery of his long-lost son, who was discovered working on a farm as a full grown boy, near Blairsville.

A correspondent at Mason and Dixon, Pa., writes that the celebrated pacing mare, "Harriet Lane," owned by A. R. Miller, of Franklin county, Pa., paced her first quarter mile in thirty-one and a half seconds, over a straight course, at Gordon's White Sulphur Springs, on the 2d day of May, 1874. She did it fairly and squarely, without any skips or jump-ups, and she can do it again. The pacing was done under saddle, with running mate.

The Uniontown *Standard* says: A horse thief and infamous wretch, on Monday night of last week, near Littleton Station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, approached a house near the station, and finding a young lady the sole occupant, fiendishly outraged her person, and then to conceal his crime, set fire to the house, leaving her locked inside in an insensible condition. The fire attracted the attention of the citizens and help arrived in time to save the life of the unfortune girl. The villain fled to the mountain.

Says the Monongahela City *Republican*: A girl named Clark, about fourteen years old, living at the American Coal Works, with her parents, committed suicide on Saturday morning last. It appears that her step-father had occasion to correct her on the evening previous (some say her mother whipped her) which so worked upon her mind that, after brooding over it all night, she arose early, and throwing her dress over her night clothes, disappeared. —Her body was found in the river, toward evening on Sunday. A correspondent informs us, however, that the physician who examined the body found her to have been pregnant at the time.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
HON. A. G. OLMSTED, of Potter.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
HON. E. M. PAXSON, of Philadelphia.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
GENERAL HARRISON ALLEN, of Warren.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
COLONEL R. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE, Allegheny.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
HUGH McNEILL, Allegheny.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT,
JNO. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins Township.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT,
HENRY M. LONG,
W. H. GRAHAM,
HENRY GERWIG.

FOR ASSEMBLY—SECOND DISTRICT,
JAMES ONSLOW,
CHARLES JEREMY.

FOR ASSEMBLY—THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS ROWSWELL.

FOR ASSEMBLY—FOURTH DISTRICT,
D. B. MORRISON,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT,
J. P. McCORD,
JAMES K. LARIMER.

FOR ASSEMBLY—FIFTH DISTRICT,
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley,
H. K. SAMPLE.

FOR ASSEMBLY—SIXTH DISTRICT,
A. B. YOUNG,
GEORGE ARCHBOLD.

FOR JUDGE ORPHANS' COURT,
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Wilkins Township.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
E. A. MONTOOTH, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN A. McQUAIDE, Etna.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
G. W. WEDDELL, McKeesport Borough.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
HENRY R. CHALFANT.

Well Worth Reading.

Who is there that does not desire to be always exempted from indigestion—to have a good appetite, a painless stomach, a clear head, a regular pulse, a healthy complexion? If this meets the eye of any who are not thus blessed, let them try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. We guarantee that this delightful tonic will restore any stomach, however weak, to a healthy condition; that it will bring back the truant appetite, and give permanent vigor to the whole system. The feeble and emaciated, suffering from dyspepsia or indigestion in any form, are advised, for the sake of their own bodily and mental comfort, to try it. Ladies of the most delicate constitution testify to its harmless and its restorative properties. Physicians everywhere, disgusted with the adulterated liquors of commerce, prescribe it as the safest and most reliable of all stomachics.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Assets January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56.
CHARTERED IN 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
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D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
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John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

FAMILY MEDICINES.

Joseph Browne,
DRUGGIST,
Dealer in Drugs, Family Medicines,
IMPORTED ALES,
PORTER AND HOFF'S MALT EXTRACTS,
PURE WINES AND LIQUORS FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES,
LUBIN'S AND OTHER CELEBRATED PERFUMES,
SPONGES AND TOILET ARTICLES, of all Descriptions.
Fine English, French and American Soaps.
Corner of Penn Avenue and Sixth St.
(Formerly St. Clair) PITTSBURGH, PA.
Saratoga, Blue Lick and Bedford Waters on draught. All other celebrated Mineral Waters, by bottle or case. Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Compounded. None but the Purest Drugs used.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,
43 South Diamond St., Allegheny City.
W. W. MARTIN..........President.
JAMES E. STEVENSON..........Secretary.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of WILSON, LEGGATE & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by their successors, WILSON, WALKER & CO.

JOHN T. WILSON,
ALEXANDER LEGGATE,
JOHN WALKER,
JAMES R. WILSON,
HOWARD MORTON.

PITTSBURGH, October 1, 1874.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

A limited partnership has been formed as of October 1st, A. D. 1874, between the undersigned, under the laws of Pennsylvania relating thereto, and notice is hereby given,

1st. That the name of the firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is WILSON, WALKER & CO.

2d. That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted by the said partnership is the manufacture of Iron in all its branches.

3d. That the names of the general partners of said partnership, and their respective places of residence, are as follows, viz.:

JOHN T. WILSON, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JAMES R. WILSON, Allegheny City, Pa.
JOHN WALKER, Allegheny City, Pa.
ALEXANDER LEGGATE, Allegheny City, Pa.

4th. That the special partner in said partnership is ANDREW CARNEGIE, of New York City, and the amount of capital contributed by him to the common stock is sixty thousand dollars.

5th. That the period at which this partnership commences is the first day of October, A. D. 1874, and the period at which it will terminate is the first day of October, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

JOHN T. WILSON,
JAMES R. WILSON,
ALEXANDER LEGGATE,
JOHN WALKER,
General Partners.
ANDREW CARNEGIE,
Special Partner.

NEW BOOKS.

NEW SHOOTING BOOKS.

FIELD, COVER, AND TRAP SHOOTING. By CAPT. A. H. BOGARDUS. With Steel Portrait and Engraving of the "Champion Medal," 1 vol., 12mo. Fancy stamped Cloth. $2 00.

A compendium of many years of experience, giving hints for skilled marksmen and instructions for young sportsmen, describing the haunts and habits of game birds, flight and resorts of water-fowl, breeding and breaking of dogs, and everything of interest to the sportsman. The author is "champion wing-shot of America," who knows a gun as Hiram Woodruff knew a horse. And he has the same careful and competent editor who put Woodruff's "Trotting Horse of America" into shape—Chas. J. Foster, so many years sporting editor of *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times*.

AMERICAN WILD-FOWL SHOOTING. By JOSEPH W. LONG. 1 vol., 12mo, Illustrated, Fancy Stamped Cloth. $2 00.

A book of practical specific instruction as to the different species, habits, haunts and pursuits of wild-fowl, the building and use of blinds, boats, decoys, &c., the training of water retrievers, and many miscellaneous hints of great value to hunters of wild-game fowl. Full of admirable descriptions, adventure, &c., &c. The only book of the kind in the English language.

**To be had through any Bookseller, or will be mailed, post-paid, on receipt of price, by
J. B. FORD & CO., Publishers,
27 Park Place, N. Y.

1874, FALL AND WINTER 1875
HATS, CAPS
AND
FURS!
A Large and Attractive Stock
OF
NEW DESIRABLE GOODS,
FOR THE
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.
R. H. PALMER,
151 WOOD ST.

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NOW READY!
NEW
FALL DRY GOODS!
AT
A. D. McKEE'S,
No. 59 Market St.
EVERY DEPARTMENT NOW CONTAINS
Choice Seasonable Goods.

New Fall Dry Goods!
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS!
IN
Dry Goods,
AT
ERWIN'S,
172 and 174
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY,

In consequence of our recent embarrassment, and to convert our large stock of goods into cash as rapidly as possible, we will offer for the next few weeks some Bargains that will be unprecedented in the history of the Dry Goods Trade.

Our Stock is unusually Full and Complete, and will be kept fully supplied with all the BEST BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS as they are offered in the Eastern Markets. It is a good time now to make purchases, as at no time for the last fifteen years have the prices of Dry Goods been so low as now.

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172 AND 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
26 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh,
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NEW LINEN GOODS.
TABLE LINENS,
NAPKINS,
DOYLIES,
Linen Sets of Cloth and Napkins,
Suitable for Bridal Presents,
OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION.
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ALL THE CHOICEST STYLES
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Imported Woolens,
AT
HENRY SMITH & SONS'
Tailoring Establishment,
No. 98 Wylie Avenue.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a Full Line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FOR SPRING WEAR, AT LOWEST PRICES.

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MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S
English, French and German Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, Nos. 6 and 8 East Fifty-third street, New York. Exercises for the next year will begin at 9 A. M., October 1st, when all pupils should be present. New scholars will report September 29th, when teachers will class them. MWF

EST'D 1858.
DOOLEY'S
YEAST POWDER
THE STANDARD BAKING POWDER
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
PREPARATION EVER
OFFERED FOR MAKING
BREAD.

Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is perfectly Pure and Wholesome.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is put up in Full Weight Cans.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes Elegant Biscuits and Rolls.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes delicious Muffins, Griddle Cakes, Corn Bread, &c.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Makes all kinds of Dumplings, Pot-Pies, Cakes and Pastry, nice, light and healthy.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is the best, because perfectly pure.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is the Cheapest, because full weight.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is guaranteed to give satisfactiyn.
Be sure to ask for
Dooley's Yeast Powder
And do not be put off with any other kind.
Dooley's Yeast Powder
Is put up in Tin Cans of various sizes, suitable for Families, Boarding Houses, Hotels Restaurants and River, Lake and Ocean Vessels on short or long voyages.

The market is flooded with Cheap, Inferior Baking and Yeast Powders of light or short weight. DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER is warranted full strength and full weight.

Sold at Wholesale and Retail, generally throughout the United States, by dealers in Groceries and Family Supplies.

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MANUFACTURERS
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HARVEST QUEEN
Reaper and Binder Company.
Capital..........$300,000
SHARES 3,000, PER $100 EACH.

The books for subscription to the above Company are now open at the office of the
Householder's Fire Insurance Company,
German American Bank Building, Penn avenue. The payments on subscriptions are as easy as the necessities of the business in getting machinery and building will permit.

This promises to be a remarkably successful Company, as the business will be a specialty, covered by patents that make the invention a monopoly. It is the greatest agricultural improvement of the age.

For prospectus, &c., and inspection of the model, call on the inventor at the office as above.

PATENTS.

Persons desiring to procure Patents, or wishing to obtain information from the U. S. Patent Office, are advised to consult F. A. LEHMANN, of Washington, D. C., corner of Seventh and G streets.
NO PATENT—NO PAY.
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USE SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP.

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This Advertisement is New Every Wednesday and Saturday!

DRESS GOODS!
EVERYTHING
NEW AND DESIRABLE,
AT VERY ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

BLACK MOHAIR ALPACAS.

We desire to call special attention to the New Stock of Black Mohair Alpacas, just opened, at from 25c to 87½c a yard, being decidedly the best value for the prices we have yet offered.

EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS IN
BEST BLACK DRESS SILKS,
AT $1 25 TO $3 50 PER YARD,
Being fully one-third under their actual value.

NEW COLORED DRESS SILKS, in all Desirable Fall Shades, at exceedingly low prices.
At 12½c, Good Bargains in Dark Dress Goods.
At 18¾c and 25c, Extra Good Value in New Dress Goods.
Fine Black and Colored Cashmeres.
French Merinos, all colors.
Camel's Hair Cloth, Twills, &c.
New Sateens, Serges and Mohairs.
New Mourning Dress Goods.
Children's Dress Goods, great variety.
New Tycoon, Repps, Delaines, Plaids, &c.
Poplins, Pongees, Lustres, &c.

Ladies' Suits & Outside Garments.

To meet the great demand for our Ladies' Made-up Suits, we have largely increased our facilities for manufacturing them, and hope to be able to furnish a sufficient number to meet all demands in future. We make them up in the best and most Fashionable Style, of all Materials and Colors.

JUST OPENED.
Elegant New Jackets and Sacques.
New Shawls, all kinds and qualities.

Muslins, Calicos, &c.,
ALL THE
Popular Bargains of the Day.

At 7½c, Heavy Yard Wide Unbleached Muslins.
At 8½c, Good Yard Wide Bleached Muslins.
At 10c, Extra quality Yard Wide Bleached Muslin, without dressing.
At 4c. and 5c. Good Fast Colored Calicos.
At 6¼c, Fast Colored Dark Calicos.
At 8½c, Best Fast Colored Calicos.
At 12½c, Fast Colored Dark Chintz Calicos.
BARGAINS in Pillow Case and Sheeting Muslins.
BARGAINS in Table Linens, all kinds.
BARGAINS in Linen Towels and Towelings.
BARGAINS in White and Colored Bed Quilts.
BARGAINS in Feather and Straw Bed Tickings.
BARGAINS in Furniture Chintzes and Checks.
BARGAINS in Cotton Shirtings.
All the New Styles in Best Dark Calicos.
New Mourning Calicos.

EASTERN AND COUNTRY
Blankets and Flannels
AT LOWEST PRICES.

Barred Shirting Flannels.
Best Country Barred Flannels.
Plain Colored Flannels, all kinds.
Twilled Flannels, all colors.
Fine White Flannels.
Fine All-Wool Shaker Flannels.
Silk Embroidered White Flannels.
Fine Barred Saxony Flannels and Opera Flannels, all colors.
Fine Fancy Shirting Flannels.
Best White Blankets, all sizes.
Medium quality White Blankets.
Colored Blankets, all kinds.
Fancy Carriage Blankets.

NEW STOCK JUST OPENED OF
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS, &c
WATERPROOF CLOTHS,
ALL COLORS AND QUALITIES.

New Millinery Goods,
NEW FANCY GOODS,
NEW
Gloves, Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Latest Styles in
Hats and Bonnets,
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.

ELEGANT NEW STOCK OF
Sashes and Sash Ribbons.
Ladies' Silk Neck Scarfs.
French Flowers, Plumes and Feathers.
Birds' Wings, Pom Pons, &c.
Ribbons, of all widths and colors.
New Yak and Beaded Laces.
Beaded Trimmings, all kinds.
Best Black Silk Laces.
Beaded Trimmings, all kinds.
New Embroideries, all widths.
Handkerchiefs, Collars, Cuffs, &c.
Ladies' Neck Wear, everything New.
Veils and Veilings, all kinds.

FALL AND WINTER
Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves,
For Ladies, Gent's and Children, of all Sizes and Qualities, at our usual Lowest Prices.

FOR INFANTS' WEAR.
New-Knit Sacques and Hoods.
White Fur Caps and Bonnets.
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Cloaks, Embroidered Shawls, &c.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods!!
FALL ASSORTMENT.
White Dress Shirts,
Flannel and Cloth Shirts,
Silk Bows, Scarfs, &c.,
Suspenders, Collars,
Handkerchiefs, &c.,
Underwear all kinds.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny, Pa.

WHOLESALE HOUSE.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
INVITE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THEIR LINES OF

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
FELT SKIRTS,
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BARRED COUNTRY FLANNELS,
PLAIN AND TWILLED FLANNELS,
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COLORED AND BLACK ALPACAS,
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BLACK DRESS SILKS AND DOMESTIC COTTONS, AT THE NEW LOW RATES.

CASHMERES, MERINOS,
VELVET RIBBONS.
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LATEST STYLES MILLINERY GOODS,
In Stock and Arriving Daily.
STAPLE NOTIONS.
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Extensive Lines of Everything in the Above Departments at Bottom Prices.
WHOLESALE ONLY.
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Patent Seamless English
CRUMB CLOTHS,
Parlor Druggets.
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New Style Imitation Lace.
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All Fresh Goods Just Received.
Lowest Prices of the Market.
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OCTOBER, - - 1874.
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PRICES REDUCED,
GREAT BARGAINS
In All Qualities
Brussels, Ingrains,
DRUGGETS,
RAG, COTTAGE AND HEMPS
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
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CARPETS!

We are now showing the first receipts of our NEW FALL STOCK. They give promise of much Handsomer Styles and Novelties, with Lower Prices, than have been known in this market for a long time.

Those having new residences now ready to furnish, and those just returning from the summer resorts, are invited to look through our Stock.

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23 FIFTH AVENUE.

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GREEN SHADE CLOTH A SPECIALTY.
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PAINTING, GRAINING and GLAZING.
Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., October 13, 1874.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS

Sealed Proposals

Will be received at this office until the 23d inst., inclusive, for BUILDING A ONE-STORY BRICK OFFICE for the Sheriff of Allegheny County, on the Court House grounds.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of EDWARD M. BUTZ, Architect, No. 41 Federal street, Allegheny.

HENRY WARNER, Controller.
Per HENRY SNIVELY, Clerk.

LUMBER &C.

J. H. MORRISON,
MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF
SAWED LUMBER,
BOXES, OORING, AILINGS, LATHS, NAIL KEGS, &c.
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No. 386 River Avenue,
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STATIONERY!
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ENVELOPES,
All Styles, Sizes and Colors, neatly and promptly printed to order. LETTER PRESSES, LETTER BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS, of all kinds; BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, CARDS, and SHIPPING TAGS. Special inducements to persons buying in large quantities.
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MEDICAL.

QUICKLY CURED!

ALL forms of Venereal, Private and Chronic Diseases at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 137 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. The Proprietors are Regular Graduates of Medicine and Surgery, as Diploma at office will show, are longer engaged and the most successful, as their extensive city practice will prove. Age, with experience, can be relied on.

NO CURE, NO PAY.

Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, and all urinary diseases, and Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases, sent in sealed envelope for one stamp. All communications confidential. Address

Girard Medical Dispensary,

No. 137 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. All medicines are prepared by the proprietor where nothing but the best of drugs are used. This enables us to cure the most difficult cases after all others have failed. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sundays from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. d*

DR. WHITTIER, 296 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., continues to treat with his usual great success, all Private Diseases. Perfect cures guaranteed. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and final impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, all Urinary diseases and Syphilis, (all forms), consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicine prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere. Office hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 to 1 P. M.

"TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,"

144 pages, fine illustrations; cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders and mysteries of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequence and cure. Price 50 cents, at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Dr. WHITTIER, 296 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. d*

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HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored. Impediments to Marriage Removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. MWF

MANHOOD RESTORED—A VICTIM of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 78 Nassau street, New York. MWF

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. Book and circular, 10 cents. Address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 7 P. M.

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Liberty and Eleventh Sts.
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Sole Agents for the Celebrated
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Roofing Materials For Sale.
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Roofer and Dealer in
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Office—370 PENN STREET, opposite Fort Wayne Freight Depot,
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All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by experienced workmen.

FOR SALE.
FIVE HUNDRED CIDER BARRELS,
Good, substantial, second hand, full hooped, wood bound; suitable for cider; 45 gallons; $1 each, delivered on cars.
HENRY REA, Jr.,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
305 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Allegheny City, October 31st, A. D. 1873. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of LOWRIE CHILDS, of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.

D. F. AGNEW, Assignee,
No. 120 Rebecca street, Allegheny.

INSURANCE.

GERMAN AMERICAN
Insurance Company of Penn'a.,
PITTSBURGH.
ASSETS, - - - $125,000 00
DIRECTORS.
G. H. MEYER, President.
H. H. NIEMAN, Vice President.
F. D. GEIST, Confectioner.
EDWIN BINDLEY, of Bindley & Sons, Builders.
J. H. DEMMLER, Manufacturer of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.
JAS. LIPPINCOTT, of Hubbard, Lippincott, Bakewell & Co.
J. A. KAERCHER, Capitalist.
JAC. KEEBLER, of Keebler & White, Builders.
JOHN AUFDERHYDE, of Freese & Aufderhyde, Grocers.
H. HACHMASTER, Furnace Builder.
GEORGE WAMHOFF, Grocer.
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ROBT. ABEL, Secretary.
J. A. KAERCHER, Treasurer.
ERNST PRIDDAT, General Agent.

South Side Fire Insurance Co.
CAPITAL, $100,000.
Office, 2633 CARSON ST., Pittsburgh.
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E. KREIG, Secretary.
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J. G. Fleishman,
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People's Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. CORNER WOOD STREET AND FIFTH AVENUE.
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
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Manufacturers and Merchants' INSURANCE COMPANY,
87 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE,
CAPITAL, $250,000.
ASSETS, $371,679 07, JANUARY 1, 1874.
JAS. I. BENNETT, President.
JOHN W. CHALFANT, Vice President.
JAS. M. KENNEY, Secretary.
AUGUST AMMON, General Agent.
DIRECTORS.
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A. E. W. Painter,
John W. Chalfant,
Robert Lea,
I. C. Pershing,
William Walker,
John Wilson,
Henry A. Weaver,
W. A. Reed,
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C. W. Batchelor,
S. F. VonBonhorst,
Mark W. Watson.

Western Insurance Company,
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FINANCE AND TRADE.

Thursday Evening, October 15, 1874.

In the absence of anything new or strange in financial circles as subjects of discussion, monetary writers are spending their time in theorizing on the not very encouraging condition of the situation, the causes which have led to that condition and the preventives to its repetition.

Banking as now conducted is really in accordance with the doctrine of chances; toss a thousand pennies into the air a thousand times and the same number of heads will appear turned up as tails. It is all a matter of chance, yet is is almost infalably true.

A banker accepts the money of a hundred depositors and agrees to return that money whenever called for; he then proceeds to loan these deposits for stated times. Should all his customers demand their money at one time, suspension is inevitable; yet he trusts to the doctrine of chances, that no greater number, under ordinary circumstances, will call for their funds than he will be able to pay out of his reserve. This matter of chance has so much of known truth in it as to be formulated into a law, and the Government in its wisdom has ordained by statute that, in a city of the size of Pittsburgh, a banker can safely loan seventy-five per cent. of his deposits, hold twenty-five per cent. in reserve to meet all demands, and in the country eighty-five per cent. can be loaned, fifteen per cent. being held in reserve.

In times of financial disturbance, depositors become uneasy, and doubting the ability of the banks to realize on the credits which they have accepted for their cash deposits, and a larger number than usual call for their funds, which course compels the banks to suspend.

They, in turn, in order to meet the demands on them, call on the merchants for the payment of their notes, given in return for money loaned, which, if pushed to final liquidation, has the effect of causing the suspension of the merchants. How to prevent the disasters which always result from such a course is a problem which has never been solved. The weak point in the whole financial structure is in the banks undertaking to say that they will at any and all times return on demand the money left with them on deposit. If in their contract with their depositors they would reserve the right, under extraordinary circumstances, of delaying payment until they had time to turn their time loans into cash, or of cancelling their contracts in some other way than by the payment of cash, a run upon them would be impossible, and panics like that of 1873 could not occur.

Last fall it became necessary in the larger cities to discontinue paying cash on checks, and in lieu thereof they were marked "good, payable through the Clearing House." The *Bulletin* ably advocated the banks adopting this course as a permanent arrangement, after it had been found to work so successfully as an expedient suddenly called into use by the exigencies of the panic, and now suggests that the present is a good time to have the banks act in the matter, when both depositors and their bankers have a lively realizing sense of its necessity.

The writer of the article in question says:

"Such expedients should be resorted to only on a general agreement between the banks, and to be continued for so long as the special occasion might, in the judgment of the Clearing House, appear necessary. This would be but a candid acknowledgement of the limit to which the banks can possibly pay depositors on demand; and it would deprive panics of their chief element of vitality. The public would know that the banks could not be broken by a 'run,' and there would therefore be no 'run' upon them; and yet there would be no deprivation to the public of the necessary means of effecting settlements, although the kind of instruments to be used in settlements would be temporarily changed. The banks would then present a solid front against the storm of popular excitement; they would be in a position to support all needing help; they could protect their customers; the machinery of finance, though partially deranged, would be kept in running condition; panic proper could make no progress; and the public mind being kept cool and free from needless apprehension, the crisis would be dealt with discreetly and upon its merits."

In times of financial distress the banks find that very many of the securities which they hold and count among their sound assets fail to respond to the calls made upon them, and as a result they learn to distrust all forms of credits.

This is the great difficulty of the present situation. Borrowers of all classes, legitimate traders and manufacturers who need money to keep the wheels of their factories going; sound merchants, who would buy freely if they could but borrow as in the past; speculators, who would borrow at any and all times for any and all purposes, are looked upon with a certain degree of distrust by the banks, and we presume that only time and experience will bring back the confidence which received so severe a blow a year since.

—The London *News* of the 28th ult. says:

The fact that the Bank of France is now withdrawing its 20f. notes from circulation as a preliminary to the abolition of the forced currency, coupled with the statement just made by a French financial journal of authority that the amount outstanding of those 20f. notes is £2,000,000, throws a good deal of light on the present state and prospects of the money market. The effort of the Bank of France to reconstitute its stock of bullion, and generally prepare for a return to specie payments, has been quite as exhaustive of the stocks of gold throughout the world, and is likely for some time to be so, as was the demand for the German coinage up to the end of last year. Germany, it is calculated, absorbed upwards of thirty millions of gold in about two and a half years from the close of the Franco-German war, an abstraction which caused no little disturbance, as the annual supply from the mines during the period was probably little over that amount, and the ordinary annual requirements of bullion to keep the money market and prices in *statu quo* are very large. But the Bank of France during the present year has increased its stock of bullion about eighteen millions sterling, a very large part of the increase being in gold, and the imports of gold into France in excess of the exports were, in fact, up to the end of August last, about eleven millions sterling. The French rate of absorption has, therefore, been almost as great as that of Germany, and if the statement now made as to the amount of the 20f. notes to be withdrawn is correct, this absorption must yet continue for some time. The operation in progress is not merely that of reconstituting the stock of gold in the Bank of France, which has been sufficiently long already. In addition, a large amount of coin which had been displaced from circulation, is being restored, and the consequent drain upon other countries before the work is completed, promises to be very large.

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the St. Clair Banking Company, No. 16 Sixth street:

October 15, 1874.	10:30 A. M	11:30 A. M	12:30 P. M	1:30 P. M
Gold	110	....	110	10
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup	118⅜	....	118¼	...
5-20's, 1862	113⅛	....	113⅛	...
5-20's, 1864	115⅝	....	115⅝	...
5-20's, 1865	116½	....	116¾	...
5-20's, 1865, new	116	....	116	...
5-20's, 1867	117¼	....	117¼	...
5-20's, 1868	117¼	....	117⅜	...
10-40's	111¼	....	111¼	...
10-40's, coupons	111⅜	....	111½	...
Currency 6's	117⅜	....	117⅜	...
New 5 per cent's	111	....	....	...
Registered '67's	....	....	116¾	...
Canton	....	....	....	57
Western Union Tel	78½	78½	78⅝	78
Quicksilver	....	....	....	30
Pacific Mail	46⅝	46⅝	47⅜	47
Panama	....	....	....	113
Adams Express	....	109½	....	108
Wells-Fargo Express	....	80½	....	78
Merchants' Union Ex	....	18	....	18
American Express	....	61	....	61
United States Exp'ss	....	65	....	66
New York Central	100⅝	....	101⅛	....
Erie	27¾	....	29⅛	29½
Michigan Central	....	74	....	....
Michigan Southern	78¼	78¾	78¾	....
Illinois Central	....	91	91½	91½
Cleveland & Pitts'gh	....	87	....	87¼
Chicago & Northw'n	37⅜	37⅞	38½	38¼
Do. preferred	....	55	....	53
Rock Island	97⅝	....	98½	98¼
St. Paul, common	....	32⅞	33⅜	33¼
Do. preferred	....	....	....	50
Wabash, common	31½	31¼	31⅞	32
Fort Wayne	....	91	....	91
Ohio & Mississippi	27	....	28	28
Union Pacific	35	35⅝	35⅝	35½
Chicago & Alton	....	98½	....	97
Boston, H & E	....	1	....	1
Harlem	....	130	....	128½
Hannibal & St. Joe	....	26	....	25¼
Do. preferred	....	....	....	29
Terre Haute	....	....	....	12½
C. C. & I. C	....	10⅛	10¼	....
Iron Mountain	....	....	....	15
Tennessee, old	....	67	....	....
Do. new	....	67	....	....
South Carolina, April	....	15	....	....
Do. July	....	15	....	....
Missouri 6's	....	94½	....	....

—The following is a report of the prices of leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board as received by wire at noon to-day.

	Bid.	Asked.
Pennsylvania Central, sales	54⅛	....
Pennsylvania Central, scrip, sales	104	....
Reading, sales	53⅞	....
United Companies of N. J	127¼	127½
Oil Creek, sales	7¼	....
Lehigh Valley, sales	61¼	....
Allegheny Valley	89½	....
Central Transportation	....	43
Empire Transportation	54	....
P., C. & St. L. m'tge bonds, sales	67½	....

GENERAL MARKETS.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Thursday, October 15, 1874.

The markets to-day exhibited no especial change from the features previously noted in these columns. The easier feeling in oats continues, and the receipts of that grain continue very large, amounting to 12,000 or 13,000 bushels daily. Corn is also slightly easier, but not quotably changed, and in most respects there is not any material alteration from yesterday's quotations.

We see in the St. Louis *Democrat* that the East St. Louis Provision and Packing Company has commenced slaughtering and packing operations, with a capacity for killing 6,000 hogs and 400 beeves daily. It will not be long before the new crop of provisions makes its appearance in the market.

Flour, bbls	1,645	Apples, bbls	247
Cheese, bxs	70	Corn, sks	680
Wheat, sks	700	Barley, sks	340
Rye, sks	30	Oats, sks	5,845
Butter, pkgs	9	Bacon, pcs	29
Bacon, tcs	201	Hay, bales	399
Potatoes, bush	1,778	Ice, tons	20
Peaches, crates	77		

The following quotations are prices realized in wholesale transactions unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Prices of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free in elevator.

GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED.

GRAIN—The market is fairly active without quotatable change from previous prices. We quote choice Kentucky and Illinois white wheat $1 35@1 38 ₩ bush; extra Michigan white, $1 22@1 25; Ohio do $1 18@1 20; Ohio and Pennsylvania red winter $1 10@1 15. Corn is easy with a tendency toward inside figures at 88@90c for shelled, high mixed; 90c for old ear; 64@66c for new ear on track. Oats are also easy, and a slightly lower feeling prevails. We quote at 60@61c for white. Rye and barley are unchanged.

FLOUR—The jobbing prices of leading dealers are as follows: St. Louis $7 50@8 00; choice brands of white winter wheat $6 75@7 25; Wisconsin $6 75; red winter, old, $6 75@7 00; new do $5 75@6 50; rye flour $5 75@6 00; Graham flour $7 25@7 50; corn meal $3 50; oat meal $7 25@8 00 ₩ bbl. We note the appearance of the first invoices of buck wheat flour in this market, which is quoted at $5 00 ₩ cwt. The wholesale prices of local millers are as follows: No. 1 white wheat flour $7 50 ₩ bbl; No. 1 amber wheat do $6 80; red wheat flour $6 40; in sacks 30c off ₩ bbl.

HAY—We quote prime timothy baled at $20 00@21 00 ₩ ton on track or wharf; No. 2 do $18 00@19 00; inferior $16 00@17 00; baled hay from store is quoted at $22 00@23 00. There has been a liberal supply of loose hay on the Allegheny market. Choice No. 1 timothy sold at $25 00@26 00; No. 2, $23 00@24 00; second growth clover hay $21 00@22 00; inferior $17 00@20 00.

MILL FEED—The market is rather quiet. Bran is steady at $1 12@1 15 ₩ cwt; shorts at $1 25@1 30 ₩ cwt; middlings; $1 50@1 60 ₩ cwt. chopped feed, $1 50@1 60 ₩ cwt; oil meal $1 90@2 00 ₩ cwt.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

GROCERIES—A very moderate business was transacted in groceries to-day at wholly unchanged prices, as follows:

Green Coffees.	₩ ℔.	Imperial	50c@$1 00
Fancy	24½c	Japan	55c@ 1 00
Choice	23½c	Oolong	25c@ 85c
Prime	22 c	Fancy	$1 00
Good	20 c	Souchong	25c@ 85c
Java	33 c	*Molasses.*	₩ gall.
Roasted Coffees.		Strictly ch'c N O	88c
Rio, in papers	26 c	Good	83c
Rio, in bulk	25½c	Prime	85c
Java	37 c	Demerara	65@70c
Sugars.		*Syrups.*	
Standard A	11½c	Ex. white drips	75c
Standard B	11½c	Sugar drips	65c
Standard extra C	11 c	Lower grades	45@50c
Standard hards	11¾c	*Rice.*	₩ ℔.
Franklin extra C	10¾c	Choice Carolina	9c
American extra C	9⅞c	Patna	8@8½c
Atlantic C	9½c	Rangoon	7½c
Cuba	9½c	*Raisins.*	
Porto Rico	9½@10¼c	Layers, ₩ bx.	$3 40
Teas.		Valentia, ₩ ℔	@12 c
Young Hyson	50c@$1 00	Currants	7½@ 8 c
Gunpowder	50c@ 1 25	Prunes	13 @13½c

BACON AND PROVISIONS—We quote as follows: Canvassed hams, ₩ ℔, 14½c; plain do 15c; shoulders plain s. c., ₩ ℔, 11c; breakfast bacon, clear 16½; dried beef, canvassed, 16c; beef tongues ₩ doz, $6 50@7 00; bacon shoulders, ₩ ℔, 10c; rib sides, do, 15¼c; clear rib sides, do, 15¾c; clear sides, do, 16c; mess pork, ₩ bbl, $25 00; prime lard, refined for summer use, in tcs, ₩ ℔, 15½c; ½ bbls do 16c; buckets, do 16½c; in 3-℔ caddies, do 17c; in 5-℔ caddies do, 16¾c; in 3-℔ pails, do 18c; in 5-℔ pails, do 17¾c; in 6-℔ do. 17½c.

FISH—There is a steady trade at slightly easier prices for new codfish. We quote as follows:

No. 1 extra mess mackerel, ₩ bbl.	$23 00	New No. 3	$10 00
No. 1 mess do	21 00	Georges codfish, medium, ₩ 100	6 00
Extra No. 1 shore	20 00	Lake trout	6 50
Extra No. 1 bay	15 00	White fish	6 50
No. 1 bay	14 00	Lake herring	4 35
Extra No. 2	13 00	Labrador herring	9 00
No. 2 bay	12 00		

CARBON OIL—We quote carbon oil from store at 12@12½c ₩ gal; in car lots at the usual deduction.

LARD OIL—The market is firm and prices are steady; extra No. 1, winter strained, $1 10@1 12 ₩ gal; summer do $1 05@1 07. Demand active with light supply.

TALLOW—Sales at 7½@8c ₩ ℔ for choice, and 7@7½c for medium. Demand good and market firm.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Friday, October 16, 1874.

There does not seem to be much change in the petroleum markets. Prices of crude oil are a little stronger, and rule more firmly at the higher quotations. Refined is not materially changed in price.

CRUDE.

The market is rather quiet, but at stronger prices than previously. We quote United at wells at 72½@75c; Union at river 98¾c@$1 01¼; Relief at river 93¾@95c; Karns do 95@96¾c; Grant do 96¼@97½c. Sales of 19,000 bbls United pipe, 5,000 Union do, 2,000 Relief do, 2,000 Karns do, and 3,000 Grant do, are reported from Parkers.

REFINED.

The market for refined is a shade weaker, under the influence of the lower prices in the Eastern markets. We quote at 9½@9¾c for standard white on the cars.

New York—Refined is quoted at 12¼c for prompt delivery.

Philadelphia—Refined is quoted at 11¼c on the spot; October delivery 11¾@12c.

OIL BARRELS.

The market continues dull and flat at $1 45 for city made, and $1 30@1 35 for country do.

TITUSVILLE, October 15.—The *Herald* says: There was a slight reaction in the petroleum markets and quotation in nearly all the home markets underwent a slight improvement. Sales:

500 bbls, Upper creek, spot	$1 02¼
200 bbls, Upper creek, spot	1 03¾
200 bbls, Upper creek, spot	1 02½
1,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at wells	72½
6,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at wells	73¾
3,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at wells	75
2,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at wells	75
2,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at wells	76
1,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at river	1 02¼
3,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at river	1 05
1,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at river	1 06¼
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Union, at river	98¾
3,000 bbls, Parker's, Union, at river	1 00¼
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Union, at river	1 01¼
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Relief, at river	93¾
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Relief, at river	95
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Karns, at river	95
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Karns, at river	96¼
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Grant, at river	96¼
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Grant, at river	95
1,000 bbls, Parker's, Grant, at river	97½

NEW YORK, October 15.—Closing 14.—There is rather more doing on export account at former prices. Sales: 6,500 bbls crude, in bulk, at 5½c; 5,000 bbls do, late yesterday, at 5½c; 6,500 bbls refined, deliverable by October 25th, at 12½c, and 15,000 cases fancy brands, at 18¾@19c. Crude in bulk is quoted at 5½c; refined, 12¼c for spot delivery; cases—ordinary lots at 17¼@17½c for shipment; naptha 10½c in shipping orders. For Philadelphia delivery the market is firm, and refined quoted at 11¾c for short delivery.

PHILADELPHIA, October 15.—The market is steady; S. W. 11¼c; crude 5¾c; cases 16¾c; sales none. Futures—October 11¾@12c.

PARKERS, October 15.—United 73¾@75c; immediate 92½c. The market is quiet, with nothing doing.

PETROLEUM CENTER, October 15.—The market is quiet at $1 00.

TIDIOUTE, October 15.—The market is dull and unchanged at 70c bid at wells.

ROUSEVILLE, October 15.—The market is quiet and dull at 96@92½c.

TITUSVILLE, October 15.—The market is dull, with nothing doing, at $1 00@1 02½.

OIL CITY, October 15.—The market is quiet at $1 00@1 02.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Fisher Bros	Riverside O W	481
Fisher Bros	Sunbeam O W	239
Fisher Bros	Lioza O W	161
Fisher Bros	Citizens O W	81
Total		962

Refined Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, October 14, 1874.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Waring Bros	Waring Bros, Phila	400
Citizens O Co	Tack Bros, Phila	586
Lockhart & F	Warden, F & Co, Phila	1,525
National O Co	Warden, F & Co, Phila	626
Total		3,137

OCTOBER 15.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Lockhart & F	Warden, F & Co, Phila	861
Citizens O Co	Tack Bros, Phila	266
Total		1,127

IRON MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

October 14—Scotch Pig—The stock continues low but the demand is exceedingly limited. Sales are reported of 200 tons No. 2 Eglinton to arrived (near by) for consumption, and 50 do Eglinton on the spot, both on private terms.

American Pig—Still tends downward, and little hope seems to exist of any improvement this year. Sales are small at about our quotations.

Rails—All descriptions, both old and new, are very quiet.

Scrap—We hear of nothing doing.

Manufactured—Continues quiet at our store quotations, with very few orders going forward to the mills. We note sales of 50@100 packs Russia sheet at 15@15½ cents gold for sound, as to numbers.—*Commercial List.*

ST. LOUIS.

October 14.—These prices are the latest—made yesterday by authority:

[Quotations of Iron Mountain Co.]

Iron Mountain and Irondale charcoal hot blast metals (four month time), No. 1	$38 00@39 00
No. 2, same as above	37 00@38 00
Mottled and white	48 00@49 00
Cold blast car wheel, Nos. 1 and 2	52 50@53 00
Cold blast, white and mottled	52 00@53 00
Cold blast, surface ore, malleable, Nos. 1 and 2	56 00
Cold blast s. o. white and mottled	60 00
Iron Mountain ore, cash, per ton	53 00@55 00

Common bar, per pound, 2 9-10@3 1-10c; C. H. and V. iron, 3 4-10@3 6-10c; ref. 4@4 2-10c; charcoal 5@5 2-10c; common sheet iron, No. 10 to 14, 4 2-10@4 6-10c; do 17 to 20, 4 5-10@4 7-10c; charcoal sheet, 9@10c; do plate, 6 5-10@8c; flange plate, 8 5-10@9c.

MISSOURI IRON ORES.

Iron mountain, per ton	$7 00
Benton creek, per ton	7 50
Surface ores, per ton	8 00
Red and brown hematites, per ton	$5 00@6 50
Pilot Knob, per ton	5 50

From common bar and throughout the quotation of manufactured iron the prices annexed mean cash.—*Republican.*

HOP MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

October 14.—The market is very quiet, to effect sales concessions must be made. Consumers buy only for immediate wants; sales about 250 bales new at 40@45c.

From the London *Times*, of September 28, we take the following: Messrs. Woolloton & Son report that picking is so nearly completed that an impartial estimate may now be formed as to the extent of the crop and the probabilities of the trade. Late frosts, severe blight and excessive drouth have resulted in a very moderate crop. In Worcester and Hereford the result is insignificant, and the same may be said of some parishes in Hampshire, Sussex, Mid Kent and the Weald; while the best East Kent district, North Kent and Farnham are highly favored. Recent genial weather, though too late for many of the blighted grounds, has produced a fair crop in many places which, at one time, were pronounced hopeless. In the regretted absence of statistics, opinions vary as to the general result, which, with about 70,000 acres under cultivation, may reasonably be called equal to £150,000 old duty, though some judgments, well worthy of respect, allege this estimate to be somewhat too sanguine, while speculators profess that about half that amount represents the crop of 1874. The stock of 1873 is large, and there is also an important surplus of 1872, and of older dates, and their value appears reasonable in comparison with the excessive prices of new hops. Abroad the stock of yearlings and old hops is small. Bavaria and Bohemia grow about half a crop, but still have a good surplus for export. Alsace and the Poperinghe districts have each growths of superior quality, and Alost has suffered from blight. America has an average crop, and of choice quality. The extreme prices predicted for English hops and the exaggerated statements as to the deficiency of the English crop, cannot fail to attract from all hop growing countries the full extent of available surplus. Up to this date the sale of new hops has been very small, and the market is well supplied. The European markets are less excited.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, October 15.—Cotton lower: low middling 14½c. Flour firm. Wheat dull; No. 3 red fall $1 20@1 20½. Corn dull at 80c. Oats dull; No. 2, 49@50c. Barley easier and only samples sold. Rye lower at 90@91½c. Whisky lower at $1 01. Pork quiet $22 00. Bacon firmer at 7½@13@14½c. Lard 11c.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, October 15.—Wheat dull and weak at $1 04@1 09. Corn steady at 81c. Oats dull at 52@55c. Petroleum unchanged.

MERCHANT BAR AND HEAVY HARDWARE.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Thursday, October 15, 1874.

We give below the card rates of the Western Bar Association, on which the usual discount is made to the trade:

FLAT BAR.

1¼ to 4 by ⅜ to 1 inch	3c	1¼ and 1⅜ by ⅜ to ¾ inch	3 2-10c
4½ to 6 by ⅜ to 1 inch	3 2-10c	1 and 1⅛ by ⅜ to ¾ inch	3 3-10c
1¾ to 6 by 1⅛ to 1½ inch	3 4-10c	⅝, ¾ and ⅞ by ⅜ to ⅝ inch	3 4-10c

ROUNDS AND SQUARES.

1 to 7½ inch	3c	½ to 7-16 inch	3 7-10c
2 to 2¾ inch	3 3-10c	⅜ inch	3 8-10c
3 to 3½ inch	3 5-10c	5-16 inch	4 2-10c
3¾ to 4 inch	4c	¼ inch	4 6-10c
⅝ to ⅞ inch	3 2-10c	3-16 inch	6 6-10c
¾ to 9-16 inch	3 4-10c		

HORSE SHOE.

All sizes..........4 5-10c

HEAVY BANDS.

3½ to 6 by ¼ and 5-16 inch	3 6-10c	⅞ to 1⅜ by ¼ and 5-16 inch	4c
1½ to 3¼ by ¼ and 5-16 inch	3 7-10c	½ to ¾ by ¼ and 5-16 inch	4 2-10c

LIGHT BANDS.

3 to 6 by 3-16 to No. 12	3 8-10c	12	4 5-10c
1½ to 2¾ by 3-16 to No. 12	4c	¾ to ⅞ by 3-16 to No. 12	5c
1 to 1⅜ by 3-16 to No.		⅝ to ½ do do	6c

HOOPS.

2¼ to 3 inch	4c	1 inch	5 2-10c
3½ to 4⅜ inch	4 2-10c	⅞ inch	5 8-10c
1⅞ to 2 inch	4 3-10c	¾ inch	6 3-10c
1⅝ to 1¾ inch	4 5-10c	⅝ inch	6 8-10c
1⅜ to 1½ inch	4 9-10c	½ inch	7 5-10c

OVAL IRON.

⅞ to 1½ inch	3 6-10c	½ inch	4c
⅝ to ¾ inch	3 8-10c	⅜ inch	4 6-10c

HALF OVAL AND HALF ROUND.

⅞ to 1¼ inch	3 9-10c	Fluted and Star Lightning Rod	4 2-10c
⅝ to ¾ inch	4 4-10c	Wagon Box Iron, ⅝ and ⅞ inch	5c
½ inch	5 1-10c		
⅜ inch	6 6-10c		

TANK IRON.

3-16, ¼ and ⅜ inch thick	4 2-10c	Heads, flanging	9c
Boiler plate	8c	Plow slabs	4 7-10c
Heads, not flanging	5 9-10c	Plow wings	5 2-10c

SHEET IRON.

	Boiled.	Charcoal.	Juniata.
No. 10 to 14	4 5-10c	6 5-10c	8c
No. 15 to 20	4 7-10c	6 7-10c	8 2-10c
No. 21 to 24	5c	6 9-10c	8 4-10c
No. 25 and 26	5 2-10c	7 1-10c	8 6-10c
No. 27	5 4-10c	7 3-10c	8 8-10c

All sheets over 28 inches wide, ¼c ₩ ℔ extra.

RAILROAD IRON.
(Countersunk and punched.)

1¼ by ⅜, 7-16 and ½ inch	4c	1½, 1¾ and 2 by ½ and ⅜ inch	3 5-10c
1¼ by ¼ and 5-16 inch	4 5-10c	1½ by ⅜ inch	3 7-10c

EXTRAS FOR CUTTING TO LENGTH.

Ovals, half ovals, wagon box and light brands	2-10c	Hoops	3-10c
		All other iron, excepting sheet	1-10c

Nails.

The following is the revised price list of the Western Nail Manufacturers' Association:

CUT NAILS, BRADS, SPIKES, ETC.

	Per keg.
10d@60d fencing and brads	$3 35
8d@ 9d	3 60
6d@ 7d	3 85
4d@ 5d	4 10
3d	4 85
2d	6 10

Fine Blued.		*Cut Spikes.*	
3d	$6 35	3 to 6 inch	$3 60
2d	7 10	*Barrel.*	
Casing.		¾ inch	$7 10
10@30d	$4 10	⅞ inch	6 35
8@9d	4 35	1 inch	5 85
6@7d	4 60	1⅛ inch	5 10
Clinch.		1¼ inch	4 85
Clinch nails	$5 10	1⅜ inch	4 35
		1½ inch	4 10

Finishing Nails.

10 to 30d	$4 60	6d	$5 10
8d	4 85	4d	5 35

Tinned nails, 3d, ₩ keg	$10 00
Tinned nails, 4d, ₩ keg	9 00
Copper all sizes, ₩ ℔	50

In 100 keg lots and upwards.

Tobacco Nails—Fifty cents advance ₩ keg on common cut.

TERMS—Net sixty days with two per cent. off for cash.

Iron and Heavy Hardware.

The following is the hardware and iron price list of Levis, Oliver & Phillips:

Iron, standard list, assorted sizes for large orders, 3c new card rate, 2 per cent. off net.
Flat rail, (1¼ by ¼) punched and countersunk..........4 4-10c ₩ ℔ net
Iron wedges..........4½c ₩ ℔ net
Norway Nail rods..........9½c ₩ ℔ net
Crow bars..........5 c ₩ ℔ net
Beetle rings..........8½c ₩ ℔ net
Fence pickets, ⅜ round, bent to shape 30c per foot of fence.
Carriage and tire bolts (new list)......70 and 10 ₩ cent. off net. Carriage and tire bolts delivered as customary.
Stove bolts..........15 "
Machine and square head bolts..........30 and 10 "
Coach and lag screws..........30 and 10 "
Bolt ends..........35 "
Patent hot pressed square and hexagon nuts, small size, (from 3-16 to ⅝,) 7½c ₩ ℔ off net; large size, (from 7-16 to 2 in.) 6c ₩ ℔ off, net.
Washers, all made from new band iron, small sizes, (3-16 to ⅜ in.) 9c ₩ ℔ off, net; large sizes 7-16 to 1½ inch, 7c ₩ ℔ off, net.
Nuts and washers in 25 ℔ boxes, 1c per ℔ extra; in lots lots less than one keg, each size, 1c ₩ ℔ extra; in 5 ℔ boxes; 1½c ₩ ℔ extra.
Harrow teeth, in lots of 1 ton or more, packed in casks, 1 in. diam., 3½c ₩ ℔ net; ⅞, ¾ in. diam., 3¾c ₩ ℔ net; ⅝ in. diam., 4c ₩ ℔ net; Patent Headed do, ½c ₩ ℔ extra.
Skein Bolts, in bulk, in lots of 1 keg or more, 1c ₩ ℔ extra when less than 1 keg each size is ordered ⅝ diam, 5½c ₩ ℔ net; 9-16 in. diam, 6½c ₩ ℔ net; ½ in. diam 7½c.
Screw Hook-and-Eye Hinges, ¾ to 1 in. diam. 9c ₩ ℔; ⅝ in diam. 10c ₩ ℔ net; ½ in. diam. 12c ₩ ℔ net.
Screw and Strap Hinges, in lots of 100 pair or more. 14 to 36 in. long, 5½c ₩ ℔ net; 8, 10 and 12 in long, 6½c ₩ ℔.
Strap and T Hinges, 20 and 10c per cent. off net, delivery as customary.
For purchases amounting to $2 50, made between this date and December 31st, 5 per cent. extra off.
Screw hitching ring..........$5 25 ₩ 100 net.
Duck nest tuyere irons..........$14 50 ₩ doz net.
Cast iron washers..........4c ₩ ℔ net.
Bridge and roof bolts—
1 to 2 diam., over 8 feet long..........4 c ₩ ℔ net.
1 to 2 diam., from 4 to 8 feet long..........4½c ₩ ℔ net.
1 to 2 diam., from 1½ to 4 feet long..........4½c ₩ ℔ net.
⅞, ¾ and ⅝ in. diam. over 4 feet long..........4¾c ₩ ℔ net.
⅞, ¾, and ⅝ in. diam. from 1½ to 4 feet long..........5¼c ₩ ℔ net.
Bridge bolts with upset ends..........½c ₩ ℔ extra
Wrought iron plates punched..........5c ₩ ℔ net

WAGON HARDWARE.

Wagon box strap bolts, per set of 8 bolts:

10 in. long by 7-16 at screw end	55
12 in. long by ⅜ at screwend	70
10 in. long by 9-16 at screw end	80
12 in. long by 9-16 at screw end	90
14 in. long by 9-16 at screw end	$1 00
10 in. long by ⅝ at screw end	1 00
12 in. long by ⅝ at screw end	1 00
14 in. long by ⅝ at screw end	1 10
16 in. long by ⅝ at screw end	1 20

Five cents per set for each additional inch over 14 inches. All lengths made. In ordering box strap bolts please give diameter at screw end.
Wagon box rods, narrow track, 18c each; wide track, 20c each.
Single-tree irons, 38c per set of 4 pieces.
Wrought iron bolster plates, 2¾ in. wide, 60c per set; 3 in. wide, 65c per set; 3¼ in. wide, 70c per set; 3½ in. wide, 75c per set.
Wagon brake ratchets, 16½c each; finished with guards, 45c each.
Wrought hammer straps, heavy pattern, 16c each; light pattern, 13½c each.
Wrought rub irons, 11c each.
Stay chain hooks, 8c each.
Double and single tree clips, figure 1, 9c each; figure 2, 10c each; figure 3, 12c each.
Strap bolts, rods, single tree irons, bolster plates, brake ratchets, hammer straps, rub irons, stay chain hooks and clips, in lots of 50 sets, 25 per cent. discount.
Wagon box staples, 1½@2½ inches to clinch, ₩ 1,000, net..........$11 00
Wagon box staples, made from bevel iron, to clinch, ₩ 1,000, net..........7 50
Neck yoke eyes..........4½ cents each.
Neck yoke eyes, with ⅜ inch rings..........7½ cents each.
King bolts, ¾, 1, 1⅛ and 1¼ inch diameter, ₩ ℔..........4½c
Wagon rivets, extra large flat, oval and steeple head, ¾ inch diameter, all lengths ₩ ℔..........8½c
Wagon rivets, 3-16 inch diameter, all lengths..........9½c
Wagon rivets and nails, in 5 ℔ paper boxes ₩ ℔ extra..........½ c
Wagon rivets and nails, in 25 ℔ wood boxes ₩ ℔ extra..........¼ c
Wagon and hinge nails, ¼ inch, ₩ ℔ net..........17 c
Wagon and hinge nails, 3-16 inch, ₩ ℔ net..........19 c
Dash plates, ₩ ℔ net..........10 c
Coupling plates, ₩ ℔ net..........10 c
Tongue plate, ₩ ℔ net..........9 c
Neck yoke plates, ₩ ℔ net..........11 c
Tongue cap iron, 1¾, 2 and 2¼ inch wide, same price ₩ ℔ as band iron.
Wagon chains, stay lock and tongue, 5-16 inch ₩ ℔ net..........10½c
Wagon chains, stay lock and tongue, ¼ inch ₩ ℔ net..........11½c
Prices subject to change without notice.

HORSE SHOES.

The following are Shoenberger, Blair & Co.'s prices for horse and mule shoes:

Horse shoes, ₩ keg 100 keg lots	$5 25
Horse shoes, 50 keg lots	5 50
Horse shoes, less than 50 kegs	5 75
Mule shoes, 100 keg lots	6 25
Mule shoes, 50 keg lots	6 50
Mule shoes, less quantity	6 75

The following are Burden's prices:

Horse shoes, ₩ keg 10 keg lots	$6 50
Horse shoes, ₩ keg 50 keg lots	6 37
Mule shoes, ₩ keg 10 keg lots	7 50
Mule shoes, ₩ keg 50 keg lots	7 37

GLASS MARKET.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Thursday, October 15, 1874.

WINDOW GLASS.

PER BOX OF FIFTY FEET.—SINGLE STRENGTH.

	2d Quality.	1st Quality.	Dbl. st'h.
6 by 8 to 7 by 9		$6 75	$10 00
7 by 10 to 8 by 10	$7 00	7 75	11 00
8 by 11 to 10 by 12	7 50	8 25	12 00
8 by 14 to 10 by 15	8 00	8 75	13 00
11 by 11 to 12 by 17		10 00	14 00
12 by 18 to 16 by 24		11 00	16 00
18 by 22		12 00	18 00
15 by 26 to 20 by 30		13 00	20 00
15 by 36 to 24 by 30		14 00	22 00
26 by 28 to 24 by 36		15 00	24 00
26 by 36 to 26 by 44		18 00	28 00
26 by 46 to 30 by 50		18 00	30 00
30 by 52 to 30 by 54			32 00
30 by 56 to 34 by 56			35 00
34 by 58 to 34 by 60			40 00
36 by 60 to 40 by 60			45 00

All sizes over 52 inches in length, and not making 81 united inches, will be charged in 84 united inches bracket. An additional 10 per cent. will be charged for all glass more than 40 inches wide. Orders taken by agents are subject to approval of manufacturers when received. Discount of 60@65 per cent. to the trade.

LAMP CHIMNEYS, X. L. C. R. BRAND.

	Per doz.
Sun No. 0, straight or bulb	$ 85
Sun No. 1, straight or bulb, 4 oz	95
Sun No. 1, straight or bulb, nail drivers or 7 oz	1 25
Sun No. 2, straight or bulb	1 25
Excelsior Sun Hinge No. 0	85
Excelsior Sun Hinge No. 1, 4 oz	90
Excelsior Sun Hinge No. 2	1 25
Old Style No. 0, round or fire proof	85
Old Style No. 1, round or fire proof, 4 oz	90
Old Style No. 1, round or fire proof, short	90
Old Style No. 1, round or fire proof, nail drivers	1 25
Old Style No. 2, round or fire proof	1 25
Old Style No. 2, round or fire proof, short	1 25
Old Style No. 3, round or fire proof	1 90
Old Style No. 3, round or fire proof, short	1 90
Light House	90
Crown	90
Locomotive Head Light Chimney, net	2 50
Solar or Lard Oil Chimney, net	1 00
Gas Chimney	1 00

WRAPPING PAPER.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Thursday, October 15, 1874.

Baling papers	4@5½@6@7 and 8c ₩ ℔
Manilla papers	7@8@9@10 and 12c ₩ ℔
Hardware papers	6@7@8 and 12c ₩ ℔
Glass papers	5@6@7 and 8c ₩ ℔
Bag wrapping papers	4½ and 4¾c ₩ ℔
Felt papers	3@4 and 4½c ₩ ℔
Rock River lining paper, 32 inches wide	6 @6½c ₩ ℔
Felt lining paper, 32 inches wide	4½@5 c ₩ ℔
Crown, straw wrapping, full count	35@40c ₩ bdl
Crown, short count	30@35c ₩ bdl
Medium, full count	52½@60c ₩ bdl
Medium, short count	45@50c ₩ bdl
Double crown, full count	70@80c ₩ bdl
Double crown, short count	60@70c ₩ bdl
Straw news	10 @11c ₩ ℔
Rag news	12½@13c ₩ ℔
Book paper	14 @18c ₩ ℔

NATRONA CHEMICALS.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Thursday, October 15, 1874.

The following are the card rates of the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company:

Saponifer—50 cases at	₩ case	$7 50
Less quantity	₩ case	8 00
Greenwich lye, (50 cases)	₩ case	7 25
Potash—50 cases (delivered in Phila.)	₩ case	8 00
Less quantity	₩ case	8 50
Bi carb soda—25 kegs	₩ ℔	5¼@5½c
Less quantity	₩ ℔	5½@6 c
Sal soda—25 kegs	₩ ℔	@3 c
Less quantity	₩ ℔	@3 c
Sal soda—25 bbls	₩ ℔	@2½c
Less quantity	₩ ℔	@3 c
Caustic soda—10 drums	₩ ℔	6½@7 c
Less quantity	₩ ℔	7¼@7½c
Copperas—20 bbls	₩ ℔	@1½c
Less quantity	₩ ℔	@2 c
Porous alum—10 bbls	₩ ℔	@3½c
Less quantity	₩ ℔	@4 c
Sulphuric acid	₩ ℔	@3½c
Muriatic acid	₩ ℔	@4½c
Nitric acid	₩ ℔	@15 c
Chloride calcium	₩ ℔	@2½c
Pure alumina	₩ ℔	@10 c
Lump alum	₩ ℔	3½@4 c

Terms, cash in 30 days.

TIN PLATES, ETC.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Thursday, October 15, 1874.

IC, 10x14, charcoal	$12 00
IX, 10x14, charcoal	14 50
IC, 12x12, charcoal	12 50
IX, 12x12, charcoal	15 00
IC, 14x20, charcoal	12 50
IX, 14x20, charcoal	15 00
DC, 12½x17, charcoal	11 50
DX, 12½x17, charcoal	14 00
IC, 14x20, leaded	11 00
IX, 14x20, leaded	13 25
IC, 20x28, leaded	22 00
IX, 20x28, leaded	26 50
IC, 10x14, best coke	9 75

According to quality and quantity prices would vary less.

PITTSBURGH DRUG MARKET.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Thursday, October 15, 1874.

Corrected by Harris & Ewing, Wholesale Druggists:

Acid.			Mag cal....℔	80	@1 00
Acetic....℔	16	@ 20	—Carb....℔	35	@ 40
Citric....℔	1 45	@1 48	Manna S F ℔		@ 60
Oxalic....℔	22	@ 25	Morph sul oz	6 75	@7 00
Sulphuric ℔	3	@ 5	Nut No 1. ℔		@1 50
Tartaric..℔	66	@ 68	*Oil.*		
Alcohol, gal	2 10	@2 25	Anise....	3 50	@4 00
Aloes.			Bergamot ℔	8 75	@9 00
Cape....℔		@ 20	—Castor..℔		@ 27½
Socot....℔		@ 75	—Cinnam ℔	2 00	@2 20
Am Carb. ℔		@ 25	—Cloves..℔	4 00	@4 25
Aqua....℔	11	@ 13	*Oil.*		
Annotta..℔	60	@ 70	Cod liv, gal	1 90	@2 25
—Ashes.			Lemon....℔	4 90	@5 20
Soda....℔	4½	@ 5½	Linseed, gal	83	@ 88
Bal Copa. ℔	90	@1 00	Neats F, gal	90	@1 50
Bay rum, gal	3 25	@3 50	Olive, gal	1 75	@2 00
Bark.			—qu'rts, doz	6 25	@10 00
Cassia....℔	38	@ 40	—pints, doz	3 25	@3 50
Cinch red ℔	1 30	@1 40	Origan....℔	70	@1 20
" pale. ℔	80	@ 85	Pepper't. ℔	4 50	@5 00
" com. ℔	38	@ 48	Rosemary ℔	1 00	@1 50
Black Lead.			Sassafras. ℔	80	@ 90
American ℔	5	@ 6	Sperm...gal	2 30	@2 50
East Ind.. ℔	11	@ 12	Tanners, gal	57	@ 65
German .. ℔	7	@ 9	Whale...gal	85	@ 92
Blue mass ℔		@1 10	Wintg'n . ℔		@5 75
Blue vitr. ℔	12½	@ 13½	Opium T'y ℔		@10 40
Borax ref ℔	17	@ 20	Pl Paris, bbl	4 00	@4 50
Brim roll. ℔	4½	@ 5½	*Potass.* ℔		@
—Flor sul. ℔	5½	@ 6½	Bichrom . ℔		@
Calomel A ℔		2 20	Chlorate .	40	@ 44
—English. ℔		2 88	Iodide....℔	3 85	@4 00
Camp ref. ℔	35	@ 40	Putty....℔	4	@ 5
Canthar's ℔		2 12	Quin sulp oz	2 60	@2 70
Cham Ger ℔		48	Rosin ...bbl	4 50	@5 50
—Roman . ℔		36	*Root.*		
Chlorof'm ℔	1 20	@1 30	Gentian .. ℔	..	@ 12
Cloves....℔		65	Ginger E I ℔	..	@ 18
Cochineal ℔	80	@ 90	" Jamca ℔	..	@ 33
Con lye. cses	7 75	@8 00	Ipec pow. ℔	..	@1 88
Copperas. ℔	2	@ 3	Jalap pow ℔	..	@ 85
Cr'm Tar. ℔	48	@ 50	Liquorice ℔	..	@ 16
Cubebs....℔	18	@ 20	Rhub E I. ℔	1 25	@1 50
Cudbear.. ℔	25	@ 35	Sars Hon. ℔	..	@ 58
Emery En ℔	10	@ 12	Senega....℔	..	@1 10
Et Nit sps ℔	45	@ 48	Valeri En ℔	38	@ 40
—Sulph... ℔	70	@ 75	" Germ ℔	25	@ 26
Ext Logw ℔	10½	@ 11	Sal Ammo ℔	14	@ 16
—Liq Cala ℔	44	@ 50	—Epsom .. ℔	3	@ 5
—Italian.. ℔	30	@ 33	—Soda ....℔	3	@ 3¼
—Sicily ...℔	..	@ 25	*Seed.*		
Fustic....℔	3	@ 4	Canary....℔	8½	@ 8¾
Galls Alep ℔	..	@ 33	Hemp....℔	7½	@ 8
Gum.			Cardamn. ℔		@2 40
Arabic sts ℔	30	@ 40	Mustard... ℔	11	@ 14
" White ℔	50	@ 68	Senna Al. ℔	..	@ 22
Myrrh T'k ℔		55	" E In. ℔	..	@ 22
Shellac ...℔	70	@ 80	*Soda.*		
Trag s'rts ℔	35	@ 75	Bi Carb.. ℔	6	@ 7
" Flake ℔	90	@1 00	Soap Cast ℔	13	@ 16
Hoffm's A ℔	..	@ 50	—Cast wh ℔	18	@ 21
Indigo Ma ℔	1 00	@1 20	Sugar L'd ℔		@ 28
" Span fi't ℔	1 10	@1 25	Tarp spsgal	48	@ 53
Iodine res ℔	5 75	@6 00	*Varnish.*		
Junip Ber ℔	7	@ 9	Copal ...gal	1 50	@2 00
Logwood. ℔	2½	@ 3½	Japan...gal	80	@1 30
Mace ....℔		@1 75	Damar..gal	1 60	@1 80
Madder... ℔	15	@ 17	Ven Red.. ℔	2½	@ 4

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Thursday, October 15, 1874.

REMARKS.—The market since our last report has assumed no new features. There was a large number of buyers present to-day, and the sales were large, though prices were the same as those ruling yesterday, and for that matter, all last week. The cattle pens are pretty well cleaned out. Texans have been selling at the same prices as last week, with plenty on the market. Bulls are in demand now for still feeding. There is a fair demand for good milch cows, and for such good prices can be obtained. Veal calves are worth from 6 to 6¾c. Following are the ruling quotations:

Choice prime, 1,400 ℔s	$6 50
Choice prime, 1,300 ℔s	6 00@6 25
Choice prime, 1,200 ℔s	5 60@5 75
Choice prime, 1,100 ℔s	4 75@5 00
Choice prime, 1,000 ℔s	4 25@4 50
Texans	2 50@3 25
Bulls	2 50@3 25
Cows and heifers	2 00@3 00

Hogs.

The hog market has been very fluctuating since our last report; prices were off fully 75c ₩ 100 ℔s, but on Monday the supply on the market was very light, and Philadelphia hogs were sold as high as 8c. This price did not last, however, as on Tuesday they dropped to 7¼c, which is the price for them now. Yorkers have not fluctuated so much as Philadelphia hogs, as the supply of that kind was much larger than of the better class of hogs. We quote:

Philadelphias	$7 25 @7 50
Heavy Yorkers	6 12½@7 00
Light Yorkers	5 75 @6 00
Grassers	5 50 @5 75

Sheep.

Under a heavy run, prices declined about 25c per 100 ℔s. The market was heavy, buyers bidding low, as they knew there was a full supply. Following are the quotations:

Best, 95 to 100 ℔s	$5 00@5 25
Good, 85 to 90 ℔s	4 50@5 00
Fair, 75 to 80 ℔s	4 00@4 25
Common, 70 to 75 ℔s	3 25@3 75

COAL MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS.

October 14.—Delivered in St. Louis, per ton of 2,000 ℔s.

BITUMINOUS.

Connellsville coke	$10 50
Washington	3 25
Belleville	3 25
Big Muddy	3 00
Missouri cannel, delivered	8 50
Indiana cannel	6 50

ANTHRACITE.

Per ton, delivered in St. Louis	12 50
Spadra semi-anthracite	9 50

Retail prices 25 to 50 cents additional.—*Republican.*

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, October 15, 1874.

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and declined; No. 1 spring 93c; No. 2, 88c cash or seller October; 88¾c seller November; No. 3, 84c; rejected 79@80c. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 74¼c cash; 74c seller October; 71c seller November; 68c seller the year; rejected, old, 73c. Oats dull; No. 2, 47c cash; 45⅝c seller November; rejected 42½c. Rye quiet and unchanged; No. 1, 71@80c. Barley quiet and unchanged; No. 2 $1 04@1 08 cash, according to location; No. 3 88@95c.

PROVISIONS—Pork steady with a moderate demand; $19 75 spot; $17 50 seller the year. Lard steady with a moderate demand; 11½c seller the year. Bulkmeats dull and prices nominal.

HIGHWINES—Whisky steady with a moderate demand at $1 00.

LATEST—On open Board in the afternoon wheat closed steady with a moderate demand at 87½@87⅝c seller October; 87⅝c seller November. Corn unsettled and lower at 72@73c cash; 72½c seller October. Oats dull and lower at 46½c seller October; 45c seller November.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, October 15.—Cotton quiet; sales 875 bales; middling uplands 15¼@15⅜c. Futures closed easy; sales 38,000 bales. Flour in buyer's favor with a moderate demand; superfine Western and State $4 35@4 80; common to good $4 85@5 25; good to choice $5 30@5 80; white wheat extra $5 90@6 35; St. Louis $5 10@8 50. Receipts 23,000 barrels. Wheat irregular and unsettled; No. 1 spring $1 17@1 25; No. 2 Chicago $1 06@1 07; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 11; No. 2 Northwestern $1 07; No. 2 Duluth $1 11¼. Receipts 156,000 bushels. Rye quiet at 97c@$1 02. Barley in buyer's favor. Malt quiet. Corn steady; mixed Western 90c; new 85c. Receipts 14,000 bushels. Oats lower and more active; mixed Western 60@62c; white 61@64c. Receipts 31,000 bushels. Hay, hops, molasses and rice unchanged. Coffee firm at 17@20c. Sugar dull and holders firm. Petroleum quiet; crude 5⅝c; refined 12¼c. Rosin steady; strained $2 45. Turpentine heavy at 38½c. Eggs firm at 24@25c. Pork lower at $20 50@21 00. Beef and cutmeats quiet. Middles heavy; long clear 11c; short clear 10c. Lard firm; prime steam 13⅝@13¾c. Butter dull and heavy; Western 30@38c. Cheese—demand fair and market firm; common to prime 12½@15¾c. Whisky dull and prices lower at $1 05.

New York Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, October 15.—Beeves—Receipts 780 head, making 3,560 head for three days, against 4,075 head for the same time last week. Quality common mainly, with a large share of Texas and Cherokee stock; demand very moderate and sales very slow; towards the close there was a little better feeling and an upward tendency; very poor to strictly prime native oxen and steers ranged $7 50@13 00; medium to fair steers $10 50@11 50; poor to fair Texans and Cherokees $6 50@8 75.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 5,900 head, making 12,550 head for three days, against 15,740 head for the same time last week. Market fair; $4 25@6 25 for sheep; $6 00@7 75 for lambs.

Swine—Receipts 3,000 head, making 13,680 head for three days, against 16,040 head for the same time last week. None offered alive; dressed scarce, with a marked advance; closed firm at $9 00 for all weights.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, October 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; No. 1 amber Western $1 23; No. 2 do $1 22; No. 3 do $1 16; No. 1 red Western $1 22; No. 2 do $1 19@1 19½. Corn dull; offered at 90c without buyers. Rye and oats unchanged. Hay weak at $18 00@20 00. Provisions dull. Pork nominally $22 75@23 00. Bacon in moderate demand; shoulders 9c; clear rib 13½@14c. Sugar cured hams 14@15c. Lard dull and nominal at 15c. Western butter firm and in good demand at 35@37c. Coffee unchanged. Petroleum nominally 5½c. Whisky lower at $1 05.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, October 15.—Cotton quiet at 14½@14¾c. Flour and wheat unchanged. Corn steady; old 86@70c. Oats 51@55c. Rye steady at 95c. Barley unchanged. Linseed oil firm at 85c. Lard oil unchanged. Eggs firm at 20@21c. Pork—none here. Lard steady with a moderate demand at 12⅝@13c. Bulkmeats dull and nominal. Bacon dull and unsettled; shoulders 7¾@8c; clear rib 13½c; clear sides scarce at 14@14½c. Whisky—demand fair and market firm at 98c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, October 15.—Flour quiet; State, Indiana and Ohio $5 50@6 25. Wheat steady; red $1 19@1 20; white $1 28@1 35. Rye $1 08. Corn quiet and weak; yellow and mixed Western 95@97c. Oats quiet; white 62@65c; mixed 60c. Whisky $1 05. Butter lower; Western prime 32@34c. Cheese firm; Western prime 14½@15⅜c. Eggs firm; Western 27@28c. Petroleum firmer; refined 11⅛@11½c; crude in bbls 9@9½c; in bulk 5¾@5¾c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, October 15.—Business was moderately active with commission houses, and a fair jobbing trade progressed. Brown cottons and cotton flannels in good demand at unchanged prices. Fancy madder prints in fair request, and side bands rather more active. Woolen goods for men's wear quiet, but flannels and blankets in steady demand. The *Daily Bulletin* says Mygatt, Haviland & Co. have suspended payment.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, October 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat—demand fair and market firm; No. 1, Milwaukee 97¼c; No. 2, 90⅝c. Oats dull and lower. Corn lower with a light demand; No. 2 mixed 73½c. Rye quiet and lower, No. 1, 85c; No. 2, 82c. Barley weak and declined; No. 2, seller October, $1 07½; seller November $1 04; No. 3, 94c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, October 15.—Flour steady with a moderate demand. Wheat dull; No. 2 white Wabash $1 16½; No. 3 do $1 11; No. 1 white Michigan $1 12; extra do $1 17; amber $1 06. Corn quiet; high mixed 79c; seller October 78½c. Michigan 78c. Oats dull; No. 1, 51c; No. 2 and Michigan 50c white; 51½c.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, October 15.—Cotton quiet at 13@13½c. Flour quiet at $4 50@6 00. Wheat steady at $1 20. Corn steady at $1 00. Oats 55c. Lard 16¼c. Bacon—shoulders 10½c; sides 15½@15¾c. Sugar-cured hams 14½c, all packed. Whisky dull at $1 05.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, October 15.—Cotton quiet at 14¼c. Flour and grain quiet and unchanged. Pork nominal. Bacon dull at 15½c. Sugar-cured hams 14½c. Bulkmeats nominal. Lard nominal. Whisky 98c. Hay $20 00@23 00.

Indianapolis Market.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 15.—Flour quiet at $3 00@6 25. Wheat 95c@$1 10. Corn—new at 50c; shelled 74@75c. Oats steady at 50@51c. Rye steady at 83@84c. Barley firm at $1 02@1 05.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, October 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; extra $1 17; No. 1, $1 12½; amber $1 05½. Corn dull at 85c. Oats dull and declined at 48@49c.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, October 15.—Wheat quiet. No. 1 Milwaukee club held at $1 15. Corn lower at 92@93c. Barley quiet.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 110¼.

NEW YORK, October 15, 1874.

MONEY.

Money more active, loaning during the afternoon at 4 per cent., closing at 2 per cent. The cause of this temporary flurry was the payment of large amounts in dividends which necessitated the calling in of loans. Prime mercantile paper 6@7 per cent. long time, and 5@6 per cent. for short time.

STERLING.

Sterling firmer at 484 for sixty days and 487½ for sight.

GOLD

quiet and firm at 110@110¼. Borrowing rates 1, 2 and flat. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $33,000. Clearings $12,000,000. Customs receipts $268,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government bonds firm, closing as follows:

U. S. coupons, 1881	118⅜	5-20's, 1867	117¼
5-20's, 1862	113	5-20's, 1868	117¼
5-20's, 1864	115⅝	10-40's	111¼
5-20's, 1865	116½	New 5's	112⅝
5-20's, 1865, new	116	Currency 6's	117⅝

STATE BONDS.

State bonds quiet, closing as follows:

Missouri 6's	91	Virginia, old	32
Tennessee, old	67	N. Carolina, old	21½
Tennessee, new	67	N. Carolina, new	12½
Virginia, new	32		

THE STOCK MARKET

opened weak at a decline of from ⅛ to ⅜ per cent. from the selling prices of yesterday. Later the market advanced from ¼ to 2⅜ per cent., the greatest improvement being in Erie; next in point of interest were Pacific Mail, Western Union, Lake Shore, Rock Island, Wabash, Panama, Northwestern and St. Paul common, Ohios and Union Pacific. The market closed firm at a fraction below the highest point of the day. Sales 168,000 shares, of which 40,000 were Western Union; 18,000 Pacific Mail; 30,000 Erie; 23,000 Lake Shore; 12,000 Union Pacific; 7,500 St. Paul; 6,000 Wabash, and 6,000 Ohios. The following were the closing quotations:

Canton	57	Do. preferred	51
W. U. Telegraph	79⅛	Wabash	31⅞
Quicksilver	30½	Do. preferred	40
Adams Express	109	Fort Wayne	91½
Wells-Fargo Ex	78	Terre Haute	7
American Ex	61	Do. preferred	23
United States Ex	65	Chicago & Alton	97½
Pacific Mail	47⅜	Do. preferred	103
N. Y. Central	101⅜	Ohio & Mississippi	27⅞
Erie	29⅛	Clev., Col. & Cin	64
Do. preferred	49	Balt. & Ohio	101
Harlem	128	Lake Shore	78¾
Do. preferred	125	Panama	10½
Michigan Central	73	Illinois Central	91½
P., Ft. W. & C	87¼	Union Pac. stock	35½
Northwestern	38⅜	Central Pacific bds	92⅝
Do. preferred	54	Union Pacific bds	88⅝
Rock Island	98⅛	Hartford & Erie	1½
N. J. Central	104	Delaware & Lack	107⅛
St. Paul	33⅛	Bankers' Bills	484½

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, October 15.—Cotton weak and nominally unchanged. Bacon a shade lower: shoulders 8@8½c; sides 14½c. Other articles nominally unchanged.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK.

Java	October 17	Liverpool.
Baltic	October 17	Liverpool.
City of Paris	October 17	Liverpool.
St. Laurent	October 17	Havre.
England	October 17	Liverpool.
California	October 17	Glasgow.
France	October 17	Havre.
Herder	October 20	Hamburg.
Minnesota	October 20	Liverpool.
Bothnia	October 21	Liverpool.
State of Nevada	October 21	Glasgow.
State of Virginia	October 23	Liverpool.
Parthia	October 24	Liverpool.
Adriatic	October 24	Liverpool.
City of Montreal	October 24	Liverpool.
Utopia	October 24	Glasgow.
Henry Chancery	October 24	China.
Holsatia	October 24	Hamburg.
Great Western	October 27	Bristol.
Scotia	October 28	Liverpool.
State of Virginia	October 28	Glasgow.
Colina	October 29	Antwerp.
Calabria	October 31	Liverpool.
Celtic	October 31	Liverpool.
City of Brussels	October 31	Liverpool.
Ville De Paris	October 31	Havre.
Bolivar	October 31	Glasgow.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Nederland	October 17	Antwerp.
India	October 22	Liverpool.
Abbotsford	October 29	Liverpool.

FROM BOSTON.

Atlas	October 20	Liverpool.
Marathon	October 27	Liverpool.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Office of the Observer,
United States Signal Service,
Pittsburgh, Pa., October 15, 1874.

The following is the daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 3 P. M.:

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W W'R Ft.	ABOVE L'W W'R In.	CHANGE—OR + Ft.	CHANGE—OR + In.	DIREC-T'N OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER
Brownsv'e*	0	10	—0	1	Calm.	Clear.
Brunswick*	0	4	..	..	S. E.	Lt. Rain.
Cairo	5	6	—1	0	S. E.	Cloudy.
Cincinnati	5	9	..	..	S. E.	Cloudy.
Conflu'nce*	0	7	..	..	Calm.	Clear.
Davenport	4	11	—0	2	W.	Cloudy.
Evansville	4	10	—0	2	S.	Thret'ng
Freeport*	2	9	..	..	S. W.	Fair.
Jeffson City	1	10	..	..	S. E.	Lt. Rain.
Kansas City	6	6	..	..	N.	Cloudy.
Keokuk	5	4	—0	1	S. E.	Cloudy.
Leavnw'th*	0	6	..	..	N.	Cloudy.
Lexington	0	5	..	..	N.	Cloudy.
Louisville	3	8	—0	3	W.	Lt. Rain.
Marietta	3	2	+0	1	S. W.	Cloudy.
Memphis	5	6	—0	5	S. E.	Cloudy.
Nashville	1	8	—0	2	S. E.	Cloudy.
Oil City	1	0	..	..	S.	Clear.
Omaha	3	0	..	..	S.	Cloudy.
Paducah	2	8	—0	1	N. E.	Clear.
Pittsburgh	2	4	..	..	S. W.	Fair.
Plattsmo'th	3	2	+0	1	N.	Thret'ng
Shreveport	10	4	+0	2	S.	Fair.
St. Joseph	1	0	..	..	N. W.	Cloudy.
St. Louis	8	3	..	..	S. E.	Cloudy.
St. Paul	3	5	..	..	S. W.	Cloudy.
Vicksburg	7	4	—0	3	Calm.	Clear.
Yankton	7	3	..	..	S. E.	Fair.
Morgant'n	2	2	..	..	S. W.	Fair.
Helena	7	11	..	..	S. E.	Cloudy.
Dubuque	7	3	—0	2	E.	Cloudy.
La Crosse	4	8	—0	0	S.	Cloudy.

*Below bench mark.

George H. Rohr,
Sergeant, Signal Service, U. S. A.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
BROWNSVILLE, PA., October 15, 1874.

River 4 feet 4 inches. Weather clear and cool.

Wheeling.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
WHEELING, WEST VA., October 15, 1874.

River rising, with 3 feet 10 inches in the channel. Departed—Mallie Ragon, Parkersburg. Arrived—Albion. Weather cloudy.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth page

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Elector	Abrams	Geneva.
Chieftain	Rougher	Geneva.
Geneva	M. A. Cox	Geneva.

Departed.

E. Bennett	Donaldson	Geneva.
Geneva	M. A. Cox	Geneva.

MONONGAHELA—Two feet four inches and falling.

Boats Advertised to Depart.

Brownsville and Geneva—Morning boat, 8 A. M.; evening, 4 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated two feet four inches and falling slowly. The weather was a little cool, but otherwise pleasant.

THE steamer Great Republic is laid up at Cairo, waiting for business to improve.

THE Storm No. 3 is laid up at New Richmond with four barges ore and an empty barge.

THE Champion No. 8 is still engaged in lightening the coal barges stuck on Four-Mile.

SHOULD the river take a notion to swell a few inches, the Messenger will load for Cincinnati.

THE Tom Farrow struck a log on her last trip, and is now in the Cincinnati docks undergoing repairs.

THE low stage of water in the Ohio has again introduced the R. W. Skillinger in the Huntington trade.

THE steamer Emma Graham has again entered the Cincinnati and Pomeroy trade. Capt. Morgan has charge.

WE hope he will lose his wager. We mean the man that made a bet there would be no coalboat water before December.

THE restaurant plan of living has been adopted on board the Moscow packet, Trout. Passengers are charged twenty-five cents per meal.

MONDAY'S Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: "Captain Dan McAleer, the Pittsburgh weather prophet, is in the city. He says we will have no coal rise before December."

THE repairs to lock No. 4 are being hurried forward to completion with all possible speed. It will be ready for the first coalboat water, according to present appearances.

THE officers of the Cooke reported that the Shannon, immediately after passing through Trade-water chute, cast anchor and swung alongside the bar, and seemed to be at work on the schooner as if she had injured it.

THE Yazoo brought out of the Yazoo river the largest trip of new cotton that has ever come out of that stream at this season of the year since the war. The cotton in that section matured rapidly, and has been very nearly all gathered.

THE New York *Commercial Advertiser* says: "The Philadelphia *North American* is informed that a New York movement to build a fleet of Transatlantic steamers, to excel anything now afloat, is 'in a hopeful and encouraging condition,' and adds: 'The whole traffic of the Erie and New York Central Roads lies behind it.'"

THE Sioux City *Journal*, of the 6th, says: Work upon the steamboat ways at Yankton is progressing finely. The Far West was expected to arrive at Yankton from above last night. The steamer Key West cleared from Yankton on Sunday, bound for Fort Rice. The Josephine got away from Yankton for Standing Rock on Sunday morning.

THE Evansville *Journal* says: "The Eddyville did not load for Cincinnati after all. When she arrived here on Sunday she was found to be leaking so badly that Captain Ryman concluded it would be judicious to put her in the dry docks and give her a thorough overhauling. She will, therefore, go into the docks this morning. The Shippers' Own will go to Cincinnati, providing Providence."

THURSDAY'S Cincinnati *Gazette* says: The competition in the New Richmond trade continues lively, and both boats brought down good trips yesterday morning. The Trout included in her cargo 137 barrels and 14 boxes of fruit, 31 bales of excelsior, 8 dozen chairs, and 6 barrels of wine; and the C. P. Huntington had 23 barrels of whiskey, 14 bales of excelsior, 15 boxes of pears and quinces, 40 bags, and 45 bundles of chair stuff, and other freight.

THE Nashville *Union and American* says: Steamboating on the Cumberland has nearly played out. Before the war there were ten or twelve regular boats between Nashville and New Orleans, and packets running to Memphis, St. Louis, Paducah and Cincinnati, and all well sustained by a paying business. But now all this has ended. Notwithstanding there has been a good stage of water in our river for the past fifteen days, not a single boat has put in her appearance during that time at the city wharf.

REFERRING to the condition of the Red river raft the Shreveport *Times* says: We learn from Captain Tennyson that the whole force is at work on the narrow river between here and Carolina Bluffs, where jams are most likely to fail. This portion of the river will be put in complete order before any more work is done above. Captain Tennyson says the late rise made 800 yards of new raft which he has cut up and floated out. The river is now entirely clear of jams, and good navigation order to Fulton.

Charles Quesnel, clerk of the City of Chester, stopped off yesterday, owing to sickness in his family. Sol Smith makes a trip for Mr. Quesnel.

Captain William Barnes, of the New Orleans and Ouachita packet Ruth, left for the South last evening to take his boat out.

WEDNESDAY'S St. Louis *Republican* on the situation: The state of the river is similar to the state of the trade, the situation being expressed in the words: "No change," and "no charge" expressing the condition of boatmen at present. On the gauge, the water level stands at 8 feet 4 inches above low water mark. Rates are 40c and 20c to New Orleans, with little prospect of a raise at present. Weather clear and cool, and favorable to river business, both for receiving and shipping of freight. To the North there is a fair amount of merchandise going foward, not enough, however, to compare with that of this time last year.

ST. LOUIS.—The *Republican* says: "The boats comprised in the consolidated line, late defunct, are now set adrift to look out for themselves, to sink or swim, live or die. Last February a combination was formed of all the steamboats counted as St. Louis and New Orleans tonnage, with the exception of the Kountz line boats. Every arrangement that the mind of a Davidson (for it was he that drew up the articles of agreement) could suggest, or the desperation of a sinking craft of boatmen devise, was brought to bear to make the consolidated line a success. There was a renewed hope among the boat owners who had entered into the scheme that the results of this associating together of interests would pan out well for those entering it, and that brighter days would dawn upon the traffic, which by division and dissension among the boat owners, such as had been pursued in the past, could never come. The organization above mentioned was at last announced perfected; there was general congratulation among the rivermen, that the high-road to times as good as those of the best in the history of the St. Louis and New Orleans steamboating. But, alas! 'The best laid schemes of mice and men,' etc., etc. The owners of the big boats, the Republic, Howard and Alton, began to kick early in the engagements, declaring that they could not each wait two weeks for a trip for the accommodation of a few small boats, so they drew out their respective pro rata from the general pool which had been established, or rather was in the process of establishment, and withdrew from the consolidated line, and made a faint effort to organize a three-boat line, which has proven abortive in its results. There seems to be little reason assigned for the final dissolution effected by mutual consent last Saturday evening, other than that the consolidation scheme has not proved as fruitful of fortune as was expected. What good was accomplished by the combination whose death-knell was sounded last Saturday, and whose funeral service was preached by the very man who battled so hard at first to inspire it with renewed life—what good, we say, was inspired by the combination in the way of regulating rates which could not have been obtained by boats independent of the organization?"

RECEIPTS OF MERCHANDISE.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

J L Knox, 1 car stone; Myers & A, 95 bdls shovels; Lindsay, S & Co, 3 cases h ware; C West & Co, 5 bdls hickory; Mills & Co, 25 c tops; De Haven & Son, 1 iron boiler; J Gerwig & Son, 3 bales twine; J P McKee, 1 organ; McCullough & Smith, 21 sacks rags; Jas Old, 39 grates, &c; Fahnestock, W & Co, 20 sacks kegs; Fahnestock H & S, 9 do; W P Townsend, 14 kegs rivets, 8 casks do; Lewis, Bailey, D & Co, 1 car f brick; A L Murphy, 2 bbls apples, 1 do potatoes; Aiken, Wallace & P, 385 bush onions; A McClean & Co, 4 bdls sacks; H Riddle, Son & Co, 20 sacks ₩ flour; Chas Reiger, 3 bales yarn; E Lare & Co, lot roofing tools; Harrison & McC, 12 sacks rags; W Zange, 1 bbl bottles; J A Graff & Co, 30 sks flour; Head, Carson & Co, 30 sks flour; 10 crates peaches; Steinmetz & F, 7 bbls cider; Hare & Bro, 12 bdls shafts; Aiken, W & P, 50 boxes peaches; 1 bbl apples; Arbuthnot, S & Co, 1 bx yarn; J R & H Murdock, 1 bx t labels; Wm Flaccus & Son, 29 green hides; J Hinchiffe, 1 bbl apples, 1 crate grapes; Atwell & Lee, 2 bbls quinces; Jas S McKee, 2 cook stoves; Reineke, Wilson & Co, 6 wood pump stocks; Fred K Schild, 1 car shorts; Wm H Hamilton & Co, 1 car sand; Knox, Kein & Co, 4 cars stone; Vangorder & S, 13 bbls d apples, 6 kegs h butter; S & W H Martin, 1 car shingles; Voigt, M & Co, 20 do potatoes, 12 bbls apples; H Rea, Jr, 2 do b tubs; Schomaker & Co, 100 bbls flour; Loh & Co, 3 brls eggs, 1 keg butter; Moore, D & D, 1 bx axles; E Weaver & Co, 1 do brushes; James Milliken, lot furniture; H B McLean, do do; A Schaub, 1 csks s tobe, 1 sk feathers; J Kienordlinger, 5 kegs liquor; F Schnellbach, 126 bags stuff; Braden & P, 47 bxs cheese; McCullough & S, 114 sks rags; G H Hulett, 1 car potatoes; S McBride, 1 do do; Jas McBrier, 1 do lumber; Curry & M, 1 car g hoes, Kim & Son, 1 stove; H J McCracken & Bro, 150 brls apples; W H Palmer, 1 car potatoes; Jas Lindsay, 5 crates queensware; J R Taylor, 2 doz sifters; H Backstone, 5 bxs trees; T C Jenkins, 105 bbls flour; Armstrong, Fawcett & McK, 270 pigs lead; M Meek, 5 cars hay; J & W Fairley, 2 do; D Wallace, 100 bbls flour; L G Graff & Co, 1 car hay; Jas H Parker, 5 bbls m pork; John Henkel, 15 bgs f seed; J Hamnett & Son, 120 g hides; John Froelich, 10 bbls spirits; J C Bartlett, lot h h goods; P L Roshelder, 44 pcks beer; Voigt, M & Co, 20 bxs pears; Hubbard, L & B, 551 bars iron.

ELEVATOR—H Rea, Jr, 1 car oats; T McMichael, 3 do; Hitchcock, McC & Co, 1 do; McHenry & Hood, 1 do; H J McCracken & Co, 2 do; J Rhodes, 1 car barley; Marshall, K & Co, 3 do wheat; Schnellbach, 1 do oats; Kiel & Ritchart, 1 do; H Schnellbach, 1 do; L C Newsom, 1 car corn; Houck, McC & Co, 1 do oats; Johnson, & McF, 1 do corn.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—E Bassett, 1 car coal; H Walker, 10 sks potatoes, 6 bbls apples; Teas & Co, 2 bxs hardware; W & J McMaster, 1 car lumber; Geo McFerron, 9 bxs eggs; M A Fuchs, 134 pcs s ware; J Ward & Son, 3 bags feed; S Drum & Son, 12 bxs h ware; Wm McCallin, 13 bdls bent stuff; Wm McCalla, 600 head cabbage, 33 bags potatoes; Hill & Co, 1 boiler and fixtures; Tanahill & V, 2 bdls bent stuff; F Owens, 20 crates peaches; G Shodde, 2 bbls cider; Reymer, Bauman & Co, 12 sks kegs; W & J Carson, 14 crates peaches; Mrs Winterbottom, 15 bags potatoes; John Kitchen, 2 bbls flour; Charles Hartung, 3 bxs mdse, 1 keg a butter; John Herbert, 11 bags potatoes, 8 bbls apples, 1 Hippely, 1 bbl cabbage; Holmes & Co, 1 car lime; Lutz & Waltz, 26 bxs sugar, 11 bales hops; Roberts & Steele, 400 sks flour; Johnson & Wilhelm, 1 car stone; Johnson & McFarland, 1 car hay, 1 car e corn; Hack & Schwebel, 1 car hay; M Simon, 1 car lumber; D W Huntsman & Co, 6 bales tow, lot new furniture; J H Morrison, 1 car lumber; Jos Craig, 100 bbls lime; Gaus & Loeffler, 4 bdls b bottoms; G G Purvis & Co, 1 car lumber; G Heidegar, 1 lot stone ware; Lewis Oliver & P, 1 car f clay; D Gilmore & Co, 1 car wheat.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway.

Waring Bros, 25 bbls glue; R Knox & Son, 1 car feed in bulk; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 20 bbls apples; Littell & Mechling, 25 bbls whisky; Arbuckles & Co, 100 bxs candles; Weyman & Bro, 4 hhds tobacco; J H Floyd, 1 car hay; Houck, McCague & Co, 1 do; Straub & Gangwisch, 240 scks malt; Roberts & Steele, 1 car e corn; McHenry & Hood, 108 sks wheat, 18 scks barley, 19 scks rye; J McMillan, 1 car bulk e corn; Warren Springer, 1 car s iron; R Dickey & Co, 106 bags sumach; Voigt & McGraw, 5 bbls whisky; F Sellers & Co, 18 tcs shoulders, 260 canvassed hams; Thos D Kerr, 25 bbls h wines; H Riddle, Son & Co, 20 bbls eggs; Adams & Knox, 1 car ear corn; M B Suydam, 118 sks flax, 63 do oats; Watt, Lang & Co., 100 bbls flour; W J Miller, 1 car b hay; S B Floyd, 185 sks oats; T J Wallace, 30 cads tobacco, 30 butts do, 14 cads do; G P Comstock, 2 cars hay; Marshall, K & Co, 84 sks wheat; Schomaker & Co, 100 bbls flour; P Duff & Son, 60 sks oats; Haworth & Dewhurst, 5 hf butts tobacco, 50 cads do; J Andrews, 25 sks flour; Knox & Orr, 35 bxs starch; Reymer & Bro, 50 cads tobacco; T Coffin & Co, 4 sks e clay.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

W W Rigdon, 1 car lumber; P Duff & Son, 1 do w boards; McQuiston & D, 1 do lumber; Heath & S, 1 do do; S & A H Martin, 1 do do; J W Miller & Co, 1 do do; Fuller L & B, 1 do do; W Hutchison, 1 do pipe; H C Van Tine & Co, 2 do oil; D Davis, 1 do onions; Voigt, M & Co, 1 do potatoes; J R Weldin, 2 bxs ink, 6 pkgs muc; F Pollard, 2 bxs s cases; Voigt, M & Co, 29 sks onions; P Duff & Son, 82 bdls w boards; James Loughridge, 5 racks wines; Behrens & Co, 1 bx w in s; W W Barker, 6 racks; J Hillen & Co, 6 bdl b bottoms; Fleming A & Co, 1 bbl varnish; S W Hebron, 15 bbls finding; J A Murray, 1 box books; S S Marvin, 1 empt can; C Baer & Co, 5 bbls tob; W H Buffum, 6 bxs p bottles; Pier D & Co, 3 empt ale bbls; C H Warmcastle, 34 o do; W H Leman, 6 stands; F Eichenlaub, 36 chairs; H Rea Jr, 4 bbls potatoes; Voigt M & Co 1 lot sunds; J H Loh, 1 do; Head, C & Co, 1 do; F Schild, 1 do; Voigt M & Co, 12 bbls apples.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

J H Waters, 7 cars stone; C L Ice Co, 1 car ice; J A Reed, 1 do potatoes; E F French, 1 do; Kiel & R, 1 car hay; Voigt, M & Co, 20 bbls flour; E Fox & Co, 1 bbl beans, 1 do nuts; T White, 1 do onions; W Hoffman, 25 sks oats; J M Irwin, 1 mattress; O C Perry, 15 rolls leather, 5 sks do; Braden & P, 4 bxs cheese; E Froetzinger, 2 bbls cider; A Kirkpatrick & Co, 1 bbl cheese; Knox & Orr, 19 bags rags, 1 tierce rags, 3 bbls do; J A Steele & Co, 1 bbl cranberries; L J Blanchard, 5 bbls apples; Wm Hoffman, 2 bulls, 1 heifer, 1 steer; Thomas McWilliams, 1 s mach; C A Mitchell, 1 boiler, 1 f front, 1 valve; 1 breechen, 8 pcs g pipe; M Lyon, 1 bx mdse, 1 trunk, 1 bureau, 1 bdl r chairs; A Morrisey, 1 bx matches; A L Shaffer, 2 cars lumber; S H Wyrick, 5 bbls potatoes, 7 do apples, 1 keg butter; Robt Scongery, 1 car lumber; R W Leonard, 1 do; Kloman & Co, 5 do stone; P Ramsey, 2 do lumber; D McCarty, 16 baskets fruit; Jno Daub, 3 coops chickens; Miller, B & P, 1 car brick.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal and Ore.

The following are the receipts of blooms, pig metal and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY,
P. R. R. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	31	Maloney & L, s	1
Caughey & H, m	11	Graff, B & Co, m	4
J Reamer, m	2	J Reamer, m	1
Brown & Co, m	1	Lewis, O & P, m	2
Total			53

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Shoenb'r, B & Co, o	5	H Lloyd, Son & Co, o	1
Dilworth, P & Co, o	2	Isabella Furnace, o	12
Graff, B & Co, o	5		
Total			25

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.
Lewis, O & P, m	1

Coal Received by A. V. R. R.

	Cars.		Cars.
N Y & C G C Co	62	Armstrong, D & Co	44
Sable Coal Co	31		
Total			137

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.

U. S. MAIL LINE.
PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.
LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 4 A. M. and 12 M.
For all Points on the Monongahela River.
STEAMER GENEVA..........CAPT. M. A. COX
STEAMER ELECTOR..........CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN..........CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKS
STEAMER E. BENNETT..........CAPT. P. DONALDSON
For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 5 o'clock.
A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

ST. LOUIS.

For Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.
FIRST RISE.
THE POWERFUL TOW-BOAT
ROVER,
OF GRAY'S IRON LINE,
Will leave as announced above.
Will give through bills of lading to Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse, St. Paul, Kansas City, St. Jo, Lawrence, Omaha, Sioux City, Denver, San Francisco, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans, Shreveport, Jefferson, and all points South and Southwest. For lowest rates apply to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
G. H. GHRIEST & CO., or
R. C. GRAY, 94 Water street.

FLOUR.
Best Brands of Winter and Spring Wheat Flour,
In store and to arrive. For Sale by
D. WALLACE.

WM. HOLMES..........JAMES IRWIN.
JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID, NITRIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA, And AQUA AMMONIA.
OFFICE—NO. 15 MARKET ST., PITTSBURGH

CITY MATTERS.

The Commercial in Chicago.

The agency for the COMMERCIAL in Chicago has proved an entire success, and is a great accommodation to Pittsburghers who reside in or visit that city. The agents are Messrs. Bates & Russell, who will be found in the news department of the Palmer House.

Local Observations.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, U. S. SIG. SERV.,
Room 23, First National Bank,
PITTSBURGH, PA., October 15, 1874.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Hum.	Wind.		Weath.
				Dir.	Force	
7 A. M.	30.41	32	90	E.	Light.	Foggy.
2 P. M.	30.24	64	25	W.	Fresh.	Fair.
9 P. M.	30.27	46	76	N.	Light.	Fair.

Mean barometer..30.30 Highest thermometer..64
Mean thermom.. .47 Lowest thermometer..30

G. H. ROHE,
Sergeant, Signal Service, U. S. A.

City Property Committee.

There was a regular monthly meeting of the City Property Committee in the City Clerk's office last evening.

A pay-roll amounting to $1,170 30 was read and approved.

The contract for construction of a sewer for the purpose of draining the Thirty-sixth ward lock-up was let to Messrs. Loughrey & Call at fifty cents per foot.

The sub-committees on the Twelfth and Fourteenth ward station-houses were directed to make repairs that may be found necessary, after which the committee adjourned.

One More.

Yesterday morning, as officer Williams, of the Allegheny night police, was on his way home, he found in Davis' alley, near Irwin avenue, a money till. He concluded, very naturally, that it had been stolen, and going into Byrne's Exchange, at the corner, showed the till and asked if the place had been robbed. The till was recognized as belonging there, but previously nothing had been known of any robbery. Investigation showed that, besides the till, which had contained a small sum of money, a coat had been stolen. The thieves had gained entrance through a side door. The stolen coat was subsequently found among the goods recovered at the thieves' rendezvous, elsewhere described, and Mr. Byrne last evening made information against McMullin, Connor & Co.

Unsatisfactory Assessments.

Yesterday morning the Board of Viewers gave audience to a generally dissatisfied assemblage. The property holders along Fifth avenue extension were present to be heard regarding the asessments and awards for that improvement, and a number those present, it seemed were dissatisfied. The assessment from the Court House to Jumonville street, is thirty cents per front foot, and the property holders along there claim that they ought not to pay anything at all for an improvement that does not come near their property. From Jumonville street to the intersection of Fifth and Penn avenues, the assessment is $1 22 per front foot, this basis of assessment being thirty-three thousand feet. The property holders along this portion claim that this assessment is far too heavy as the improvement benefits the entire city, and the entire city ought to pay for the benefit, rather than that the property holders along the direct line of the improvement should be excessively taxed therefor. The property holders along the Soho "fill" have been awarded about eight dollars per front foot for damages, and their claim is that this award is far too light, considering the amount of damage actually inflicted upon the property. The total amount of damages awarded is about $47,000. A further hearing will take place. There is some talk of the matter being taken to Court.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Supreme Court—Chief Justice Agnew, and Justices Sharswood and Mercur.

George W. Canfield vs. John Gilmore. Error to District Court. Argued by Smith for plaintiff in error, and Bruce contra.

Dravo's appeal. *Certiorari* to the District Court. Appeal quashed.

William Holmes' appeal. *Certiorari* to the Court of Common Pleas. Argued by Bayne and Magee for appellant, and Lazear contra.

Appeal of John M. Porter's executors. *Certiorari* to the Orphans' Court. Argued by Purviance for appellants, and Shafer contra. This is the Porter will case, which has been before the public on several occasions.

Sarah J. Payne vs. Abram Patterson's administrators. Error to the Court of Common Pleas. Argued by Glenn for plaintiff in error, and Stoner contra.

U. S. District Court—Judge McCandless.

M. A. Woodward, assignee of S. R. McClean, bankrupt, Pittsburgh, vs. Susannah McClean. By agreement of parties in interest, A. M. Watson, Esq., was appointed master, to take testimony, make examination, and report to this Court.

Max Reese & Co., Luzerne county, bankrupt. The creditors having chosen Fred. Fuller, of Scranton, as assignee, the appointment was approved.

Common Pleas—Judge Collier.

The case of John Britton vs. F. Bese and others, reported yesterday, was submitted to the jury.

There will be no jury trials to-day.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

The case of Hauk and Belezine Smith, Proper, Neely and Satterle, indicted for riot, on oath of Robert T. Graham, was on trial all day, and was not concluded at adjournment. The riot grew out of an attempt, on the part of the defendants, to remove a dam which Graham had constructed across Pine creek, near Etna.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

James Shelden,	Jno. Lynch,
Wm. White,	Benjamin Shaffer,
James Donovan,	Jos. Brown,
Toll. Gallagher,	Henry Lipp,
Robert Wray,	Thomas McCann.
Jno. Haney,	

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Whether the taste of the public has been vitiated by a long course of sensational and burlesque performances, or whether it is from some more creditable cause, the second appearance of Mr. John McCullough in this city has not been met with the liberal patronage which is due to the genius and power of that actor, and the high character of the dramas performed. The houses have, it is true, been moderately well filled, but the standing to which Mr. McCullough's talents entitle him, should be sufficient to fill the house to overflowing. All who have witnessed the acting of that gentlemen for the past four nights, agree in acknowledging his right to a place in the front rank among the great actors who have made the legitimate drama what it is in this country. His presentation of the character of *Spartacus* last evening, strengthened the powerful impression made on those who heard him in the same character the night before. His magnificent oratory, and the perfection of his gestures in the impassioned speeches which abound in the tragedy of "The Gladiator," are strong exponents of his greatness as a tragedian. The support, although somewhat improved over the preceding evening, was only tolerable, and the extremely favorable impression produced was due entirely to Mr. McCullough's power in the leading character. We might, however, except the instance in the last act, where Mr. Fitzpatrick's tolerable rendering of one of the most thrilling passages of the drama called forth the applause of the audience.

To-night Mr. McCullough will appear as *Richard III* and the performance of that play will be a dramatic event of much interest. From what we have already seen of him, we can safely say that Mr. McCullough's presentation of one of Shakespeare's greatest characters, should not fail to attract a large audience. The company will receive valuable assistance in the appearance of Mrs. Effie Ellsler as *Queen Elizabeth*. This is the first appearance of that lady in this city for the present season. Her well-known talent as an actress, and her universal popularity in this city, will add much to the attractions of this evening's performance.

Mrs. D. P. Bowers, supported by J. B. McCollom, will begin a short season at the Opera House on Monday evening next, producing during her stay some of the great standard plays in which she has won fame and, we hope, fortune.

Library Hall.

The first of the Thomas concerts will be given at Library Hall this evening. We append the programme. It will be seen that there are no selections from Strauss' waltzes, the dance music being by Meyerbeer:

Overture, The Ruler of the Spirits......Weber.
Marcia Funebre, } Symphony Eroica............
Finale, } ....Beethoven
Aria—"Parto, ma tu ben mio," Clemenza di Tito........................Mozart.
Clarionette obligato by Mr. H. Kayser.
MISS EMMA CRANCH.
Fantasie Caprice—Op. 11..........Viextemps.
Ballet Music—Prophet..............Meyerbeer.
a. Waltz. b. Redowa. c. Quadrille of the Skaters. d. Galop.
Cavatina—"Di tanti palpiti." Tancredi..Rossini
MISS EMMA CRANCH.
Meditation—(new).......................Gounod.
The solo part will be played by sixteen violins.
Introduction, }
Chorus, } 3d Act Lohengrin......Wagner.
March. }

Those who have not yet secured seats, should visit the music store of H. Kleber & Bro., No. 122 Wood street, where a few may yet be had.

Janauschek.

Madame Janauschek will play "Mary Stuart" at Library Hall on Monday evening next. The New York *World* thus comments on her impersonation of this character:

"Last night, Janauschek appeared as 'Mary Stuart' in the English adaptation of Schiller's play, and the Academy presented a most promising aspect. The boxes were filled, and a crowded audience occupied the parquet and gallery. The play put Janauschek's extraordinary talents at once in the most vivid light. The first act indicated this, although it is the weakest in the drama, and the third act resulted in a triumph seldom equaled for its completeness in the modern theater. The scene in Fotheringay Park transcended in power the previous representations in German and Italian. Few situations in the German Repertoire offer such a splendid opportunity for the exhibition of Janauschek's tragical power as this, and she last night rose suddenly to the full exercise of all her peculiar talent. In the fierce outpouring of her hatred and contempt in the closing interview with Elizabeth all considerations of method and manner were forgotten in the fascination of the fiercest passion. When the curtain fell the audience broke out in acclaim; twice the artiste was recalled, and twice greeted with the same tumultuous applause."

The sale of seats for the Janauschek nights began, yesterday morning, at Kleber & Bro.'s, 122 Wood street, and a large number of places were taken. The sale will continue to-day.

Fifth Avenue Theater.

The performances being given by Sanford's Minstrels at the above named theater are of a highly entertaining character, and deserving of the most liberal patronage. Mr. Sanford is one of the shining lights of minstrelsy, having been before the public as actor and manager for more than a quarter of a century; and the men he has gathered about him were culled from the front rank of the profession. The sweet plantation melodies of the olden time are most acceptably rendered, while the other portions of the programme are given with equal excellence. As the company stays but two days longer, those who have failed to hear them should do so at once. They will give a matinee to-morrow.

Trimble's Varieties Theater.

The changes in the programme at this theater, last evening, were received with great favor by the large audience in attendance. The company is a really fine one, and well managed by Mr. H. W. Williams.

"The Sphinx."

Miss Jane Coombs, the favorite actress, is announced to begin an engagement at the Pittsburgh Opera House on Monday evening, 26th inst., in a translation of M. Octave Feuillet's latest play, "The Sphinx." She played it for one week in St. Louis, recently, the house being crowded every night. Miss Coombs appears at the Grand Opera House, Cincinnati, on next Monday evening.

Pantomime.

Tony Denier's pantomime troupe will occupy the stage of the Fifth Avenue Theater next week.

Evening Classes at the Iron City College, corner Penn and Sixth streets, now in session

AT LAST.

The Allegheny Depredators Halted—The Result of "Watching and Waiting"—Parties Arrested, Stolen Goods Recovered and Informations Made.

Yesterday morning, in speaking of the epidemic of burglary in Allegheny, we stated that a number of picked men of the police force had remained at the Mayor's office when the night men went on duty, and were ready, dressed in citizens' clothing, to participate in some unrevealed measures looking to the capture of the thieves and the prevention of further depredations. Those measures, as we are now informed, consisted merely in the men devoting their attention and energies entirely to finding some clue and working it out. That was to be the night's work of each man. No clue existed to commence with, and it was altogether a work of "watching and waiting." The results speak well for that kind of policy.

About three o'clock in the morning, Lieutenant Rall, who was one of special detachment, was standing in an alley leading off Robinson street, not far from Sundusky, when he saw two men pass along Robinson street, one of them carrying a small satchell. Their demanor did not altogether pase him and he watched and followed them. He had on rubber shoes so that his following was noiseless. The two men went into a boarding house on Robinson street. The number of the house and the name of the occupant we withhold, because there is good reason to suppose that the lady occupying the house did not know the character of these particular lodgers. The Lieutenant placed himself at one of the windows and listened. He had not been there long until he heard one of the men dividing the spoils in the following manner "Rufus, here is seventy-five cents for you and seventy-five cents for me; ten cents for you and ten for me," &c. He heard coin rattle on the table and was speedily convinced that here was one of the clues he and his comrades were looking for.

At length he went to the office and reported, giving the number of the house and such a description of the men as he could, considering that he had only seen them "by the light of the street lamps, dimly burning." It was deemed best, however, not to force an entrance to the house, for fear of mistakes, and the Lieutenant went back and resumed his watching and listening. What he heard still further confirmed his suspicions, and he was fully bent on making a capture. At length the two men came out of the house again, one of them still carrying that small satchel. They went out to Federal street and turned down toward the bridge, Lieutenant Rall following. He tried to send word to the office for help, but could find no suitable messenger, so he watched his opportunity, single handed and alone. He followed the men across the bridge to Sixth street, and there they separated, the one with the satchel going up Duquesne way, and the other going on up Sixth street. Lieutenant Rall followed the one with the satchel. The man went to a house at the rear of the Young Men's Home, and entered.

The Lieutenant succeeded in getting a messenger to go to the Mayor's office, and presently Captain Wilson and Officer Miller arrived, bringing a search warrant. The three entered the house and found the man they wanted. The officers made known their errand to the individual, who gave his name as Joseph McMullin, and he accompanied Lieutenant Rall to the Mayor's office, without any resistance being offered, and was accommodated with a cell. The search warrant was put into execution, and a large quantity of miscellaneous articles, hidden in every imaginable nook, were found. The stock comprised two bottles of champagne, a jug of whisky, lot of sardines, a quantity of cigars, four coats, comprising dress and overcoats, two large satchels, containing five new vests, four hats of different styles, apparently new, a lot of towels, shirts worn and unworn, gloves and several other small articles, such as gold pins, lockets, emblems, &c. The articles were taken in a wagon to the Mayor's office, where they can be seen.

In the meantime, officers Geary and Jerry Smith, also armed with a search warrant, visited the Robinson street house. While they were there, McMullin's partner, as the officers knew from the description, came, and was promptly arrested. He gave his name as Rufus Connor. Officer Smith started with him for the Mayor's office. When near the corner of Sandusky street the prisoner made a sudden dart, and proceeded as fast as possible along Race alley, from there to another alley and through it to Lacock street. When near the latter named street, the officer drew his revolver and shot him in the right cheek, the ball passing under his nose and coming out through the other cheek. This somewhat staggered him and he proceeded without further trouble. He was also provided with a cell. Dr. Buchanan attended to his wound, which was not at all serious. Three other men named John Swords, Alex. Swords and Eccles Robinson were arrested at the house by officers Freshwater, Bowden and Marshall. The two Swords are brothers. One is but recently out of the Penitentiary, and the other not long ago was in the Workhouse. They and Robinson were arrested because they were in suspicious company, because they were suspicious characters, and because they were seen hanging about a place that was robbed on Wednesday night.

The search warrant brought to light a larger quantity of goods at this house than at the other. The following is an imperfect catalogue: One gold watch and chain, two silver watches, several gold lockets, a new pocket-book, gold studs, one pair of opera glasses, several pairs of new kid gloves, with and without fur on the wrists, a set of new razors in a morocco case, three gold-headed canes, one cane minus the head, new boots and shoes, five coats of different patterns, three hats, a quantity of cigars, a guitar, lot of soap, two pairs of pantaloons, and umbrellas. A number of pawn tickets were found on the prisoners, and they have revealed considerable additional property. Much of the property found has been identified, and those claiming it have made informations against the prisoners. Dr. J. H. Powers, of Lacock street, has found all his property except his sleeve buttons. One of the gold-headed canes is inscribed, "Port Royal, Nov. 7, A. D. 1861."

Last evening seven informations were made by those who identified their property among that found, charging McMullin, Connor *et al.* with burglary. Those making the informations are as follows: R. J. Linn, Dr. J. H. Powers, P. D. Susman, George Shiras, Jr., George Leaber, Joseph Rose and Frank Byrne. McMullin and Connor were committed for a hearing, and the Swords brothers and Robinson are still in the lock-up, awaiting a disposition of their case as accessories.

THE OIL CREEK RAILROAD.

The Mortgage Creditors Refuse to Convert Their Bonds—Report Relative to Rebates on Oil Freights.

On Tuesday last, at Philadelphia, the bondholders of the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway Company held a meeting, with Mr. J. J. Woodward in the chair.

Mr. Thomas S. Fernon, of the committee appointed at the August meeting, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the voluntary proposition contained in a letter dated August 3, 1874, signed John Scott, President, and addressed to John W. Moffley, Esq., that the holders of bonds secured by the consolidated mortgage dated May 1, 1868, due May 1, 1888 (which is a first lien on part and a second lien on the balance of the main road of the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway Company, on thirty-seven miles of which main road and in its thoroughfare position the first and prior lien is for only $15,000 per mile), consent and agree to the conversion of said bonds into so-called preferred stock, is hereby declined and rejected as utterly incompatible with our interests and rights as mortgage creditors of the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railway Company.

A motion to suspend action on this resolution was voted down.

Mr. Moffley said that he had an additional report from a majority of the committee, which, on leave being granted, was read as follows:

After a careful investigation into the condition of the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railroad your committee have discovered certain matters that have heretofore been and will continue to be a serious incumbrance on the working of the road to profit for the shareholders, and also very materially affecting the security of our bonds: First, certain contracts entered into by the late President and Board of Directors of the Oil Creek and Allegheny Valley Railroad with individuals and corporations, giving large rebates on freights of oil originating on the line of the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railroad, said contracts having from eight to ten years to run, and must be recognized by the present organization, thereby very materially reducing the legitimate earnings of the road. Second, certain individuals and corporations have commenced proceedings, and others have given formal notice that proceedings will be instituted against the road to reclaim what they state to be overcharges on freights carried over the O. C. & A. R. R. some four years since, and as said rates of freight were paid at the time without protest or complaint, we view the claims as unjust in every particular; and as the road has already expended large amounts of money in defending its property against those claims, and if continued will necessarily impair the value of our bonds and absorb the earnings of the road, which would otherwise be applied to paying the interest on our mortgage.

Your committee would say, further, that so long as the interest on our bonds remains unpaid the receiver will continue in possession of the property, and as his power is limited to keep the road in ordinary repair, and he cannot, by any authority, purchase or build any new engines or rolling stock, or erect new buildings, the road will consequently run down in working ability, and thereby lessen the value of our bonds.

We therefore recommend the consolidated bondholders to urge a speedy foreclosure under their mortgage.

Without taking any definite action on the report, a resolution was adopted for the appointment of a committee to confer with the managers of the road to see if any settlement can be made that will be satisfactory to the stockholders, and the meeting adjourned to meet on Tuesday of next week.

CHANGE OF BASE.

From Allegheny to Pittsburgh—The Nomadic Burglars.

The burglars who have of late been exhibiting devotion to Allegheny transferred their attentions to Pittsburgh on Wednesday night, and made themselves the secret guests at three houses in this city. Their most notable visit was to the house of Mr. J. Altman No. 36, Watson street.

Mr. A keeps a supply house for peddlers, and has an immense stock of goods stored in his house. About two o'clock yesterday morning, an officer passing the house found a skirt, shawl and other articles lying on the sidewalk and on the door step. He aroused Altman, and upon making an examination it was found that the door of the store room had been forced open, and cloths, dress goods, table cloths, silks, embroideries, laces, shawls, etc., to the amount of $3,000 carried off. The front door was apparently untouched, but the padlock and staple on the door of the storeroom were broken off. The thieves must have had a wagon to carry off the goods, and from the circumstances, surrounding the robbery, it is suspected that some of Altman's customers, who knew the location and amount of goods on hand, were the thieves.

The thieves also visited the residence of Mathew Edwards, Esq., on Lincoln avenue, East End. The entrance was effected through a window in the rear of the house, the shutter of which had been removed. A dress coat, two vests, a pair of spectacles, sleeve buttons and studs, and a gold mounted pencil were carried off. A pair of pants were left behind, which are supposed to have been stolen from some residence in the same neighborhood.

J. N. Shepherd's bakery, at 316 Liberty, was also visited some time during the night, and a large quantity of cakes and candies carried off, and apparently a great deal more destroyed than was carried away. More goods were destroyed, however, than were taken away by the thieves. A coat belonging to Mr. Sheppard was also stolen.

Seventh Ward Republicans.

We have been authorized to state that there will be a general meeting of Republicans, of the different election districts of the Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, at the Franklin street School House, on Saturday evening next, commencing at 7:30 o'clock. It is hoped and expected there will be a full attendance of all earnest Republicans who take an interest in the approaching election, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting.

Best Flours in the Market

are the Pearl Steam Mills two star, made from best Kentucky white wheat; Pittsburgh City Mills and Eclipse, made from Kentucky amber and Michigan white wheat, all manufactured and guaranteed by Marshall, Kennedys & Co.

N. B.—See that the firm's name is on each barrel or sack. MTUFS

PITTSBURGH STREETS.

Meeting of the Committee Last Night—The Street Appropriation—Business Transacted.

Last evening a special meeting of the Pittsburgh Street Committee was held in the Common Council chamber, Mr. S. P. Fulton presiding.

It was moved by Mr. Rafferty that the Commissioners of the different districts be instructed to reduce their force of workmen as much and as soon as possible, and that the pay rolls of the Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Eighth districts, for the next month, shall not exceed $250 each.

Mr. Rafferty stated, in support of his motion, that only about $38,000 yet remains unexpended from the appropriation for the streets, and there was great probability of twenty per cent. of that amount being deducted, owing to the recent decision of the Courts in regard to the East End taxes. Unless the expenses were cut down, he said, the committee would find themselves in precisely the same difficulty as the Water Committee.

There was much opposition to the motion, particularly among members from the South Side, and eventually Mr. Rafferty withdrew his motion.

Mr. West offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of five in conjunction with the Chairman of the committee be appointed to see what amount of the street appropriation is yet unexpended and divide the same as nearly equal as possible, according to the amount they have been heretofore expending among the different Street Commissioners, so that each will know about how much they will have to depend on during the rest of the year.

On motion of Mr. Elder the regular order of business was suspended to give opportunity to Hon. T. J. Bigham to be heard on the proposed change of the route of Grandview avenue from Fulton to Washington streets. The gentlemen represented that the proposed change would greatly damage his property, and asked that a sub-committee be appointed to examine the matter. Mr. C. A. Bushman was also heard upon the proposed change.

The report of the Board of Viewers, who had made a visit to the avenue, was read, stating that the opening of the avenue between Fulton and Washington streets would cost about $15,000.

On motion of Mr. Rafferty the matter was referred to the engineer together with a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Rafferty, McCord, Scott, Darlington and Glass.

Mr. Robinson offered a resolution authorizing the Mayor to execute and the City Attorney to file a bond in the matter of damages caused by grading Carson street, South Side. The resolution was adopted.

Council business was then considered. An ordinance authorizing and a remonstrance against the grading and paving of Passavant's alley, from Clark street to Clark alley, which were referred to the committee from Councils, were taken up. On motion of Mr. Rafferty, the ordinance was ordered to be reported to Councils with a negative recommendation.

A petition for a change of grade on Forbes street, from Boyd to Chestnut streets, and a remonstrance against the same, were, on motion of Mr. Darlington, laid upon the table.

On motion of Mr. Darlington, the Clerk was instructed to prepare an ordinance for a change of grade on Locust street, between Magee and Stevenson streets.

A communication from the citizens residing on Carson street, in the Sixth district, complaining of the condition of the street, was referred to a sub-committee in conjunction with the City Solicitor.

A petition for the repaving of Webster avenue, from Seventh avenue to Fulton street, was referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. Dannals, Rafferty and Mears.

The contractors' pay roll for the month of September, amounting to $11,209 53, was approved.

A petition for the grading and paving of Vickroy street, from Cooper to Stevenson streets, and a remonstrance against the same, were next taken up and a number of persons interested were heard on the matter. The committee decided to visit the street on Tuesday next.

On motion of Mr. Liddell the action laying the petition for change of grade on Passavant's alley was reconsidered and the matter was referred to a sub-committee.

An ordinance for the opening of Sassafras alley, between Twentieth and Twenty-ninth streets, to the width of fifty feet, and a petition for the same were read. The ordinance stipulated that the work was to be prosecuted and paid for by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for certain concessions made, and Mr. Rafferty moved that the matter be laid on the table until Councils take action on the ordinance annulling the contract between the city and the Railroad Company. Carried.

Mr. Wood offered a resolution instructing the Street Commissioner of the Fifth district to repair the sewer on Twenty street. The resolution was referred to the City Solicitor.

Mr. Darlington presented a resolution recommending the annulling of an ordinance for the opening of Exchange alley.

At this point it was discovered that there was no quorum present, and the meeting adjourned.

LIST OF PATENTS.

Issued from the United States Patent Office to the Citizens of the State of Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Following is the list of patents issued from the United States Patent Office to citizens of the States of Pennsylvania and Ohio for the week ending October 15, 1874. Furnished for the COMMERCIAL from the office of J. McC. Perkins & Co., Counselors-at-law and Solicitors for American and foreign patents, No. 513 Seventh street, Washington, D. C.:

PENNSYLVANIA.

Detonating Railroad Signals—J. D. Schooley and W. C. Schooley, Braddock's Field. Filed July 22, 1874.

Car Brakes—George B. Bryant, Pottsville. Filed May 24, 1872.

Machines for Forming Leather Covers for Carriage Tops—A. Hardisty, Allegheny. Filed February 14, 1874.

Manufacture of Glassware—Benj. Bakewell, Jr., Pittsburgh. Filed July 18, 1874.

Ironing Tables—Wm. O. Donell, Pittsburgh. Filed July 3, 1874.

Double-Acting Steam Pumps—Chas. Rogers, Allegheny, assignor to Jas. A. Hutchinson, Pittsburgh. Filed August 8, 1874.

Weighing Attachments to Hay Forks—Montesuma Scott, Homewood. Filed August 8, 1874.

Shaft-Coupling—E. Weible, Tidioute, assignor of one-half his right to J. A. Weible, same place. Filed August 22, 1874.

Casing-Heads for Oil-Wells—Robert R. Armor, Parker City. Filed August 10, 1874.

Toy Catapults—Thos. Fitch, Corry. Filed December 16, 1873.

Washing-Machines—Nelson W. Brewer, Williamsport. Filed May 4, 1874.

Saws for Sawing Stone—S. G. Morrison, Williamsport. Filed April 2, 1874.

Life-Rafts—Jonathan Cone, Bristol. Filed July 2, 1874.

Rope-Clutches — Thos. J. Byrne, Erie, assignor of one-half his right to Geo. M. Snow, same place. Filed June 22, 1874.

Scrapers for Washing Ores—David Gross, Upper Macungie. Filed June 20, 1874.

Appliances for Rolling Mills—Joseph L. Pennock, Coatesville. Filed August 7, 1874.

Nut Locks—James U. Fisher and Hiram W. Fisher, Penn Station. Filed May 24, 1873.

Cone Sawing Machines—J. Harris, Titusville. Filed June 20, 1874.

Spark Extinguishers for Locomotives—Wm. F. Grassler, Muncy, assignor to the Grassler Smoke Stack Company. Filed July 27, 1874.

RE-ISSUE.

Modes of Steering Vessels—F. E. Sickels, Swarthmore. Patent No. 29,200, dated July 17, 1860; extended seven years. Filed September 17, 1874.

OHIO.

Seeding Machines—James F. Winchell, Springfield. Filed May 19, 1874.

Boxes for Transporting Butter—Walter D. Gilbert, D. Gouchenour and F. E. Moore, South Olive. Filed July 23, 1874.

Hand Pieces for Dental Engines—H. M. Edson and Robert L. Evans, Toledo. Filed September 6, 1874.

Turn-Tables for Railways and Bridges—Robert W. Smith, Toledo. Filed June 6, 1874.

Paper Boxes—Alonzo E. Turnbull, Upper Sandusky, assignor of one-half his right to W. M. Lenhart, Toledo. Filed June 30, 1874.

Milk Carriers—A. W. Clifford, Cleveland. Filed March 17, 1874.

Lath-Sawing Machines—Samuel C. Weber, Patterson. Filed July 18, 1874.

Steam-Boiler Furnaces—Richard Huff, Zanesville. Filed March 25, 1873.

Modes of Attaching Metallic Laths—Philander E. Lane, Mount Vernon, assignor to I. V. Holmes and J. Cooper, same place. Filed September 2, 1874.

Horse Hay-Rakes—Charles Edgar, Dayton. Filed August 28, 1874.

REISSUE.

Refrigerators—Canada D. Hicks, Bowling Green. Patent No. 143,625, dated October 14, 1873. Filed August 25, 1874.

THE BOARD OF PARDONS.

Action Upon Cases From Western Counties.

At its recent session the Board of Pardons recommended the parties named in the following cases as fit subjects for Executive clemency:

James N. Mackey, of Allegheny county, sentenced to one year in the county workhouse on April 4, 1874, added to a fine of $200, for keeping a disorderly bawdy house. It was shown that the offense for which he was convicted was committed during his absence from his hotel. Nearly all the jurors who sat on his case and the president judge who imposed the sentence favored the pardon.

Winfield S. Baker, Andrew Cross, Charles Patterson and Joseph Albright, sentenced to three months in August in the Washington county jail for riot. The men had entered an old building and fired sevoral shots while intoxicated. The pardon was asked on the ground that they all had families to support, and that the offense was of a trivial character. The President Judge of the district and District Attorney of the county favored the pardon.

Daniel G. Sill, sentenced in Crawford county to one year in jail. Sill, when arrested, was on his way West with a party of emigrants. On the train one of the passengers (a fellow countryman) was robbed of $350, and Sill having disappeared suspicion was aroused that he had taken the money. He was found, and an examination disclosed $371 on his person. This money did not correspond with that stolen, but notwithstanding he was convicted—forty hours after he had arrived in this country. It has been established beyond doubt that he received the $371 in exchange for gold in New York.

The following cases are held under advisement:

W. R. Smith, of Blair county, selling liquor without license and sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and undergo ninety days' imprisonment. His time has already nearly expired.

Levi Knott, of Blair county, sentenced on the 31st of July, 1874, to pay a fine of $220 and undergo ninety days' imprisonment, for selling liquor without license, on Sunday and to minors.

Ralston Blose, of Jefferson county, sentenced in September, 1872, to two years and six months in the penitentiary for larceny.

Samuel L. Hill, sentenced in May, 1870, to seven years in the penitentiary for assault and battery with intent to kill.

In the following cases the Board refused to recommend pardons:

Robert Pinkerton, of Westmoreland county, selling liquor without license.

John Harrison, of Allegheny county, sentenced on January 4, 1873, to two years and three months in the penitentiary for keeping a disorderly bawdy house.

Sweet Cider all the Year Round.

Sweet Cider all the Year Round.
Sulphite of Lime
Sulphite of Lime

will keep cider sweet and in excellent condition for any length of time. Persons desirous of preserving this wholesome beverage during the fall and winter can do so, at a very small cost, by using this preparation. It does not affect the taste or change the character of the cider in the least degree, and its use is accompanied by very little trouble. Sold very cheap, wholesale and retail, by

McCLARREN & McKENNAN,
Druggists, 85 Market street,

Also, 67 Fifth avenue, and at corner Smithfield and Fifth avenue, dealers in and importers of pure drugs, chemicals, trusses, braces, French and English perfumery and soaps, Saunders' face powder, Atkinson's White Rose, Lubin's extracts and soaps, best English hair and tooth brushes, Buffalo dressing combs, fine sponges, English and Scotch ales and Dublin porter, scotch oatmeal. All genuine and at low prices.

TAXPAYERS' UNION.

Meeting of the Executive Committee.

The Central Executive Committee of the Taxpayers' Union held a regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon, at which there was but a small attendance.

In the absence of President Jones, Mr. George Finley was called to the chair, and Mr. C. Shaw acted as Secretary.

Judge Mellon, from the Committee on Public Works, spoke concerning the recent decision of the court on the rising main contract. The announcement of the decision had been received with the utmost surprise by the community. He thought, however, if taken to a higher court the decision would be changed.

Mr. McLain presented the following:

Resolved, That our sub-committee be instructed to proceed without delay to a final decision of the rising main contract, because if words so plain and which in other States have required contracts to be given to the lowest bidder are held by our Courts to mean the highest bidders, then we can see no use for enactment of laws or constitutions.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Norton, from the Committee on Taxation called up the report submitted at a former meeting and previously published, concerning the classification of property and the times for collecting the taxes. The gentleman then read a lengthy paper on the provisions of the report.

Judge Mellon said he had not closely examined the report, but it had met with general approbation when it was published in the city papers. He had no doubt if the report was adopted by the State Legislature as a law, the taxpayers would fare much better. The Judge continued to discuss at some length the present manner of assessment and of collecting taxes, denouncing the manner as very bungling, and suggesting what he thought would be a better method.

Mr. McLain thought the law for collecting taxes in Philadelphia a very good one. Those who pay first are there allowed a greater discount than those who pay a month or so later.

The matter was discussed for some time, when, on motion, it was decided to postpone action on the report till the next meeting.

Mr. Powers, from the committee appointed to question the Legislative candidates, stated that he had received two additional letters, one from E. A. Wood, the Democratic candidate for Senator in the Forty-fifth district, the other from James Larimer, Republican candidate for Assembly in the Fourth Legislative district. Dr. Wood concludes his letter as follows:

To your first question—Yes. Second question—Yes. Third question—I am not. Fourth question—Am in favor of making the Mayor and all officers salaried.

If you can find nothing in my past life to warrant you in giving me your support, I shall not exact it on the strength of the above "satisfactory answers."

MR. LARIMER'S LETTER.

PITTSBURGH, October 9, 1874.

GENTLEMEN: Owing to absence from the city I was unable to reply to your communication in time for your meeting yesterday.

In answer to your inquiries I would reply: First. I am, and if elected will use all my endeavors to the end desired. Second and fourth. I am emphatically in favor of a salary system and the entire repeal of all fees so far as the Constitution will allow. Third. I am not directly or indirectly pledged to any candidate for United States Senator, and will vote for the best man to represent my constituents.

Most respectfully yours,
JAMES LARIMER.

The letters were received and filed.

On motion adjourned.

DR. LEWIS.

The Original Temperance Crusader in Pittsburgh.

Yesterday morning Dr. Dio Lewis, the "Peter the Hermit" of the Temperance Crusade, arrived in this city from New Castle, on his way East after his Ohio crusade. It was announced that he would lecture yesterday afternoon in Christ Methodist Episcopal church, on Penn street, and at the appointed time an audience of fair proportions gathered at the church to listen to what the distinguished speaker had to say on the temperance issues.

Dr. Lewis is a man apparently between fifty and sixty years of age, has silvar gray hair, a fresh, ruddy face, and a bright, alert expression. His voice is good, and he speaks, not with oratorical grace, but with earnestness and force, emphasizing his words at somewhat too regular intervals.

He spoke in general terms of the woman's temperance movement, warmly approving the "crusade" enterprise, and paying tribute to the faith, earnestness, courage and womanliness of the women engaged in it. They were doing a good work, and doing it nobly. He spoke rather more especially in favor of the "committee plan" of work, but cordially approved of the whole crusade movement. To the disappointment of many present, he did not touch at all upon the prohibition question. He is known to be opposed to prohibition, and it was hoped that he would announce his views, but he said no word concerning it. Throughout his rather brief address he was listened to, not with enthusiasm, but certainly with interest.

Allegheny Street Committee.

Last evening the Street Committee of Allegheny Councils held a meeting.

Mr. Ackley moved that the Committee recommend to Councils to consent to the vacation of Bidwell street from the Fort Wayne Railroad to Washington avenue, and consent to the opening of a street fifty-three feet wide along said railroad, provided the company agree to pay expenses of opening, etc., the railroad company to have power to lay a third track on the west side of Bidwell street. Agreed to.

Mr. Cochran moved that a clause be inserted in the contract preventing the company from shifting cars along Washington avenue. Agreed to.

The City Sololicitor was instructed to prepare the contract.

An ordinance for grading Spring alley from Long alley to Green street.

An ordinance was recommended for the construction of a lateral sewer of Ferry land from the present terminus to Kerr street.

The contract for repairing the pavement of Cedar avenue was awarded to James Orr for $6,000.

The grading and paving of Charles street was awarded to James Orr for $65,580.

The bid of Isaac Myers was some $5,080 less, but was not acceptable to the committee on account of the manner in which he had disposed of some previous contracts. Myers, it is said, will contest the letting of the contract.

The grading and paving of McClure avenue was awarded to John Shetzel at $43,508.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

SOME of the Pittsburgh police were around in citizens' clothes last night.

IT is greatly to be hoped that Allegheny and Pittsburgh will now have at least a partial rest from burglarious troubles.

THE burglars were very busy at Burgettstown the other night, and six houses were entered and robbed of money and valuables.

COLONEL THOMAS A. SCOTT, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, passed through the city yesterday, on his way to Columbus.

MR. JAMES MCKELVY, of Wilkins township, was thrown from his buggy and badly bruised, on Wednesday, by the running away of his horse. He was also injured internally

AN UNSUCCESSFUL attempt was made on Tuesday evening to start an incendiary fire in Braddocks Fields. The would be incendiary was suprised at his work, but made his escape.

THE Allegheny Committee on Wharves and Landings last evening approved about $400 worth of bills, but transacted no other business.

REV. S. T. MITCHELL delivered a capital lecture at Simpson M. E. Church, Allegheny City, Monday evening, the 12th, subject: "Dirt." It was practical, well delivered, and abounded with touches of humor.

S. BAIRD, of Washington, Pa., was before United States Commissioner Gamble, yesterday, on a charge of retailing liquor without paying the Government tax. He was committed for trial in default of bail.

YESTERDAY afternoon an alarm of fire was struck from box No. 2 in Allegheny. It was occasioned by a slight fire in a frame house on Wayne street. The fire was easily extinguished by the aid of a few buckets of water.

SIX TRAMPS, who were found sleeping among the coke ovens of the Twelfth ward, were before Acting Mayor McMasters yesterday. The evidence all went to show that the men were honest but unfortunate, and all were discharged.

THE Washington County Fair, held at Canonsburg for the last three days, closed yesterday. It was well attended and was an entire success. Mr. James W. Burns, agent for Matthews Soda Fountain, occupied one of the principal stands and made a good display.

LAST evening, at the meeting of the Allegheny Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, it was decided by this committee to have the Controller issue proposals for placing a six-thousand pound bell on Columbia Engine House, and for the construction of a striking apparatus.

THE contract has been awarded by the authorities of Bellaire, Ohio, to Knock & Lang, of Pittsburgh, for the building of two hose reels, at their bid of $940, and Mr. Morgan, the solicitor, was appointed with a committee to close said contract in accordance with the terms and specifications.

ON WEDNESDAY a boy named Louis Sherer, about eleven years of age, and residing on Elm street, fell from a walnut tree about a mile from Oakland. He broke both his thighs and one of his arms, and sustained severe internal injuries. He was taken to the Homeopathic Hospital, and is doing well.

OFFICERS TETLEY and Mulvaney yesterday afternoon arrested a tramp, charged with having robbed a raftsman of ten dollars on the street the previous night. The raftsman's pocket-book was found in the possession of the tramp, but the money was nearly all gone. The prisoner will be before the Grand Jury today.

THE funeral of Dr. A. C. Murdock took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence on Fourth avenue. The services were conducted by Rev. W. J. Reid and Rev. J. G. Brown, both clergymen of the U. P. Church. A very large number of the friends and acquaintances of the decased attended the last sad rites.

AN insane woman was found yesterday, on the South Side, wandering about the streets, weeping and wringing her hands. It was ascertained that her name was Mrs. Boyd, and that she resides in Philadelphia, and it appears that she has been rendered insane by the fact that her son, a lad of fifteen years, was killed on the railroad. She was properly cared for.

YESTERDAY AFTERNOON the silverware stolen from Salem, Ohio, a short time since, and recovered by Detective Herron, was turned over to the owners, and the thieves sent to the Workhouse as suspicious characters. Of the $50 reward offered for the recovery of the goods, but $40 was paid by the owners, in consequence of some of the goods not having been recovered.

DELEGATES and visitors to the National Local Preachers. Association, which meets in Baltimore, Md., Saturday, October 17th, will be furnished with orders to purchase railroad excursion tickets by calling upon W. H. Kincaid, office of the *Christian Advocate*, or Dr. J. Horner, Methodist Book Depository, 129 Smithfield street. No excursion ticket will be issued without an order authorizing ticket agents to sell them. Tickets must be purchased from October 14th to 19th, inclusive, and are good until October 27th.

To the Gentlemen of Allegheny.

The purchase of heavier clothing suitable for fall and winter wear cannot long be delayed by those who find it necessary thus to replenish their warerobes. We take pleasure therefore at the opportune moment in making a suggestion appropos of the matter of obtaining the desired garments. Having recently visited the clothing and merchant tailoring establishment of Messrs. Strassburger & Joseph, No. 161 Federal street, Allegheny, we can speak by the book, and our readers may rest assured that our words of commendation are given forth with a strict regard for truth. The firm designated carry the largest stock of piece goods and ready-made garments to be found on the North Side, and are possessed of unsurpassed facilities for pleasing customers who desire to purchase, either on short notice or to await the making of a suit to measure.

The cutters and makers employed are all skillful and experienced workmen, and the garments turned out are strong and durable, stylish and neat, and will fit the wearer to perfection. Messrs. Strassburger & Joseph make a specialty of children's clothing and are equally prepared to fill orders in this line as to give satisfaction to their full-grown patrons. Our available space forbids an extended notice of this house in this issue, and we should much prefer that our Allegheny readers would call at the establishment and judge for themselves, than to await any further urging upon our part.

A MONSTER SAFE.

A Marvel of Mechanical Skill—The Largest Fire and Burglar Proof Safe in Pennsylvania—What Has Been Done by a Pittsburgh Manufacturer—The Perfection of an Important Industrial Art.

The just claim of Pittsburgh to rank among the foremost manufacturing cities in the country, is not derived alone from her vast rolling mills, her model steel works, and her numerous glass factories. Other industrial arts than the making of iron, steel and glass have equally prospered, and the products of other manufacturing establishments have attained a superiority which cannot fail to meet with general recognition. The inventive genius and mechanical skill which finds so fertile a field for development and operation in the dingy workshops of this smoky city, are, from time to time, accomplishing results which excite our wonder, command our admiration and compel our patronage.

It is known to most of our readers that among the industrial pursuits in which Pittsburgh has within the past two years been making rapid strides, is that of safe making, and to-day we find Thomas Barnes, manufacturer of the celebrated Star Safe in a position successfully to compete with any safe maker in the country. The success of the safe alluded to was long ago assured, and its reputation long since established. The fiery ordeal and the attack of the most skilful burglar have only served to enhance that reputation and to render that success permanent. It has, in consequence, met with a demand which the limited capacity of the old establishment from which they were turned out was long since found insufficient. The proprietor was therefore compelled to enlarge his works and increase his force. But he was not content to stop with this. Knowing, as he did, that rivals in other cities were putting forth herculean efforts to outstrip him in the race for popularity by introducing improvements and using other means to push their claims, he determined not only to keep apace with any and all of these, but to make the Star Safe the superior in all respects to any manufactured. How well he has succeeded in his laudable ambition is attested by the increased demand with which the Star has met in the face of the most determined opposition. His orders, coming from our own manufacturers, merchants and business men, as well as from cities and towns in other States, are more numerous than ever before, notwithstanding the intervention of the panic, and to fill them his entire force is barely adequate.

During a visit to Mr. Barnes' establishment, which is located at Nos. 129 and 131 Third avenue, a reporter of this journal was yesterday shown the largest safe ever made in Pittsburgh and the largest one to be found in the State of Pennsylvania. This massive structure is an elegant piece of workmanship, finished in the highest style of art, and excelled in beauty only by its stupendous size. It was built for L. McIntosh, jeweler, corner of Fifth avenue and Market street, and is designed expressly to be used for the requirements of his business. To give the reader an idea of its immense proportions, it is only necessary to state that the outside dimensions are seventy-five inches in height, fifty-six inches in width, and fifty-two inches in depth, and to add to this that it weighs eight tons. It is a fire and burglar proof combined, and judging from its appearance and construction, the beholder must indeed be tinctured with skepticism who will not at once acknowledge its apparent ability to withstand either in the direst extremity. The outside walls are composed of boiler plate, the doors being unusually heavy and of the latest improved pattern, secured by Sargent's combination lock. The outside or fire proof portion is known by the technical name of "Barnes' improved three-flange safe."

The inside, or burglar-proof walls, are made of Hussey, Wells & Co.'s best quality of finest iron center steel, and are two and a half inches thick. These walls are held together by two hundred conical bolts and three thousand rivets and machine screws. The inside doors have Barnes' patent corrugated edge, and are secured by Sargent's five tumbler, magnetic, burglar-proof lock, and by twenty bolts, each an inch and a quarter in diameter. The measurement of the space within the inner walls is fifty-eight inches in height, forty inches in width and thirty inches in depth, which certainly affords available room for the safe keeping of an immense quantity of valuables. The inside construction is, as has been before intimated, expressly adapted to the purposes of jewelers, and is an entirely new improvement, which must be seen to be fully appreciated. From a casual observation we have no doubt that the new arrangement of the book case will prove a complete success and be generally required by the future purchasers of the Star safe. The finish throughout is done in the highest style of art, and the polish on the outside is the most perfect we ever saw upon the surface of a safe.

Taken as an entire work, in respect to size, finish and availability for its intended purpose, it stands without a rival among all that were ever turned out here or brought to this city from abroad. We take pleasure in noting this fact, and in paying a deserved tribute to the Pittsburgh enterprise and skill which brought forth so perfect a work as this monstrous safe, and to any of our readers who require an article similar to the one in question we have only to say patronize home industry, and at the same time secure your own advantage. The Star Safe, with the improvements recently incorporated, is well worth an examination, and to that end on behalf of the proprietor, we most cordially invite all interested to visit the works.

Fine Furniture at Auction.

Henkel's furniture is known to many of our readers to be the equal of any manufactured. In good times it finds a ready sale in Philadelphia where it is turned out and since it has been offered in this city by Mr. Joseph R. Cushing our people have ascertained its excellence. Owing to the accumulation of stock at the manufactory in the East and in order to keep the men employed at the manufactory it is proposed to institute regular auction sales in this city to work off the surplus. Mr. Cushing therefore makes the announcement that a catalogue sale will take place every alternate week until further notice commencing on Thursday, the 22d inst., at the warerooms on Penn street, opposite Library Hall. The stock in this city comprises elegant parlor, chamber and dining-room sets, as well as of single articles of every description. Particular attention is directed to the fact that an unusual number and variety of easy chairs will be exposed for sale at the auctions. These auctions will probably afford the finest opportunity to get fine furniture at bargains ever presented in Pittsburgh.

IN SOME parts of Europe it is not unusual to bring about matrimonial engagements by means of advertisements. Some years ago it was agreed in a gay party of ladies and gentlemen in London that an advertisement should be inserted in a morning paper as from a young lady, rich and beautiful, who felt inclined to the state of matrimony. In the course of the day letters were received from between forty and fifty swains of all descriptions, in reply to each of whom an answer was addressed, stating that the lady wished, previous to his being introduced to her, to see him, at the same time requesting each to be in the pit of the Drury Lane Theater on the following evening, dressed in a blue coat, white pantaloons and a scarlet vest, and immediately on the conclusion of the first act to stand upon the benches, flourish a white handkerchief in one hand and apply a glass to the right eye with the other. Everything succeeded so well that as soon as the curtain fell about fifty individuals of all ages forthwith mounted the benches, from the smooth-chinned Adonis of eighteen to the sleek, portly, self-confident widower of fifty and the amaciated bachelor of sixty, dressed in uniform according to orders, in the gayest style and the utmost nicety, to make the deeper impression on the heart of the fair prize. High swelled their bosoms with hope as with studied action the handkerchief was flourished and the glass was raised to the eye. But who shall paint the astonishment, dismay and rage which were depicted in every countenance as they gazed upon each other and discovered the sudden failure of all their hopes! With almost incredible velocity they descended from their unenviable attitudes to "hide their diminished heads" among the crowd.

ACCORDING to Darwin, the phenomenon of weeping is probably the result of some such chain of events as follows: When wanting food, or suffering in any way, children cry out loudly, like the young of most other animals, partly as a call to their parents for aid and partly from any great exertions serving as a relief. Prolonged screaming inevitably leads to the gorging of the blood vessels of the eye, and this will have led, at first consciously and at last habitually, to the contraction of the muscles round the eyes in order to protect them. At the same time the spasmodic pressure on the surface of the eye and the distention of the vessels within the eye, without necessarily entailing any conscious sensation, will have affected, through reflex actions, the lachrymal glands. Finally, through the principles of nerve force readily passing along accustomed channels of association, which is so widely extended in its power, and of certain actions being more under the control of the will than others, it has come to pass that suffering readily causes the secretion of tears, without being necessarily accompanied by any other action.

A CASE under the railroad law of Illinois, submitted to the Supreme Court, is a dispute about two cents. A passenger on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad tendered the legal fare of three cents a mile. Its aggregate for the distance he wished to travel was two cents less than the fare fixed by the company. When he refused to pay the extra two cents the conductor attempted to eject him. He brought suit before a Justice of the Peace, and got a verdict for ten dollars damages. The company took an appeal to the Supreme Court.

FROM ST. LOUIS, MO.

The Banquet to the Head Firemen—A Visit to the Fair—Tecumseh Sherman and His Appearance—A Little Anecdote—President Grant and the Boy—Machinery and Agricultural Implements, &c., &c.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

ST. LOUIS, MO., October 10, 1874.

The fire chiefs were banqueted at Masonic Hall, by the National Underwriters' Association, last night. I am indebted to Chief White for a ticket. The banquet was a great success. With the best it was possible to procure to eat, the most delicious wines in abundance to drink, strains of sweet music from an unseen band floating through the capacious hall, some of the most eloquent men to address us—among whom were Mayor Brown, of this city, Carl Schurz, E. O. Stunard, M.C., and others—rendered the occasion a "feast of reason and a flow of soul," as well as a sumptuous repast.

On Thursday we visited the fair. It was a huge joke on Chief Sexton when he suggested that the members would meet on Thursday, on the fair ground, to examine the improvements in fire apparatus on exhibition there, for he could not help knowing, from past experience, that the crowd would render it impossible to give any object more than a passing glance as the dense mass of humanity surged onward through the different departments.

Thursday of the fair is to St. Louis what the "Derby Day" is to England. All the horses and vehicles within ten miles are brought into requisition to convey the multitude to and from the grounds, and it is no uncommon thing to see broken wagons and disabled horses on many of the thoroughfares leading thereto. It is said by those who ought to know, that there were one hundred thousand people on the ground last Thursday. There is an amphitheater, with seats erected, outside of the quarter track, which will seat twenty-five thousand. In the center of the arena is a raised space of about sixty feet in diameter, and in the center of this space is erected a "pagoda," two stories high, which serves as a music and judges' stand, the music being above. Between this and the inner circle of the track is the place where exhibitors congregate and the reporters circulate, gathering horse items for their papers. While I was there on Thursday, I saw an elderly man who was attracting considerable attention. As he was very plainly dressed, I did not think he was any other than an ordinary man—perhaps a candidate before the people for some office, as there is a hot campaign now in progress in this State. A loud burst of applause called my attention to the horses, which were trotting for the premium. After they were called in by the judges, voices close to me attracted my attention, when the same man whom I thought was a Missouri politician, was standing close to me. The slouch hat which he wore was pushed back from his brow; then the broad, square forehead, and a pair of the keenest dark-grey eyes I ever beheld, together with the outlines of his features, apprised me of the fact that I was looking on one of the great, if not the greatest, captains of the age, General Sherman. In one thing, at least, if in no other, he resembles General Negley, and that is, his social intercourse with all he meets. There is not one particle of pomposity in his composition. He will grasp the hand of the exhibitors now here, dressed in homespun clothes, with as much, and I think more pleasure than I have seen him take the jeweled hand of the wealthy. I saw a captain introduced to him by a gentleman who said he had served under him in his famous "march to the sea." The General immediately took his hand in his, and placed the other on his shoulder, and inquired very earnestly what regiment he belonged to. When informed he said, "Oh, I remember it well! You fellows were good fighters but very hard on hen roosts, and little porkers! I am very glad to meet you, as I will in the future be like Macgreggor, on my own native heath as it were here in St. Louis. I will always be glad to see you if you will call at headquarters." I watched Sherman for some time, and am not surprised, now, that his men idalized him, for I have had some experience with men during the last fifty years, and from what history has recorded of him and what I have seen, I think him one among the grandest of all the great men of the present age.

About eleven o'clock the President and Secretary Borie entered the amphitheater. The latter is quite infirm—a small, stooped old man, with hair as white as snow; he moves with a feeble step, and looks to me as if he had not much farther to travel on this mundane sphere. President Grant seems to be in perfect health, and walked around with his hands clasped behind his back, and his eyes fixed on the horses that were contesting for the premiums. When any one was introduced to him he would shake his hand, give him one quick glance, say "I am glad to see you," and away would go his eyes to the horses. One gentleman brought a boy about fourteen years old up to him and said: "Mr. President, my son wants to shake hands with you." Grant immediately took the boys hand and said, "I like to shake the hand of a boy, because it is an honest hand," and then, placing his left hand on the boy's head, he continued: "I hope you will continue to be honest my son, when you grow up to be a man." Will that boy ever forget those few words, so kindly spoken by so great a man? Perhaps they may be his salvation, in the future. I am free to say that I did not like General Grant's appearance when I saw him for the first time; but his interview with that boy, the earnest manner of the President, the tone of voice in which he spoke, convinced me that it was the kind-hearted man, and not the staid President who was speaking, and that I was mistaken in my judgment of him.

The President remained on the ground about four hours, and seemed to be well pleased with the performance of the horses, as that was the only thing he took any interest in. After the racing was over for the day, I strolled around through the different departments. There were many objects on exhibition which I would have been pleased to examine, but the moving crowd was inexorable. After I entered one of the rooms, there was no getting out of the current until I passed out of the opposite door. In Mechanics Hall there were many improved engines on exhibition. I got in behind one to escape the crowd, and listened for a short time to an enthusiactic inventor describing his "valve" and "cut-off." Another was explaining his "governor," and another a "condenser," in such glowing language, in regard to the amount of fuel each one would save, which was about one-thirds, that I made up my mind that I would build an engine, and save all fuel by putting on the three improvements. There was a cotton gin in full operation, and attracted more attention than anything else outside the arena. There were acres of ground covered by agricultural machines, many of which were in operation. There was a very large number of stoves on exhibition, Filley, of St. Louis, having the largest variety. Pittsburgh, too, was represented by Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., who had their soft coal, base burning stove "Revolution" there. When I approached it, I was glad to see the *blue ribbon* floating from its top, and the good looking, smiling face of J. T. Miller beside it.

I spent a very pleasant day, and returned to the city on my own independent line, which consists of two No. 11's.

SPIRIT.

What Constitutes Delivery—Important Decisions.

The Suprior Court at Boston has ruled on the question whether a wagon built to order, and remaining in the maker's store room, but the bill sent to the buyer, who had also refused to allow the maker to sell it, was at the buyer or maker's risk, it having been burned. The following is the decision:

The agreement being a contract to manufacture specially selected for the plaintiff, and not for the general market, was within the statute of frauds, (General statute 104, § 4.) The article having been specially selected for the defendant, set apart for him, and maked with his name, and all with his knowledge, and nothing remaining to be done except that he should pay the agreed price, no further act was needed to vest the title in him, subject to plaintiff's lien for the price, and it remained in the plaintiff's possession at the defendant's risk at the time of the fire.

A chemical process has been discovered which renders wood inflammable and also impervious to dry rot and decay, by subjecting it to a "pickling" process in a solution of tungstate of soda and water.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, October 15.—Cattle—Receipts 3,000 head. Market moderately active, and for good grades prices were firm, with sales of fair to good natives at $4 75@5 50; through Texans $2 85@3 50, stockers $3 00@3 55. Shipments 1,100 head.

Hogs—Receipts about 10,000 head. Market active and prices steady: common to medium $5 50@6 00; good to choice. $6 10@6 35; Shipments 2,000 head.

Sheep—Receipts 1,000 head. Market quiet and buyers demanding concessions; poor to choice quotable at $2 50@4 25.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, October 15.—Hay firmer; prime $26 00 choice $27 00. Pork dull at $21 50. Bacon—better feeling at 7½@14½@14¾c. Molasses—200 bbls new received and sold at, fair 60c; prime 70@72c; choice 75@76c. Others unchanged. Cotton—demand good; sales 3,000 bales; middling and higher grades reduced ⅛c; other qualities unchanged. Receipts 4,298 bales. No exports. Stock 49,942 bales; unsold last evening 5,000 bales. Shipboard 30,000 bales.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

EVANSVILLE, October 15.—Weather cloudy with a light rain; mercury 50 to 60. River falling slowly. No arrivals or departures except regular packets. The Shippers' Own got off to Cincinnati with a good trip. Business very light.

CAIRO, October 15.—Arrived—Phil Allen, Paducah; Sivertborn, Evansville. Departed—Shannon, New Orleans; Phil Allen, Memphis. River 6 feet and stationary. Light rain; mercury 52.

MEMPHIS, October 15.—River declined 1 inch. Raining. Departed—Belle Lee and Belle of Texas, New Orleans; City of Chester, St. Louis.

LOUISVILLE, October 15.—River falling, with 4 feet scant in the canal, and 2 feet in Indian chute. Arrived—Burkesville, Evansville; Sea Gull, Portsmouth; Ashland, Cincinnati. Departed—Ashland, Memphis; Burkesville, Rock Haven; Grey Hound, Caseyville. Wether cloudy and cool, with light rain during the day.

NEW ORLEANS, October 15.—No arrivals. Departed—John A. Scudder, St. Louis. Weather clear and pleasant.

POLITICAL.

State.

There is a prospect that several independent Democratic candidates will take the field in Lehigh county.

The Republican Conferees for the Sixth Congressional district met at Williamsport on the 14th inst., and nominated Judge Sobieski Ross by acclamation.

The Republicans of Clearfield county held a convention on the 7th inst., at which resolutions were adopted indorsing the candidates on the State ticket, and declaring it impolitic to nominate candidates for county offices.

The Republican conferees of the Sixth Congressional district have not yet been able to agree on a candidate. Chester county supports Hon. Washington Townsend, the present member; and Delaware adheres to her own nominee, William Ward, Esq.

We are informed that Cyrus T. Alexander is an idependent candidate for Congress in the Twentieth Congressional district in opposition to the regular Democratic nominee, L. A. Mackey. Mr. Alexander proposes to enter upon the canvass at once, and will visit the several counties of the district.—*Bellefonte Republican.*

Appended is the full Republican ticket in Centre county: Additional Law Judge—Hon. J. B. McEnally, subject to the decision of the Republican Judicial Conference. Assembly—John Boser. Commissioner—John T. Ross. District Attorney—John G. Love. County Surveyor—Joseph Devling. County Auditor—O. Perry Jones.

The Democratic Congressional Conferees of the Seventeenth district met in Bedford on the 14th inst., and the following candidates were put in nomination: W. J. Baer, A. H. Coffroth, Maj. Jesse R. Crawford and John Reilly. On the ninth ballot the vote stood 6 for Baer and 6 for Reilly. Before taking the tenth ballot, a telegram was received from Mr. Baer, in which he positively declined the nomination. On motion, Mr. Reilly was nominated by acclamation and the conference adjourned.

When a Lehigh Democratic editor read that the Republicans had been defeated in the province of Biscay, he thought that Biscay was somewhere in New Jersey, and published the news surmounted by a pair of barnyard fowls, the American eagle, a colored man with a bundle slung over his back, a cannon on duty, and several other illustrations that are generally brought out on the occasion of a Democratic victory—and referred to the defeat editorially as "another rebuke to the Radical administration." When subsequently informed that Biscay was in Spain, and that the Republicans had been defeated by the Carlists, that editor wanted to step down and out.—*Norristown Herald.*

The Republican administrations in Pennsylvania have had to stand a great deal of hash and bitter attack, and the "Ring" which is said to run the State has of late years been held up to the public as the most corrupt organization of the kind in the country. But there is one thing in their favor that cannot be gainsaid. In 1861 the debt of the State amounted to $40,000,000; since then the Republicans have been almost continuously in possession of the government, and they have paid nineteen millions of this indebtedness. Last Saturday Treasurer Mackey completed a purchase of State bonds which brings the amount redeemed by him since the beginning of the present fiscal year up to one million of dollars.—*Baltimore American.*

The following good advice given by the Franklin *Citizen* to the Republicans of Venango county, should be taken to heart by those of every county in the State: "The Democratic candidates know that they cannot be elected without securing Republican votes, and they are busily engaged at present in interviewing 'our Republican friends.' They want to get votes from Republicans 'just as a compliment, you know.' and hope to secure enough compliments to elect them. Especially do the Democratic candidates for Assembly work at this 'dodge.' They are profuse in their declarations to the effect that they would not claim their election as a party victory, yet everybody knows that it would be a Democratic victory whether claimed or not. Republicans should remember that the defeat of one of their candidates for Assembly might have the effect to give the Democracy a majority of the next Legislature, and secure the election of a Democratic United States Senator to succeed Hon. John Scott. The Republican candidates are well qualified to represent the important interests of Venango. Vote for them, and secure a double triumph in their success and in the election of a Republican to the United States Senate."

The Greenville *Advance* thus speaks of J. G. White, Esq., the Republican nominee for Congress in the Twenty-sixth district: "No conference has ever been held in which Mercer county participated concerning which there was less grounds for suspicion of unfairness or the use of illegitimate means. The conference has been a long, earnest, and at times an exciting one, but it has closed its labors and leaves no bad odor behind it. Need we more than hint at the duty of the Republicans of this county and the district? Mr. White is now the nominee not only of Mercer, but of Crawford and Butler as well. He has secured his nomination honorably; he is fully competent to the creditable discharge of the high duties of the place for which he has been named; he no longer represents himself nor the party in this county alone but the Republicans of the district, and should receive the support of every Republican in the district. Let the campaign commence now in earnest. But sixteen days remain to do the work of the campaign. Let organization be prosecuted throughout the district with the utmost vigor, and a triumphant election of our candidate will certainly follow." The Titusville *Herald* has this to say on the same subject: "Our opponents will be very much disappointed with the selection of Mr. White; they cannot count on any disaffection in either Butler or Crawford. Indeed, speaking for Crawford, we shall roll up for our nominee our old-fashioned majority of one thousand. There is no doubt there will be a feeling of disappointment on the part of the ardent friends of Mr. Pettis, those who labored earnestly for his nomination and expected Crawford would be honored with the candidate, but we have every reason to believe that they are satisfied that the action of the conference is for the best interests of the party, and that they will heartily support the nominee."

New York.

THE BOLTING DEMOCRATS.

NEW YORK, October 15.—The bolting Democrats or Anti-Tammanyites, will next week nominate a full ticket, including Congressman, Mayor and Aldermen, in opposition to the Kelley-Morrissey ticket.

Thirty-three thousand voters registered in Brooklyn yesterday.

TAMMANY HALL CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.

NEW YORK, October 16.—The Tammany Hall Congressional Conventions were held to-night, and the following named gentlemen were nominated: Fifth Congressional district, Edwin R. Mead Sixth, Hon. S. S. Cox; Eighth, Col. Frederick A. Conklin; Ninth, Hon. Fernando Wood (for the long term), Richard Schell (for the short term); Tenth, Abram Hewitt; Eleventh, Hon. Benj. A. Willis. The nominations were all unanimous.

General.

"Scooped" is the word. No other exactly expresses the situation. There is no dodging or blinking the fact. The Democrats have smitten us hip and thigh. We have met the enemy and they are not ours, by a jug-full. "On the contrary, quite the reverse." It is our scalp that is dangling at the Democratic belt, instead of a Democratic hair drooping from ours, as we had fondly hoped. The fell Democratic blade is red and dripping with our gore. It is sad, very sad; fearfully, horribly, disgustingly sad; but nevertheless a fact. We are "busted," squelched, scooped! scooped! scooped! Now is the time for tears. Bring us a pail and string of onions.—*Cleveland Herald, 15th.*

"Democratic unity" is likely to receive a severe blow from the restlessness that is shown by our "fellow-citizens of Irish descent" at what they deem neglect on the part of the Democracy, of which they make up the main strength. The *Sunday Democrat*, of New York city, a representative paper of the Irish Democracy, in an article headed "Prostitution of the Irish Vote," speaks thusly "Their faith in Democracy is second only to their faith in the church;" "they become the ready and willing dupes of the political wire-pullers," "nearly half the Democrats of the State of New York, and nearly three-fourths of the Democrats of the city are Irish;" while the Irish thus furnish the voters, "never yet has an Irish-American sat in the Gubernatorial chair," the Irish "have never had a Lieutenant Governor," "never a Secretary of State," "never a United States Senator," "never a Mayor," and, finally and antithetically, "the Republican party treated the negroes as men—the Democratic party has treated the Irish as 'niggers.'" This is all very painful. We hope is not all true. But, true or false, it threatens "Democratic unity."

The Louisville *Jeffersonian* (suggestive name!) says: "White men of all parties, and of every grade of religious and moral conviction, may as well come quickly to the consideration *how to get the negro out of politics'* with the least confusion and cost. *He must go*, and there is no profit in standing long upon the order of his going. You say it is a grave question. So it is; and one that effects the moral and political welfare of the whites to such an extent that the negro must go out of the political problem, *by legislation on the part of the States respectively*, OR GO TO THE WALL in a long and fierce struggle for his decimation. The question of suffrage belongs to the States respectively. *When the organized Democracy go into office in 1876 each State will be allowed* to settle this, and the other social and domestic issues, for itself and in its own way, *without any interference from the General Government.*"

T. F. BAILEY & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
China and Queensware,
AND JOBBERS IN
Glassware, Lamps, Burners, Chimneys, &c.,
SIGN OF BIG PITCHER, OPPOSITE THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
41 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

We have now in Store A LARGE STOCK OF QUEENSWARE, and are constantly receiving additional importations from the Best European Manufacturers, which fully prepares us to fill all orders, for either OPEN STOCK GOODS, or for original assorted crates of WHITE GRANITE alone, or White Granite and Common Ware packed together, at prices and quality to give entire satisfaction.

Our large House of four stories is also stocked with an extensive assortment of every kind and variety of GLASSWARE, and of Very Latest Patterns CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, FANCY AND PLAIN LAMPS, BURNERS, CHIMNEYS, &c.

Agents for the Celebrated XL BURNER AND CHIMNEY.

We are thankful to the Trade for their generous patronage in the past, which has steadily increased all along during the panic, and we will make every endeavor to merit a continuance for the future.

T. F. BAILEY & CO.

Consumption of Smoke.

An improved self-stoking smokeless furnace has been introduced with success in some of the English establishments; the plan, it is stated, meeting the case more thoroughly than anything of the kind hitherto brought forward, and is as simple in construction as it is efficient in operation. The coal is placed in a hopper over the front part of the furnace, into which it falls in small quantities through a couple of apertures. It is not necessary to open the front door of the furnace, except to ascertain the condition of the fire, for, by a simple mechanical readjustment, the man in charge of the furnace may regulate the quantity almost to an ounce.

As it is added to from above, the coal sinks down, and slides slowly inward until it reaches the bars forming the bottom of the furnace. These bars are acted upon by plungers, which carry them forward together, with their layer of coal on top, and then, an eccentric being applied, every third bar in the series is brought back to receive a fresh supply, the movement being in every way adapted to the purpose.

In this systematic and continuous way the furnace is fed with coal, which passes right through in slow and easy stages, the same quantity of fuel being at all times in exactly the same state. Combustion is therefore rendered in the highest degree perfect, the smoke is completely burnt up, and all the waste fuel is discharged at once, in the form of clinker or slag, directly into the ash pit.

PETERSBURG, Mich., has for some time past been afflicted by an epidemic of cerebro-spinal meningitis, and an investigation into the cause has been made, from which it appears that the prevalence of the disease is due to the presence of some poison in the food of the people. In connection with this matter, it is stated that experiments conducted many years ago showed that grain affected with smut was capable of producing violent illness, ergot of wheat proving even more active than ergot of rye. The crop of wheat raisad in the vicinity of Petersburg last year contained much more smut than usual, and it is possible that bad flour has been the cause of the prevalent sickness.

CHARTIERS CEMETERY,

Near Idlewood Station, Pan Handle Railroad, six miles from the city by rail and four miles by the Temperanceville and Mansfield Pike.

Funerals from the city by either Rail or Carriages. Applications for Lots can be made to A. WALKER, Superintendent, at the Cemetery, or at the City Office, 187 Liberty street. J. L. MARSHALL, 4p Secretary and Treasurer.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Manufacturers of LIGHT Grey Iron
Castings,
Plain, Japanned, Bronzed, Coppered or Galvanized.
Light Work our Specialty.
Office and Works near Outer Depot, ALLEGHENY CITY. Postoffice address, Lock Box 302 Pittsburgh, Pa. MWF

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS, $3,975,762 25.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth Ave.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD LINE—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.

Sailing Every Wednesday and Saturday.
THE GREAT FLEET OF 1874.
SCOTIA, RUSSIA, BOTHINA, SCYTHIA, CUBA, ALGERIA, ABYSSINNIA, JAVA CHINA, CALABRIA.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
CABIN—$80, $100, $130, Gold. Excursion Tickets at Reduced Rates.
STEERAGE rates unsettled. Passengers will more than serve their interest by booking at my office.
Passengers also booked to and from Hamburg, Bremen, Sweden, &c., at low rates.
DRAFTS issued at Lowest Rates.
For Cabin or Steerage Passage apply to
JOHN J. McCORMICK, Agent,
Smithfield street and Fourth avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD...Lessees and Managers.
BENEFIT OF
JOHN McCULLOUGH.
FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 16th, 1874.
RICHARD III.
Richard..............................Mr. McCullough
Queen Elizabeth..................Mrs. Effie Ellsler
MATINEE—VIRGINIUS.

LIBRARY HALL.
THEODORE THOMAS'
Unequaled Concert Organization
OF
60 DISTINGUISHED PERFORMERS.
TWO GRAND CONCERTS
AND
ONE GRAND MATINEE.
FRIDAY EVENING, October 16th.
SATURDAY EVENING, October 17th.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, October 17.
First appearance of the Young American Prima Donna,
MISS EMMA CRANCH.
Together with the UNRIVALED ORCHESTRA AND OTHER EMINENT SOLOISTS.
Price of Admission, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Admission to Matinee $1. No extra charge for Reserved Seats.
The Sale of Reserved Seats and Tickets will commence on MONDAY, October 12th, at Kleber Bros.' Music Store, where the programme of the Concerts can be obtained.
Evening Concerts commence at 8, Matinee at 2. Steinway & Sons' Celebrated Pianos exclusively used.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL.
POSITIVELY THREE NIGHT ONLY.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, October 19, 20 and 21, 1874.
Farewell appearances of the Undisputed and Regal Queen of
English Tragedy,
The World-renowned
JANAUSCHEK,
Supported by her New and Most Brilliant NEW YORK STAR COMPANY.
MONDAY, October 19, 1874.
Schiller's grand Historical play of
MARY STUART.
TUESDAY, October 20, 1874.
The great society play, translated from the French of Octave Feuillet by Thos. Whiffin, entitled
TEMPTATION.
WEDNESDAY, October 21st.
DEBORAH.
(LEAH THE FORSAKEN.)
PRICES OF ADMISSION—Admission to Parquette and Parquette Circle, $1 00; Reserved Seats, $1 50; Admission to Balcony, 50c; Reserved Seats to Balcony, $1 00.
The sale of Reserved Seats will commence on Thursday morning, 15th inst., at Kleber's Music Store.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATER.
R. GARDNER & TRIMBLE, Lessees and Managers.
H. W. WILLIAMS...............Stage Manager.
ENTIRE CHANGE OF BILL.
Maggie Weston, Ida Collum, Dick Sands, Erwin Thomas, Andy Collum and all the Stars.
Ladies' Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATER.
LAST NIGHTS OF
SANFORD'S OLD TIME MINSTRELS.
Family Matinee Saturday. Reduced Prices.
Doors open at 7½; commence at 8. Admission 35 and 50 cents. Family Circle, 25 cents.
The Troupe at Washington, Pa., Oct. 19 and 20; Steubenville, Oct. 21 and 22; Wheeling, October 23 and 24.

STROUP'S
THEATRICAL HEADQUARTERS
AND CLUB HOUSE,
84 FIFTH AVENUE,
Next to the Opera House.
Grand Luncheon.
Every Morning at 10 o'clock. Evening at 11.
WET THE WHIP.

STEAM BOILERS

We hereby notify the public that M. W. HAZELTON is no longer an Agent of ours, and his acts will not be recognized by us.

All parties Manufacturing or using FEED WATER HEATERS will do well to look to their interest before purchasing Heaters infringing on us, as all will be held strictly accountable for infringments, and no other party or parties have patents on same. For information apply to GEO. H. STOVER & CO., 73 Water street, Agents, and E. A. MONTOOTH, Attorney, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE WATERS PATENT HEATER CO.,
WEST MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT.
J. WILCOX, President.
June 25, 1874.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF HENKELS'
FINE FURNITURE!
Thursday Morning, Oct. 22,
AT THE WAREROOMS,
No 196 PENN AVENUE
Opposite Mercantile Library Hall.

Owing to the dullness of trade in Philadelphia, the Messrs. Henkel must find an outlet for their immense stock. In order to reduce said stock and keep their hands employed, I have made arrangments with them to give Public Sales of their well known Furniture every two weeks, commencing with the first sale on Thursday Morning, October 22, at 10 o'clock. The Goods are all warranted the same as if bought at private sale. Refer to purchasers at previous sales.

JOS. R. CUSHING.
Catalogues Ready on Monday, Oct. 19.

FOR SALE, &C.

For Sale,
AN ELEGANT
Ridge Avenue Building Site.

For sale, 75 feet on Ridge avenue by 120 to an alley. This property is situated on one of the most fashionable, desirable and convenient portions of Allegheny City, near the elegant residences of Lincoln and Allegheny avenues and other fine portions on Ridge. Any person looking for a site for a home, would do well to examine it. Will make terms and prices advantageous to buyers. Inquire of A. R. CARPENTER, Pennsylvania Railroad Metal Yard, corner of Seventh avenue and Grant street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.
VALUABLE RESIDENCE,
NO. 117 CENTRE AVENUE,

Belonging to the estate of William B. Hays, deceased. The Lot is 60 feet front by 200 feet deep. The Dwelling House is a double two-story brick and is in thorough repair. Wash House, with stationary tubs; Carriage House, with four finished rooms on second floor, two-story Stable, with seven stalls; Ice House, &c., &c.

For terms apply to
WILLIAM B. HAYS, Jr.,
No. 283 Liberty street;
A. H. MILLER,
No. 93 Diamond street, Executors.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—

On and after MONDAY, September 14, 1874, Trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows: CITY TIME.

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday, at 2:38 a m, arriving at Harrisburg 11:35 a m, Philadelphia 3:35 p m, New York 6:45 p m.

Day Express daily, at 7:36 a m, arriving at Harrisburg 3:05 p m, Philadelphia 6:35 p m, New York 9:30 p m, Baltimore 7:35 p m, Washington 9:20 p m.

Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 7:46 a m, arriving at Harrisburg 8:15 p m.

Cincinnati Express daily, at 12:21 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 10:40 p m, Philadelphia 2:50 a m, New York 6:45 a m, Baltimore 2:40 a m, Washington 6:20 a m.

Philadelphia Express daily, except Sunday, 4:31 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 2:30 a m, Philadelphia 6:30 a m, New York 9:45 a m, Baltimore 6:45 a m, Washington 8:42 a m.

Fast Line daily, at 6:26 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 2:45 a m, Philadelphia, 6:40 a m, New York 9:45 a m, Baltimore 6:45 a m, Washington 8:40 a m.

Wall's Accommodation, 6:06, 10:21, 11:46, a m, 2:41, 5:41, 6:06 and 11:31 p m. Sunday, 12:41 p m.

Brinton Accommodation, 6:46 a m, 5:01 and 9:21 p m. Sunday, 9:31 p m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation.....4:01 and 7:11 p m
Johnstown Accommodation..............3:31 p m

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.

Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:

Mail Train daily, except Monday..........1:21 a m
Fast Line daily, except Monday............1:41 a m
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday....8:11 a m
Cincinnati Express daily..................9:06 a m
Pacific Express daily.....................1:51 p m
Way Passenger daily.......................8:31 p m

Wall's Accommodation 6:36 and 8:21 a m, 1:31, 2:41, 5:46 and 7:51 p m. Sunday, 10:01 a m.

Brinton Accommodation, 7:31 and 9:01 a m, 7:11 and 11:11 p m. Sunday, 7:11 p m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation......5:11 and 9:31 p m
Johnstown Accommodation...............10:36 a m

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City. City Time:

Mail Train, connecting for Butler..........6:36 a m
Express, connecting for Butler.............2:16 p m
Freeport Accommodation....9:11 a m. 4:41 p m
Springdale Accommodation, 11:32 a m, 6:31 and 10:51 p m. Sunday, 12:51 p m.
Market Train for Butler......................

Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot (city time):

Express, connecting from Butler..........10:06 a m
Mail Train, connecting from Butler.........5:41 p m
Freeport Accommodation....8:11 a m and 1:41 p m
Springdale Accommodation, 6:51 a m, 6:16 and 10:06 p m. Sunday, 9:51 a m.
Market Train from Butler....................9:01 a m

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot.

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after MONDAY, JUNE 29th, 1874, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:13 a m	McDonald's Ac	6:53 a m
Columbus Mail	7:13 a m	Washington Ac	8:03 a m
Washington Ac	8:53 a m	Steubenville Ac	9:28 a m
Pacific Express	9:28 a m	Cincinnati Ex	[illegible]
McDonald's Ac	10:43 a m	McDonald's Ac	[illegible]
Pittsburgh Ex	2:13 p m	Washington Ac	[illegible]
Steubenville Ac	3:38 p m	Columbus Mail	[illegible]
Washington Ac	5:08 p m	Fast Line	[illegible]
McDonald's Ac	6:13 p m	Southern Ex	[illegible]
Sunday Church Train	12:48 p m	Sunday Church Train	10:08 a m

Fast Line and Pittsburgh Express leave daily. Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily. All other trains will run daily, except Sunday. Sleeping Cars without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

W. L. O'BRIEN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, Jr., General Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after MAY 31st, 1874, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:13 a m	Atlantic Ex	2:18 a m
Chicago Mail	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:58 a m
Erie and Ashtabula Ex	6:28 a m	Chicago Ex	11:58 a m
Clev & W Mail	6:53 a m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	2:28 p m
Chicago Ex	9:53 a m	Chicago Mail	3:48 p m
Clev & Whg Ex	1:58 p m	Cleveland Ex	[illegible]
Pacific Express	2:13 p m	Cleve & W Ex	[illegible]
Wellsville Ex	4:28 p m	Chicago and St. Louis Ex	6:08 p m
Erie & Wrn Ex	4:28 p m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex	[illegible]
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac	8:28 a m	Leetsdale Ac	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac	10:28 a m	Leetsdale Ac	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac	12:08 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	[illegible]
Sharpsville and Ashtabula Ac	1:12 p m	Enon Ac	[illegible]
Enon Ac	3:48 p m	Sharpsville and Warren Ac	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac	5:23 p m	Leetsdale Ac	[illegible]
Beaver Falls Ac	6:23 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	2:12 p m
Leetsdale Ac	8:28 p m	Leetsdale Ac	[illegible]
Leetsdale Ac	10:58 p m	Leetsdale Ac	[illegible]
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:43 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	[illegible]

Pacific Express leaves daily.
Chicago Express arrives daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
Atlantic Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD—PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE "SHORT LINE." CHANGE OF TIME—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after SUNDAY, May 10th, 1874, trains on this Road will depart and arrive from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Local Mail	6:10 a m	McKeesport Ac	6:40 a m
Through Mail	7:00 a m	McKeesport Ac	7:35 a m
Mixed Way	9:30 a m	W. Newton Ac	8:30 a m
McKeesport Ac	11:00 a m	Through Ex	8:45 a m
McKeesport Ac	2:35 p m	Connellsv'e Ac	[illegible]
Connellsv'e Ac	3:25 p m	McKeesport Ac	12:00 m
McKeesport Ac	4:30 p m	McKeesport Ac	2:00 p m
W. Newton Ac	5:30 p m	Uniontown Ac	[illegible]
McKeesport Ac	6:20 p m	McKeesport Ac	7:40 p m
Through Ex	8:00 p m	Through Mail	8:30 p m
McKeesport Ac	11:00 p m	W. N'ton Ch T.	[illegible]
W. N'ton Ch T.	12:45 p m		

Mail and Accommodation Trains daily except Sunday. Express Trains daily. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.

Save 75 miles travel. Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and all points east.

General Ticket Office, 48 Fifth avenue.

E. K. HYNDMAN, General Superintendent.
SAML. C. HOUGH Genl Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD

On and after THURSDAY, October 8th, 1874, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, (Pittsburgh Time,) as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Hulton Ac	6:40 a m	Hulton Ac	6:30 a m
Day Express	7:30 a m	Night Express	7:25 a m
Kittanning Ac	11:20 a m	Soda Works Ac	8:30 a m
Oil City Ex	2:40 p m	Kittanning Ac	9:30 a m
Kittanning Ac	4:40 p m	Oil City Ex	[illegible]
Soda Works Ac	5:55 p m	Kittanning Ac	5:30 p m
Night Express	8:35 p m	Day Ex	6:15 p m
Hulton Ac	10:50 p m	Hulton Ac	7:20 p m

Day Express daily to Corry; on Sundays to Oil City only. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Church Train—Leaves Soda Works at 8:33 a m, arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p m, arriving at Soda Works at 2:23 p m, stopping at all Stations.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Titusville.

Day Express connects at Red Bank for Brookville, Driftwood, Williamsport and all points Northeast.

Orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, 78 Fifth avenue, for Baggage to be Checked from Hotels or Residences to destination.

Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE, General Superintendent.
THOS. M. KING, Assistant Superintendent.

W. C. BERINGER & CO.,
SOLICITORS OF
PATENTS AND CLAIMS,
116 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.
Patents, Pension, Bounty, Prize Money, &c., procured. No charges unless successful.

Buy a Lot in Ashchenaz